Index of Contents

Title		page
Rep	orts	
0	Alma'ather Genx	48-2
0	Alrabie Genx	68-49
0	Al Muhammadiah Tower	90-69
0	Al Takhassusi Lexus	111-91
0	First Sahafa Building	131-112
0	Second Sahafa Building	152-132
0	Al Haer Warehouses	174-153
0	El Sulay Warehouses	197-175
0	Al Quds Usufruct	216-198
0	Waddi Laban Usufruct	235-217
0	Al Dabab Usufruct	253-236
0	Towlan Suites Hotel	273-254
0	Al Nokhbah Schools in Onaizah	294-274
0	Al Salam Schools in Riyadh	314-295
0	Burjeel Hospital Sharjah	333-315





Introduction

Gentlemen/ Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund

Greetings,

We were honored by your acceptance of our offer to provide our professional services in the field of valuation for a real estate (commercial and office building) in (Riyadh) in (Al-Ma'ather) district, with an area of (10,709.16) m². Evaluation, especially the International Evaluation Standards (2022), approved by the Saudi Authority for Accredited Valuers, on the basis of which data was collected and analyzed to reach the market value, and based on following the standards and evaluation methods used and according to the requirements of the client, valuation experts believe that the market value of (commercial and office building) is equal to (173,925,000) Saudi riyals, as documented in this report.

Executive Director

Abdullah Al Mahfouz

Membership Number (1 10000273)



Executive Summary

Item	Statement	item	statement
Customer's Name	Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund	Document number	310112050696
Beneficiaries from Appraisal	Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund	Document Date	1438/11/22
Purpose of Appraisal	REIT Fund	Plot Number	30
Type of the property	Commercial and office building	Plan Number	1343
Address of the property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia - Riyadh - Al-Ma'ather	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of the property	10,709.16 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
The ownership Nature	full ownership	Preview Date	2025/01/07
	Market method (comparative transactions method)	evaluation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used	Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)	Date of issuing report	2025/01/21
Real estate market value (SAR)		17	3,925,000





The First Axis



General Standards

Scope of work | About the evaluation company

- These standards specify the requirements and requirements for carrying out valuation work, except for what is modified by the Assets Standard or Valuation Applications, and the purpose of these standards is to apply them to the valuation work of all assets and for any other evaluation purposes to which the Valuation Standards apply.
- This report has been prepared by the Saudi Company for Assets Evaluation and Valuation (License No. 1210000272 dated 18/04/1437H) and its work team, which enjoys the highest levels of efficiency and necessary impartiality, benefiting from the resources available to us, represented in the efficiency of our advisory team, which includes a selection of qualified consultants with high academic degrees and experiences in the field of evaluation Consultations, and what our company has of an information base that was built through its evaluation expertise and through the collection of data, information and statistics issued by official and non-official agencies, which gives the evaluators the capacity to carry out their tasks to the fullest, and the company is working to update its information base in a way Continuous.
- Our experience in evaluation and consulting work is more than 16 years, and we have submitted more than 35,000 evaluation reports during our work period.
- Tathmeen Company was honored to provide its services to governmental and semi-governmental agencies, to most of the banks located in the Kingdom, financial companies, real estate companies, industrial sectors, commercial companies and others.



General Standards | Scope of work (Standard No. 101)

Assessed Asset Nature		
City	Riyadh	
District	Al-Ma'ather	
Area	(10,709.16) m2	

Customer's information and use		
Customer name Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund		
Author of the report	Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund	
Usage	interior	

Scope of work	Details
Report description	A report explaining the evaluation methodology and steps, evaluation results, and photos and borders of the assets being evaluated in accordance with Standard 1.2 on compliance with standards and research and investigation work, and Standard 1.3 on reporting. (International Valuation Standards 2022)
Purpose of appraisal	REIT Fund
Assumptions and Special Hypotheses	 It has been assumed that the property is fully owned with no liabilities. Photocopies have been received from the client for the deed and a sketch of the site. Tathmeen did not verify their correctness assuming that the property is not mortgaged and there are no rights on it for other parties.
Scope of search and inquiry	We have studied the real estate market in the area of the target real estate and we used the study with the closest properties to the target property in terms of specifications and spaces for each of them, and we worked hard to ensure the correctness of the information obtained as much as possible.
Nature and sources of information	Real estate offices in the targeted area, real estate dealers, the Ministry of Justice, Tathmeen's database, which is constantly updated
Used currency in the report	Saudi riyal



General Standards | Scope of work (Standard No. 101)

Work Scope	Details
Value basis (Value type)	Market value: It is the estimated amount for which assets or liabilities should be exchanged on the valuation date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing where each party has acted knowledgeably and prudently without compulsion. Source: International Valuation Standards 2022 page 36, paragraph 3.1
State of uncertainty	It is the state resulting from the lack of evidence and indicators at a certain period of time that enables the valuator to perform the valuation process in the best way
Restrictions on usage Distribution or publication	This report is for the purpose for which it was prepared and shall not be used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to in any case for any other purpose. Accordingly, the Company or the valuator shall not be liable for any loss suffered by any party as a result of using the valuation report in violation of the provisions of this section. The evaluator reserves all rights to issue the valuation report. This report shall not be reproduced in any manner without an explicit consent of the Company. This report shall not be submitted to any party other than those referred to in it without the explicit consent of the Company. As a precaution, the Company and the valuator reserve the right to make any adjustments and to make any review of the valuation or support the result of the valuation under specific circumstances. The Company reserves the right, without any obligation, to review the valuation accounts and to amend and revise its findings in the light of information that existed at the date of the valuation but which was subsequently made clear.
Compliance with international valuation standards	The methodologies adopted by the company in the field of valuation, which are based on sound foundations and solid constants in line with local and international standards in force, especially the application of the International Valuation Standards 2022
Valuator's neutrality	Tathmen and its representatives, whether residents or assistants, carried out the valuation process without bias. They also work with objectivity and enjoy independence from the client and his subsidiaries or affiliates. Tathmen and its representatives have no current or potential interest with the client or any of his subsidiaries or affiliates. They are not also among those who know the insides of the client's affairs or though who have internal relations or links with the client, his subsidiaries or affiliates. Moreover, the valuator's fees for the valuation process are not conditional on the findings reached or any other events. In case the Company obtained a significant assistance from another party regarding an important aspect of the valuation, the nature of this assistance and the extent of reliance on it, if any, shall be mentioned and documented in the report



Scope of work / Stages of work (2-2)

O5 Application of Valuation Methods

After the experts assessed the current use in terms of the market and the available data on it, it was concluded that the direct capitalization method is the best for estimating the value of the property.

06 Value Appraisal

After reconciling the results of the evaluation methods, a value is weighted that corresponds to the scope of work described with the customer.

07 Value Review

Value review by an audit committee consisting of 3 other experts who reviews the information, analyzes and assumptions made by the valuer.

08 Report preparation

Work on preparing the report in accordance with Standard 101 for Report Description and Standard 103 for Reporting.

Asset Preview

The title deed was received from the client, which shows that the property's area is 10,709.16 m2 in addition to a sketch showing the location of the property. After that, the property was identified and the information provided by the client was matched with reality.

Defining characteristics of Property

Through the inspection, it was found that the asset under evaluation is a (commercial and office building) in (Riyadh).

Data collection

03

Based on the type of property being evaluated, the scope of data collection was determined in the city (Riyadh) and (Al-Ma'ather) district, especially the area surrounding the property.

Data Analysis

The data available in the real estate area, which was obtained from unofficial sources such as real estate offices operating in the real estate area, and from official sources represented in the indicators of the Ministry of Justice, was analyzed.





Second Axis

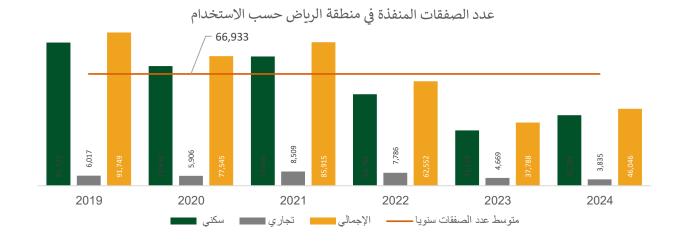


Market analysis

O1 Analysis of the real estate market indicators from the data of the Ministry of Justice:

Number of transactions at Riyadh.

Year	Residential	Commercial	Total
2019	85,732	6,017	91,749
2020	71,639	5,906	77,545
2021	77,406	8,509	85,915
2022	54,766	7,786	62,552
2023	33,119	4,669	37,788
2024	42,209	3,835	46,046

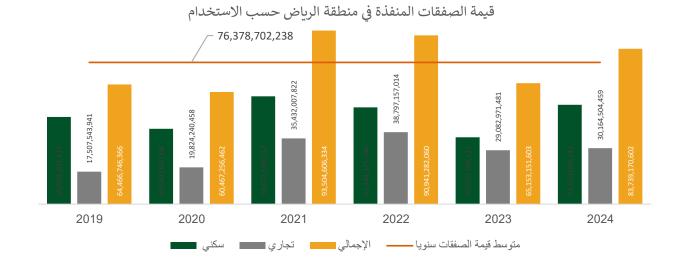




O2 Analysis of the real estate market indicators from the data of the Ministry of Justice:

❖ The total value of transactions at Riyadh.

Year	Residential	Commercial	Total
2019	46,959,202,425	17,507,543,941	64,466,746,366
2020	40,643,016,004	19,824,240,458	60,467,256,462
2021	58,072,598,512	35,432,007,822	93,504,606,334
2022	52,144,125,046	38,797,157,014	90,941,282,060
2023	36,070,180,122	29,082,971,481	65,153,151,603
2024	53,570,086,143	30,164,504,459	83,739,170,602

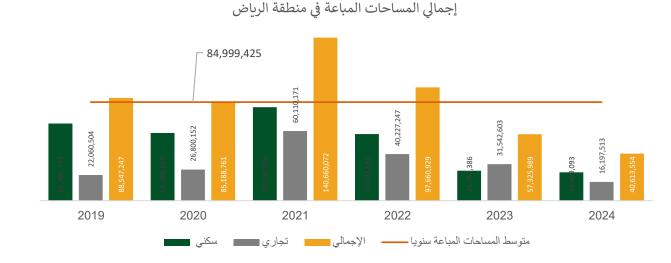




O3 Analysis of the real estate market indicators from the data of the Ministry of Justice:

❖ Total area sold at Riyadh.

Year	Residential	Commercial	Total
2019	66,486,743	22,060,504	88,547,247
2020	58,388,609	26,800,152	85,188,761
2021	80,549,901	60,110,171	140,660,072
2022	57,433,682	40,227,247	97,660,929
2023	25,783,386	31,542,603	57,325,989
2024	24,409,093	16,197,513	40,613,554

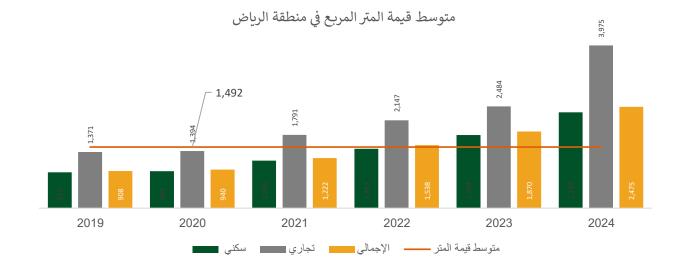




O4 Analysis of the real estate market indicators from the data of the Ministry of Justice:

❖ The average value per square meter in Riyadh

Year	Residential	Commercial	Total
2019	875	1,371	908
2020	903	1,394	940
2021	1,160	1,791	1,222
2022	1,451	2,147	1,538
2023	1,784	2,484	1,870
2024	2,339	3,975	2,475



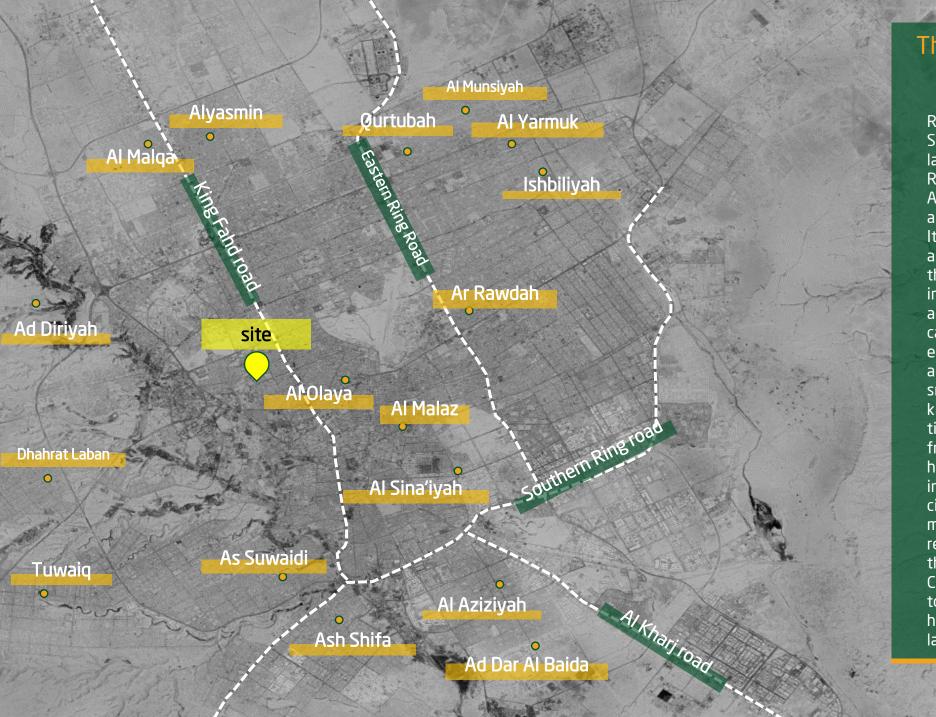




Third Axis



Property area analysis



The location of the property in the city of Riyadh

Riyadh is the capital of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, its largest city and the third largest Arab capital in terms of population. Riyadh is located in the middle of the Arabian Peninsula on the Najd plateau, at an altitude of 600 meters above sea level. It is the HQ of the Emirate of Riyadh, according to the administrative division of the Saudi regions. The city of Riyadh is inhabited by about 10.5 million people, according to statistics in 2021. The Saudi capital is considered one of the fastest expanding cities in the world. During half a century of its inception, the area of the small city expanded to 1,800 square kilometers, reaching 3,115 km2. in this time. Riyadh is the political and economic front of Saudi Arabia, as it contains the headquarters of the country's sovereign institutions. Urban planning divides the city of Riyadh administratively into 16 municipalities, comprising more than 167 residential neighborhoods, managed by the Riyadh Municipality and the Royal Commission for Riyadh City. It possesses tourist and cultural potentials from historical sites, museums and urban landmarks.





Fourth Axis



Evaluation methods

The income method (discounted cash flow method) has been adopted to reach the market value of the property under evaluation. But we point out that

there are several basic methods used in the evaluation, and these methods are based on the economic principles of price equilibrium or expectation of benefits or replacement and recommend the use of more than one method or method of evaluation, especially in the absence of data and data realistic and noticeable enough to ensure that the method of evaluation one to reach a reliable and reliable result.

Market method

- This method provides indicators of value by comparing the asset being valued with identical or similar assets whose price information is available.
- According to this method, the first step is to study the transaction prices of identical or similar assets that have recently taken place in the market.
 If the transactions made are few, it is also best to study the prices of identical or similar assets listed or offered for sale, provided that this information is clear and objectively analyzed. The information regarding the prices of these transactions should be adjusted to reflect the differences in the terms and conditions of the actual transaction, the basis of value, and the assumptions that are adopted in the valuation process carried out. There may also be differences in the legal, economic and material characteristics of other transaction assets compared to the asset being valued.

Income method

- It provides an indicator of value by converting future cash flows into a single current capital value.
- This method deals with the income generated by the asset during the productive life (the life span of the asset) and the value is estimated through the capitalization process, and capitalization means converting income into a capital amount using an appropriate discount rate. Income flows are handled under non-contractual contracts or arrangements, such as the expected profit from the use or retention of the asset.
- And it includes the methods that fall within the income method
- Income capitalization by applying the risk factor or total capitalization to one usual income period.
- Present Value of Cash Flows where the discount rate is applied to a series of cash flows for future periods to reach the present value.
- Pricing models with diverse options

Cost method

Provide indicators of value using the economic principle that the buyer does not pay for the purchase of an asset more than the cost of obtaining
an asset of the same benefit, whether through purchase or construction, and this method is based on the principle that the price that the buyer
pays in the market against the asset subject of evaluation will not be more than the cost of buying or creating an equivalent asset unless there are
factors such as inappropriate timing, inappropriateness, the presence of risks or factors. Other. The asset subject of valuation is often less
attractive than an alternative that can be purchased or created due to the age or obsolescence of the asset. In this case, adjustments and
adjustments in the cost of the replacement asset are needed according to the required value basis.



Evaluation methods

The following figure shows the appraisal methods adopted to reach the market value of the property in the evaluation of the property:

	Investment Method	Unused
	Discounted cash flow method	Used
Income method	Residual value method	Used
	Earning method	Unused
	Income capitalization method	Used
Market method	Comparable transactions methods	Used
Cost method	Contractor's Method - (Cost)	Used



Method

Market approach (Comparable transactions methods)

Used for

Lands

Definition of approach

- o It uses the method of comparative transactions, also known as the method of indicative transactions; Information on transactions of identical or similar assets to the asset being valued in order to arrive at an indication of value. Source: (International Valuation Standards 2022, electronic version, page 48, clause 30.1)
- When the comparable transactions considered involve the subject asset, this method is sometimes referred to as the prior transactions method.
- According to this method, the first step is to study the transaction prices of identical or similar assets that have been concluded recently in the market. If the transactions concluded are few, it will be also better to study the prices of identical or similar assets listed or offered for sale, provided that this information is clear and analyzed objectively. The information related to the prices of these transactions shall be amended to reflect the differences in the terms and conditions of the actual transaction, the basis of the value, and the assumptions adopted in the evaluation process that is carried out. Differences can also exist in the legal, economic and physical characteristics of other transaction assets compared to the asset being valued.

Methodology

o Data of similar offers were collected from the Ministry of Justice index and the market survey of the property area. Data available in the database of Saudi Asset Valuation Company were used, sorted and classified and the necessary adjustments were made on them to reach accurate results.

Application

- Defining units of comparison used by relevant market participants.
- Determining the related comparative transactions and calculating the main evaluation measures for those transactions.
- Conducting a consistent comparative analysis of the qualitative and quantitative similarities and differences between the comparable assets and the asset being evaluated.
- Making the necessary adjustments, if any, to the evaluation measures to reflect the differences between the asset being evaluated and the comparable assets.
- Applying the modified evaluation measures to the subject asset (the asset being evaluated).
- Reconciliation is made between value indicators if more than one measure is used



Method Cost approach (Replacement method)

Used for

Buildings

Definition of approach

- The cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.
- The approach provides an indication of value by calculating the current replacement or reproduction cost of an asset and making deductions for physical deterioration and all other relevant forms of obsolescence.
- Replacement cost is the cost of determining the price a participant would pay to obtain a benefit similar to the subject asset and not the exact material properties of the asset. (International Valuation Standards 2022, P.59, D 70.2)

Methodology

 Usually replacement cost is adjusted for physical deterioration and all relevant forms of obsolescence. After such adjustments, this can be referred to as depreciated replacement cost.

Application

- Calculating all of the costs that would be incurred by a typical participant seeking to create or obtain an asset providing equivalent utility.
- Determine whether there is any deprecation related to physical, functional and external obsolescence associated with the subject asset.
- Deducting total deprecation from the total costs to arrive at a value for the subject asset.



Method

Income Method (Discounted Cash Flow Method)

Used for

Income-Producing property

Definition of approach

- o In the discounted cash flow method, the cash flows are discounted to the valuation date, which results in the current value of the asset.
- o In some cases, the discounted cash flows for a long-term or forever asset can include a terminal value that represents the value of the asset at the end of the explicit forecast period. In other cases, the value of the asset can be calculated only by using a terminal or terminal value without an explicit forecast period, and this is sometimes referred to as the income capitalization method.

Methodology

- Choosing the most appropriate types of cash flows for the nature of the task and the asset being evaluated (pre-tax, after-tax cash flows, real or nominal total, etc.)
- Determine the most appropriate explicit cash flow forecasting period, if any
- Prepare cash flow forecasts for the period.
- Determining whether the final value is appropriate for the asset under evaluation at the end of the explicit forecast period (if any),
 then determining the final value appropriate to the nature of the asset
- Determine the appropriate discount rate
- \circ Apply the discount rate to expected future cash flows, including the terminal value if any



Method

Income method (residual value method)

Used for

Lands

Method definition

This method is known by this name because it refers to the amount remaining after subtracting all known or expected costs necessary to complete the development from the expected value of the project upon its completion, after taking into account the risks associated with the completion of the project, and the resulting value is called the residual value. Source (IAS 2022, electronic version page 125, paragraph 90.1)

Methodology

- The first step requires an estimate of the value of the relevant interest in the property after the nominal completion of the development project, which should be developed according to standard 105 Valuation methods
- The evaluator must adopt one of the following two main assumptions regardless of the method used in the valuation, whether it is market style or income:
- The estimated market value at the time of project completion is based on the values at the valuation date assuming that the project has already been completed in accordance with the specified plans and specifications.
- The estimated value at the time of completion of the project depends on the assumption that the project is completed in accordance with the plans and specifications specified in the expected completion date

Application

- 1. The following basic elements are taken into account when applying the method to estimate the market value of development properties, and if another basis is needed, alternative input may be required.
- 2. The value of the completed properties.
- 3. Construction costs.
- Consultants' fees.
- Marketing costs.
- 6. Project Timeline.
- Financing costs.
- Development profits.
- 9. Discount rate



Method

Income method (income capitalization)

Used for

Income-generating real estate

Method definition

- o Provides an indicator of value by converting future cash flows into a present and single capital value.
- This method deals with the income that the asset achieves during its useful life (the life span of the asset) and the value is estimated through the capitalization process, and capitalization means converting income into a capital amount using an appropriate discount rate. Income streams are generated under non-contractual contracts or arrangements, such as the expected profit from the use or retention of the asset.
- Methods that fall within the income method (income capitalization) include applying the risk coefficient or total capitalization to one usual income period.

Methodology

- The focus of the method is on the expected net cash income from the asset, taking into account any capital costs required to ensure the realization or continuity of the expected income.
- The evaluator focuses in the market study on identifying the appropriate income indicators for the property and the degree of its continuity according to the expected and not historical future supply and demand forces.
- o If the asset has a stable income, capitalization is likely to be used instead of cash flows.
- Estimating the capitalization and discount coefficient is an ongoing challenge for the evaluator due to the lack of market transparency.





Fifth Axis



Information and Description of the Property

Description of the Property

General Description

The property is a commercial, office and hotel building in Riyadh in Al-Ma'ather district, with an area of 10,709.16 \mbox{m}^{2}

Description of Location		
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	
Region	Central	
City	Riyadh	
District	Al-Ma'ather	
Street	-	

Ownership Data				
Deed Number	310112050696			
Deed Date	1438/11/22			
Plot Number	30			
Plan Number	1343			
Block Number	-			

Nature of the property	☑ Flat	□ Low	□ High	□ Backfilled	□ Sabkha	□ Sandy	□ Rocky
Building system	Commercial						



Description of the Property

Site borders and lengths						
Northern	A 14 m street	With a length	61.37	m		
Southern	A 30 m street	With a length	101.60	m		
Eastern	Eastern part of plot 30	With a length	126.00	m		
Western	A 60 m road	With a length	136.79	m		

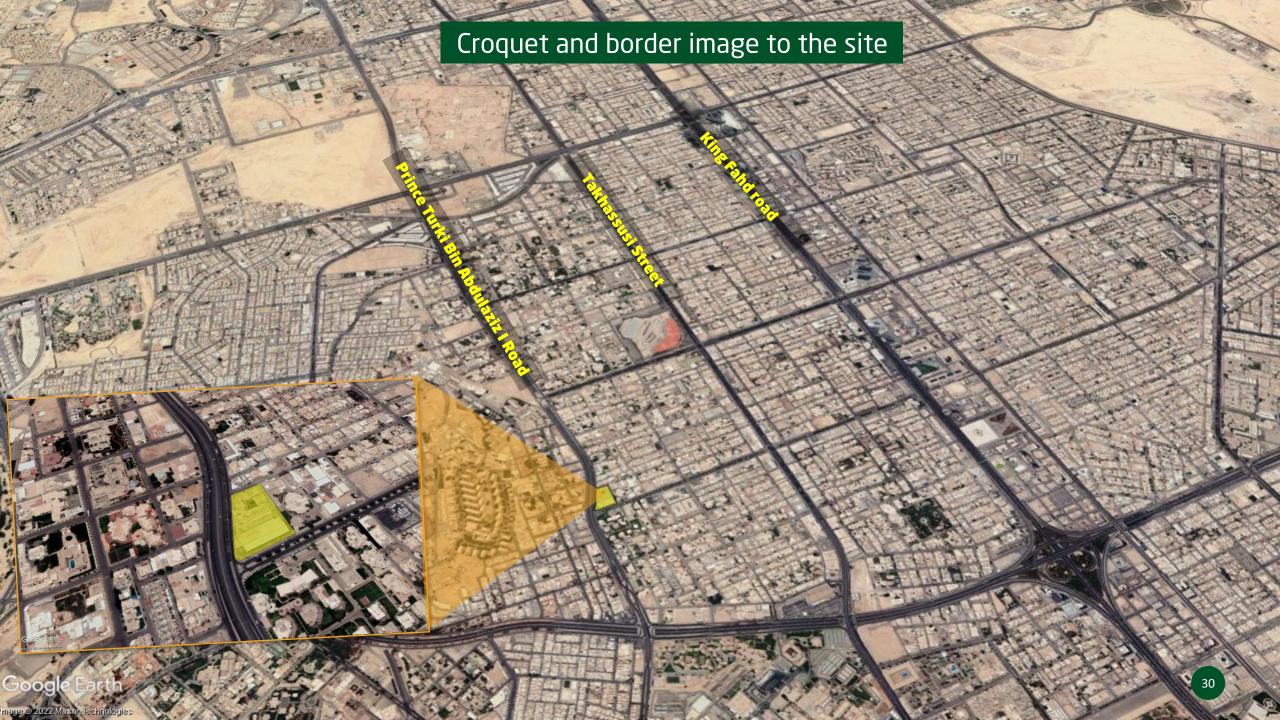
Services available on site						
R	Electricity	~	Security Services		~	
H	Water	V	_ 	Medical centers	~	
	Lighting	~	<u> </u>	Schools	V	
	Telephone	V	\mathcal{C}	Shopping centers	V	
\bigcirc	Paved roads	V	/ \	Afforestation	~	



Description of the Property

Important information about the property				
Name of the Property	Al-Ma'ather Genx			
Location	North Al-Ma'ather District / Riyadh City			
Type of Property	Commercial, office and hotel complex			
Property's Age	7 years			
Land Area (m2)	10,709			
Building Area	22,790			
Number of Floors	2			
Components of the Property	It consists of showrooms, offices and hotel apartments			
The value of the current lease contracts	15,283,152			
Contract duration	There are lease contracts that extend until 2025			
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%90			
Total Current Income (SAR)	15,080,404			
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	3,409,601			
Net operating income (SAR)	11,670,802			

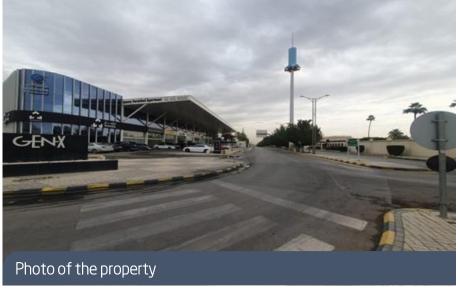


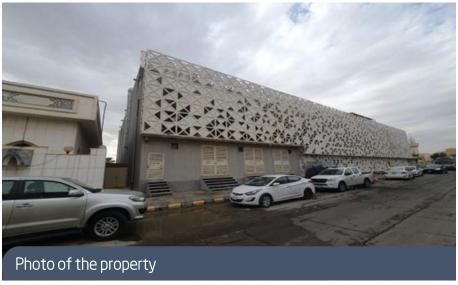


Site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property













Sixth Axis



Evaluation results and Recommendations

Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Evaluation results

Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

Adjustments	The Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Price per square meter		7,942		6,500		8,000	
Adjustments elements							
1- Financing Conditions		Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0
The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions		7,942		6,500		8,000	
2- Market conditions		No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0
3- Properties of the property							
Location			%10.0		%10.0		%20.0-
Transaction Type		Transaction	%0.0	Market Offer	%0.0	Market Offer	%0.0
Transaction date		2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0
Type of use	Commercial	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0
Area (m2)	10,709.16	3,350.00	%25.0-	1,500.00	%40.0-	2,100.00	%30.0-
Accessibility	Good	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0
Number of Streets	3 streets	3 streets	%0.0	4 Streets	%5.0	2 Street	%10.0
Proximity to the main road	Prince Sultan and Prince Turki bin Abdulaziz Road	Prince Sultan and Prince Turki bin Abdulaziz Road	%5.0	Prince Sultan and Prince Turki bin Abdulaziz Road	%10.0	Al Takhassousi Street	%10.0
Proximity to facilities	Near	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0
Availability of services	All services are available	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0
Regularity of the shape of the property	Regular	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0
Margin of negotiation			%0.0		%10.0-		%10.0-
Other factors			%0.0		%5.0-		%0.0
Total adjustments			%10.0-		%30.0-		%40.0-
Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)		8,597		7,000		7,800	
Weighted Weight		%50		%30		%20	
Average price per meter (SAR / m2)	7,958						
Price per meter after rounding	8,000						





Conclusion

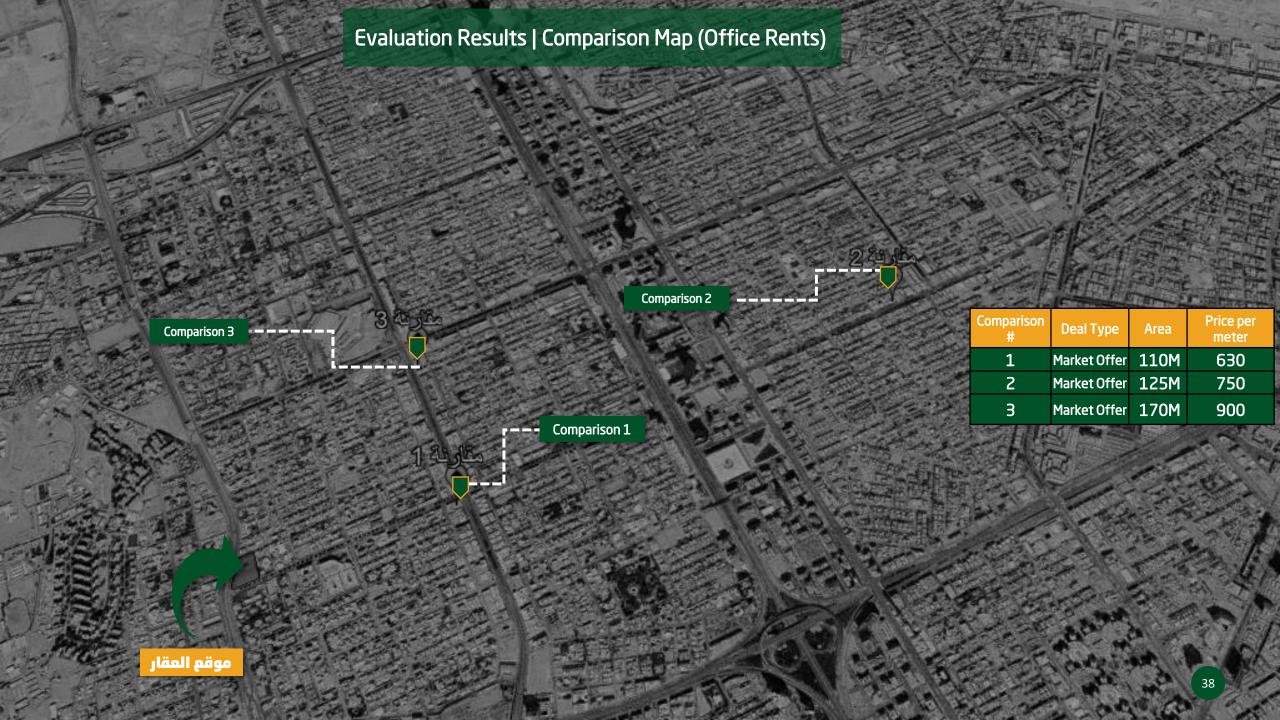
✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

1,250

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		1,650		1,750		1,660	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	250	78	%25.00-	60	%25.00-	60	%25.00-
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%25.00-		%25.00-		%25.00-
Net market price after settlement			1,238		1,313		1,245
Average market rental meter value	1,265						



Approximately average market rental meter value



Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 1	Property	Comparison Number
	900		750		630		Rent per meter
%15.00-		%0.00		%0.00			Property Location
%0.00	170	%0.00	125	%0.00	110	200	Assumed Area (m2)
%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	New	Property Age
%25.00	Average	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	Good	Finishing level
%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	Available	Real Estate Management
%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	Available	Availability of parking
%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	Available	Security
%0.00		%0.00		%0.00			Support Services
%15.00-		%0.00		%0.00			Net Valuation
765		750		630			Net market price after settlement
			·			715	Average market rental meter value
						700	Approximately average market rental meter value



Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)				
Parking Building Surfaces	6,232	M2		
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,775	SAR		
Service Building Surfaces	0	M2		
Meter construction cost/services (before other costs)	0	SAR		
Recurring floor building surfaces	16,476	M2		
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	2,100	SAR		
Other costs	Value	% of construction costs		
Professional Fees	%5.0	%		
Facilities network	%5.0	%		
Management costs	%10.0	%		
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%		
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,485	SAR		
Average service construction (after adding other costs)	0	SAR		
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	2,940	SAR		
Total value of buildings before depreciation	63,924,335	SAR		
The life span of the building	40.0	year		
Residual economic life	32.5	year		
Effective lifetime	7.5	year		
Gross depreciation rate	%18.8	%		
Average construction of parking after depreciation	2,019	SAR		
Average recurring construction after depreciation	2,389	SAR		
Net construction costs after depreciation	51,938,522	SAR		
Land Area	10,709	M2		
Land meter value	8,000	SAR		
Total Land Value	85,673,280	SAR		
Total Property Value	137,611,802	SAR		
Property value (approximately)	137,612,000	SAR		



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)			
ltem	Value		
Current Effective Income (SAR)	15,080,404		
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%23		
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	3,409,601		
Net Income (SAR)	11,670,802		
Capitalization rate %	%8.0		
Property Value (SAR)	145,885,028		
Total property value approximately (SAR)	145,885,000		



Conclusion

✓ The Fourth Approach: Income Approach (Discounted cash flows)

To calculate discount rate		
government bond rate of revenue	%4.0	
Inflation rate	%2.0	
Market risk premium	%3.0	
Special risk premium	%2.0	
Discount rate	%11.0	

To calculate the last (redemption) value (commercial part)		
Capitalization factor %8.0		
Growth rate	%2.0	

To calculate the last (redemption) value (hotel part)		
Capitalization factor %9.0		
Growth rate	%2.0	

			Discounted cash flows		
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29
Commercial Part (Showrooms & Offices)					
Total showeooms income in case of full occupancy	3,640,775	3,640,775	3,640,775	3,640,775	3,640,775
Expected occupancy rate for Showrooms	%85	%85	%85	%85	%85
Effective income for Showrooms	3,094,659	3,094,659	3,094,659	3,094,659	3,094,659
Total office income in case of full occupancy	1,342,600	1,342,600	1,342,600	1,342,600	1,342,600
Expected occupancy rate for offices	%70	%70	%70	%70	%70
Effective Office Income	939,820	939,820	939,820	939,820	939,820
Total effective income of the commercial part	4,034,479	4,034,479	4,034,479	4,034,479	4,034,479
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%10	%10	%10	%10	%10
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	403,448	403,448	403,448	403,448	403,448
Net Operating Income	3,631,031	3,631,031	3,631,031	3,631,031	3,631,031
Last value (redemption value)	46			46,295,644	
Net Cash Flow	3,631,031	31,031 3,631,031 3,631,031 3,631,031		3,631,031	49,926,675
Total value of the commercial part	45,382,320				
Hotel Part (Hotel Apartments)					
Total income of hotel apartments in case of full occupancy	21,170,000	21,170,000	21,170,000	21,170,000	21,170,000
Expected occupancy rate for hotel apartments	%75	%75	%75	%75	%75
Effective Income for Hotel Apartments	15,877,500	15,877,500	15,877,500	15,877,500	15,877,500
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%30	%30	%30	%30	%30
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	4,763,250	4,763,250	4,763,250	4,763,250	4,763,250
Net operating income of the property	11,114,250	11,114,250	11,114,250	11,114,250	11,114,250
Last value (redemption value)			125,961,500		
Net Cash Flow	11,114,250	11,114,250	11,114,250	11,114,250	137,075,750
Total value of the hotel part	128,542,212				
Total Property Value	173,924,532				
Approximately total value	173,925,000				



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the Discounted cash flows method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the real estate and according to the following information for the property Deed No. (310112050696) in the city of (Riyadh) in the (Al-Ma'ather) neighborhood, its area is 10,709.16 m2 as follows:
- √ The Discounted cash flows method has been adopted.

Total Property Value
Net Income for the property (SAR)
11,670,802.25
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)
173,925,000
Total Property Value (Writing)
One hundred and seventy three million nine hundred and twenty five thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- ❖ The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Banking and Investment Company for an amount of SAR 22 million

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Mahfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)

الشركة السعودية لتقييم وتثمين الاصول للاستشارات المهنية Saudi Asset Valuation Company For Professional Consulting C.R.No. 1010206162 رقم السجل التجاري ، Vat No. 300046706100003 رقم الضريبي ، Vat No. 300046706100003

PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Nember (1210001216)



Clarification

Tathmen company and its representatives, evaluators and assistants, carried out the evaluation process without any bias, and they work objectively and are independent of the client and its subsidiaries or parties. The company and its representatives do not have any current or prospective interest in the customer or any of its subsidiaries or affiliate parties, and it is not among those insiders of the customer's matters or those who have internal relationships or links with the customer and its subsidiaries or affiliates. The evaluator's fee for the evaluation process is not conditional on the results it reaches or any other events, and if the company obtains significant assistance from another party in relation to any important aspect of the evaluation, the nature of this assistance, the extent of its reliance, and then documented in Report, if any.



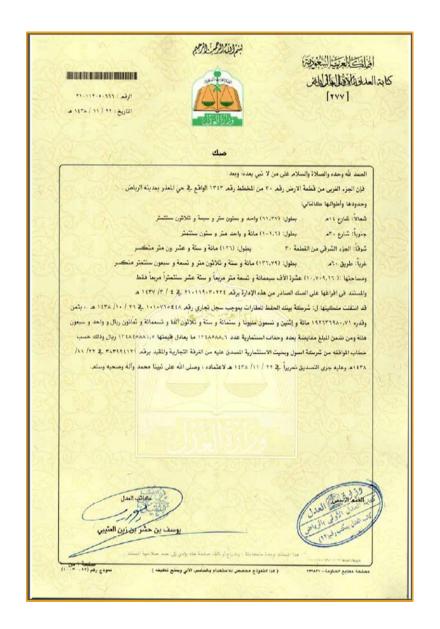


Appendices



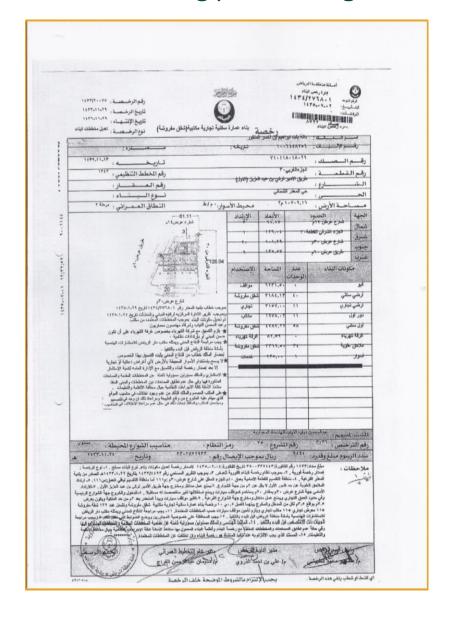
Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image







Executive Summary

Item	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Number	914009010891
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Date	1442/6/29
The Purpose of evaluation	RIET Fund	Number of Plot	556,555,554,553
Type of Property	A hotel and Commercial showrooms	Sketch Number	2413
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia - Riyadh - Al Rabie	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of Property	3,900.00 m2	Applicable Valuation Standards	International Valuation Standards 2022
Ownership Nature	Mortgaged	Preview Date	2025/01/07
Appraisal method used Appraisal method used Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)		Valuation Date	2024/12/31
		Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21



Description of Property

General Description

The property is a hotel and commercial showrooms in Riyadh, Al Rabie district, with an area of 3,900.00 m²

Site Description		
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	
Region	Central	
City	Riyadh	
District	Al Rabie	
Street	-	

Ownership Data		
Deed Number	914009010891	
Date of Deed	1442/6/29	
Plot Number	556g555g554g553	
Plan Number	2413	
Block Number	-	

Nature of Property	□Rocky	□Sandy	Salt-marsh □	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑Flat
System of Use	Residential	– Commer	cial – Offices				



Description of Property

Site borders and lengths						
Northern	A 15 meters wide street	With a length of	60.00	m		
Southern	An 80 meters wide street	With a length of	60.00	m		
Eastern	A 15 meters wide street	With a length of	65.00	m		
Western	Plots number 557 and 558	With a length of	65.00	m		

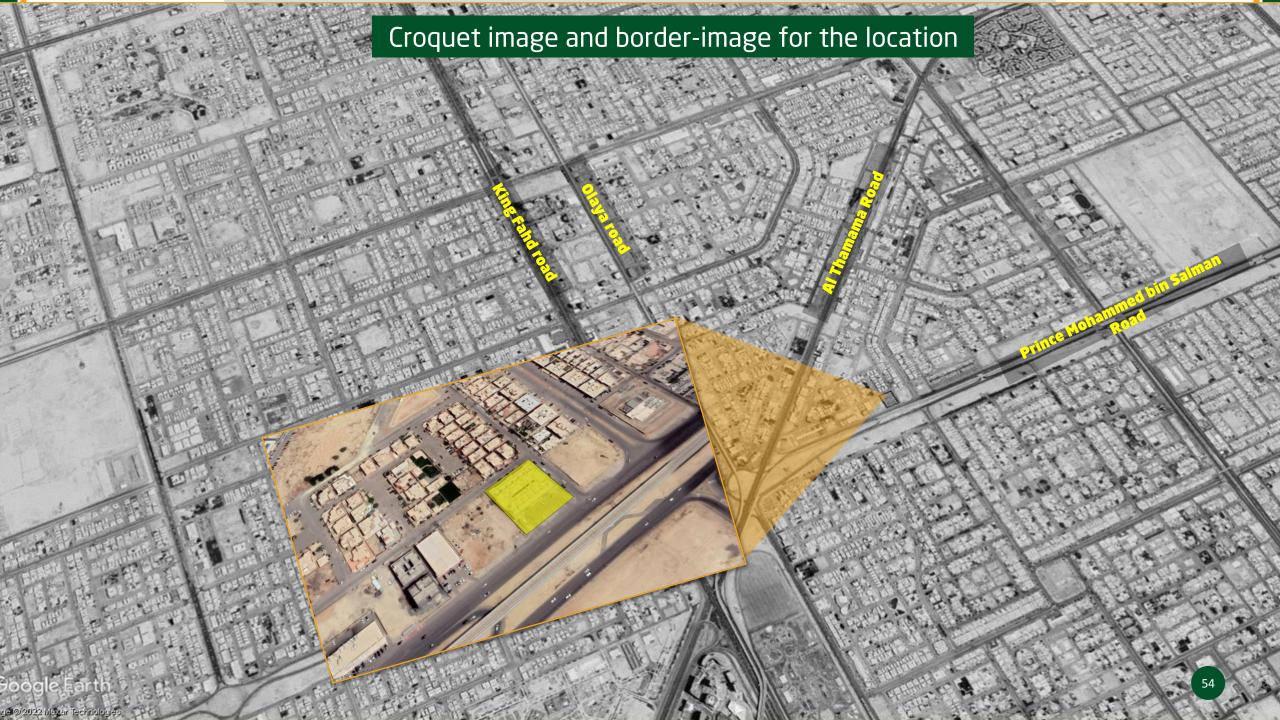
	Available Services at the Site						
V	Security Services	Q	V	Electricity	A		
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	J.		
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u></u>		
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}		
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \		



Description of the Property

lmportant	Important Information about the Property					
Name of Property	Al Rabei Genx					
Location	Al Rabei District / Riyadh City					
Type of Property	Commercial and hotel complex					
Age of Property	8 years					
Land Area (m2)	3,900					
Building Area	8,589.53					
Number of Floors	2					
Components of Property	It consists of showrooms and hotel rooms					
The value of the lease contracts	3,346,580					
Contracts Duration	Lease contracts extending to 2028					
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100					
Total Current Income (SAR)	3,022,261					
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	68,797					
net operating income (SAR)	2,953,464					





Picture that show nature of Property |Site Analysis











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 1	The Property	Adjustments
	6,000		9,000		7,500		Price per square meter
							<u>Adjustments elements</u>
%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale		1- Financing Conditions
	6,000		9,000		7,500		The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions
%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions		2- Market conditions
							3- Properties of the property
%20.0		%0.0	similar	%20.0			Location
%5.0	2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0	2025		Transaction date
%0.0	Transaction	%0.0	Transaction	%0.0	Transaction		Transaction type
%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	Commercial	Type of use
%10.0	6,380.00	%10.0-	1,850.00	%0.0	3,540.00	3,900.00	Area (m2)
%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	Good	Accessibility
%2.0	2 Streets	%4.0	1 Street	%0.0	3 Streets	3 streets	Number of Streets
%0.0	Takhassusi Street	%10.0	Thumamah Road	%0.0	Prince Mohammed Bin Salman Road	Prince Mohammed Bin Salman Road	Proximity to the main road
%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	Near	Proximity to facilities
%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	All services are available	Availability of services
%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	Regular	Regularity of the shape of the property
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Margin of negotiation
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Other factors
%37.0		%4.0		%20.0			Total adjustments
	8,220		9,360		9,000		Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)
"	%10		%70		%20		Weighted Weight
		'				9,174	Average price per meter (SAR / m2)
						9,200	Price per meter after rounding





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

1,350

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		1,587		2,250		1,000	
Property Location			%10.00-		%30.00-		%5.00
Assumed Area (m2)	150	126	%0.00	222	%0.00	160	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%10.00-		%30.00-		%5.00
Net market price after settlement			1,428		1,575		1,050
Average market rental meter value	1,351					'	



Approximately average market rental meter value

Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)					
Parking Building Surfaces	3,015	M2			
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,800	SAR			
Service Building Surfaces	0	M2			
Meter construction cost/services (before other costs)	0	SAR			
Recurring floor building surfaces	5,575	M2			
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,750	SAR			

Other costs	Value	% of construction costs
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Facilities network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,520	SAR
Average service construction (after adding other costs)	0	SAR
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	2,450	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	21,255,387	SAR
The life span of the building	40.0	year
Residual economic life	31.5	year
Effective lifetime	8.5	year
Gross depreciation rate	%21.3	%
Average construction of parking after depreciation	1,985	SAR
Average recurring construction after depreciation	1,929	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	16,738,617	SAR
Land Area	3,900	M2
Land meter value	9,200	SAR
Total Land Value	35,880,000	SAR
Total Property Value	52,618,617	SAR
Property value (approximately)	52,619,000	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)					
ltem	Value				
Current Effective Income (SAR)	3,022,261				
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%2.3				
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	68,797				
Net Income (SAR)	2,953,464				
Capitalization rate %	%8.0				
Property Value (SAR)	36,918,294				
Total property value approximately (SAR)	36,918,000				



Conclusion

✓ The fourth method: (discounted cash flow method)

Approximately total value

To calculate the last (recoverable) value				
%8.5	capitalization factor			
%2.0	growth rate			

To calculate the discount rate				
%.04	government bond rate of return			
%2.0	Inflation rate			
%3.0	market risk premium			
%2.0	special risk premium			
%10.0	Discount rate			

40,341,000

Assumptions of the discounted cash flow method				
3,279,766	Gross income in full occupancy			
%4	operating expenses			
%0	Vacancy rate after stabilization			
6 years	cash flow period			

	Discounted Cash Flow				
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29
Gross Effective Income (showrooms and furnished units)	3,346,580	3,346,580	3,346,580	3,346,580	3,346,580
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%2.5	%2.5	%2.5	%2.5	%2.5
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	83,665	83,665	83,665	83,665	83,665
Net Operating Income	3,262,916	3,262,916	3,262,916	3,262,916	3,262,916
Last value (redemption value)					39,154,986
Annual net cash flow	3,262,916	3,262,916	3,262,916	3,262,916	42,417,902
Total Property Value	40,341,097				· ·



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, **discounted cash flow method** is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the real estate and according to the following information for the property Deed No. (914009010891) in the city of (Riyadh) in the (Al Rabiea) neighborhood, its area is 3,900.00 m2 as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value
Net Current Income (SAR)
2,953,463.54
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)
40,341,000
Total Property Value (Writing)
Forty million three hundred and forty one thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- ❖ The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for 22,000,000 SAR

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Mahfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)

الشركة السعودية لتقييم وتثمين الاصول للاستشارات المهنية Saudi Asset Valuation Company For Professional Consulting C.R.No. 1010206162 رقم السجل التجاري ، Vat No. 300046706100003 رقم الضريبي ، Vat No. 300046706100003

PMO Director Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil ssociate Member (1210001216)





Appendices



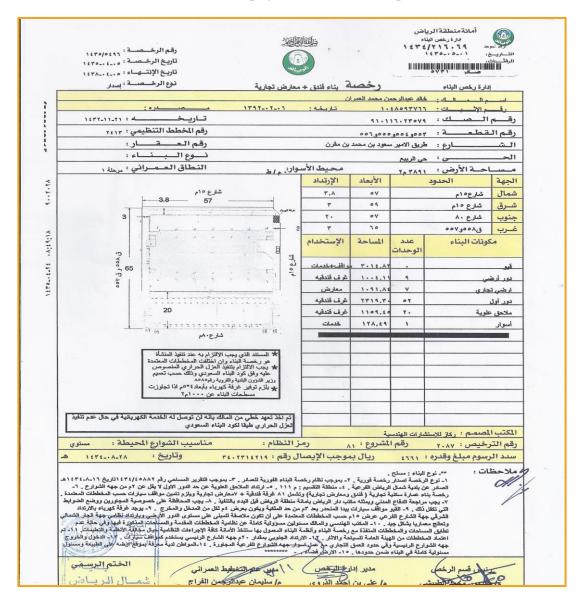
Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image







Executive Summary

ltem	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Number	314002002732
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Date 1440/12/28	
The Purpose of evaluation	RIET Fund	Number of Plot	Without
Type of Property	Commercial and Office Tower	Sketch Number	1343
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Riyadh, Al-Ma'ather District	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of Property	2,109.00 (m2)	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
Ownership Nature	Mortgaged	Preview Date 2025/01/07	
Market method (comparative transacti		Valuation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used	method) Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21
Real estat	e market value (SAR)	119	9,461,000



Description of Property

General Description

The property is a commercial and office tower in Riyadh, Al-Ma'ather district, with an area of **2,109.00** m²

Site Description				
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia			
Region	Central			
City	Riyadh			
District	Al Ma'ather			
Street	-			

Ownership Data					
Deed Number	314002002732				
Date of Deed	1440/12/28				
Plot Number	Without				
Plan Number	1343				
Block Number	-				

Nature of Property	□Rocky	□Sandy	Salt- marsh □	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑Flat
System of Use	Residential-co	mmercial-offic	ce				



Description of the Property

Site borders and lengths						
Northern	A 10 meter street wide	With a length	57.00	m		
Southern	Owned by Abdullaziz Almousa	With a length	57.00	m		
Eastern	An 80 meter street wide	With a length	37.00	m		
Western	A 14 meter street wide	With a length	37.00	m		

Services available at the site						
V	Security Services	Q	V	Electricity	<u> </u>	
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	چ <u>ل</u> ه	
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>	
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}	
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \	



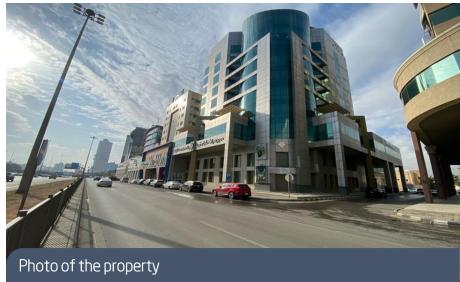
Description of the Property

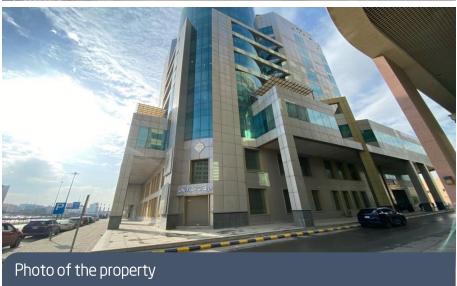
Important information about the property			
Name of the Property	Al Muhammadiah Tower		
Location	Al Ma'ather District / Riyadh City		
Type of Property	Commercial and office Tower		
Property's Age	14 years		
Land Area (m2)	2,109		
Building Area	15,602.92		
Number of Floors	2 basements + ground + 8 recurring floors and annex		
Components of the Property	It consists of showrooms and offices		
The value of the current lease contracts	8,461,890		
Contract duration	Lease contracts extending to 2025		
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100		
Total Current Income (SAR)	8,466,341		
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	1,437		
Net operating income (SAR)	8,464,904		





Site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

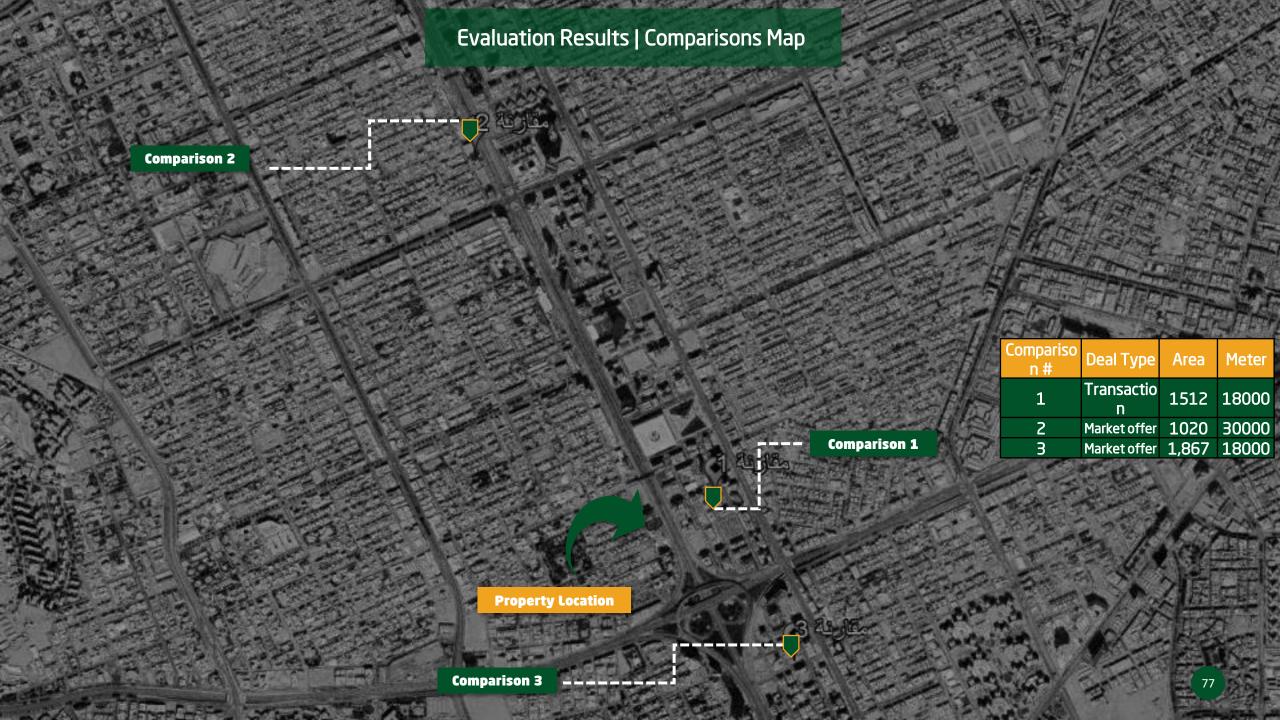
5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

Adjustments	The Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Price per square meter		18,000		30,000		18,000	
<u>Adjustments elements</u>							
1- Financing Conditions		Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0
The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions		18,000		30,000		18,000	
2- Market conditions		No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0
3- Properties of the property							
Location			%15.0	Similar	%0.0	Similar	%15.0
Transaction date		2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0
Transaction type			%0.0		%0.0		%0.0
Type of use	Commercial	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%10.0-	Commercial	%0.0
Area (m2)	2,109.00	1,512.00	%0.0	1,020.00	%10.0-	1,867.00	%0.0
Accessibility	Good	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0
Number of Streets	3 streets	2 Streets	%2.0	3 Streets	%0.0	3 streets	%2.0
Proximity to the main road	King Fahd Road	King Fahd Road	%0.0	King Fahd Road	%0.0	King Fahd Road	%0.0
Proximity to facilities	Near	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0
Availability of services	All services are available	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0
Regularity of the shape of the property	Regular	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0
Margin of negotiation			%0.0		%0.0		%0.0
Other factors			%0.0		%0.0		%0.0
Total adjustments			%17.0		%20.0-		%17.0
Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)		21,060		24,000		21,060	
Weighted Weight		%35		%30		%35	
Average price per meter (SAR / m2)	21,942						
Price per meter after rounding	21,900						





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

1,100

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		1,390		1,200		1,160	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	200	92	%10.00-	200	%0.00	300	%10.00
Property Age	New	New	%10.00-	New	%10.00-	New	%10.00-
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%20.00-		%10.00-		%0.00
Net market price after settlement			1,112		1,080		1,160
Average market rental meter value	1,117					· ·	



Approximately average market rental meter value



Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

1,400

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		1,080		1,400		1,350	
Property Location			%0.00		%5.00-		%15.00
Assumed Area (m2)	300	1,850	%30.00	357	%0.00	260	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%5.00-	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%25.00		%5.00-		%15.00
Net market price after settlement			1,350		1,330		1,553
Average market rental meter value	1,411						



Approximately average market rental meter value

Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)				
Parking Building Surfaces	4,200	M2		
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,750	SAR		
Recurring floor building surfaces	11,403	M2		
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,450	SAR		

Other costs	Value	% of construction costs
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Facilities network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,450	SAR
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	2,030	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	33,437,928	SAR
The life span of the building	40.0	year
Residual economic life	24.5	year
Effective lifetime	15.5	year
Gross depreciation rate	%38.8	%
Average construction of parking after depreciation	1,501	SAR
Average recurring construction after depreciation	1,243	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	20,480,731	SAR
Land Area	2,109	M2
Land meter value	21,900	SAR
Total Land Value	46,187,100	SAR
Total Property Value	66,667,831	SAR
Property value (approximately)	66,668,000	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)			
ltem Value			
Current Effective Income (SAR)	8,466,341		
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%0.0		
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	1,437		
Net Income (SAR)	8,464,904		
Capitalization rate %	%8.0		
Property Value (SAR)	105,811,302		
Total property value approximately (SAR)	105,811,000		



Conclusion

 \checkmark The third method: (the discounted cash flow method)

Assumptions of the discounted cash flow method			
Total income in case of full occupancy after the completion of the current contract	11,075,800		
Operating expenses	%10		
Vacancy rate after stabilization	%10		
Cash flow period	5 Years		
Revenue growth rate	4% every 3 years		

Approximately total value

To calculate the discount rate			
government bond rate of return	%4.0		
Inflation rate	%2.0		
market risk premium	%2.0		
special risk premium	%2.0		
Discount rate	%10.0		

To calculate the last (recoverable) value		
capitalization factor	%8.0	
growth rate	%2.5	

			Discounted cash flows		
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29
Projected revenue growth rate per annum (%)	%0	%0	%3	%0	%0
Total income in full occupancy	11,075,800	11,075,800	11,408,074	11,408,074	11,408,074
Vacancy %	%0	%10	%10	%10	%10
Value of vacancies	0	1,107,580	1,140,807	1,140,807	1,140,807
Total Effective Income	11,075,800	9,968,220	10,267,267	10,267,267	10,267,267
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%10	%10	%10	%10	%10
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	1,107,580	996,822	1,026,727	1,026,727	1,026,727
Net Operating Income	9,968,220	8,971,398	9,240,540	9,240,540	9,240,540
Last value (redemption value)					117,816,884
Annual net cash flow	9,968,220	8,971,398	9,240,540	9,240,540	127,057,424
Total Net Present Value	119,460,860				

119,461,000



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property and according to the following information for the property, the deed number (314002002732) in the city of (Riyadh) in the (Al-Ma'ather) district, its area is 2,109.00 m2 as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value
Net Current Income (SAR)
8,464,904.16
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)
119,461,000
Total Property Value (Writing)
One hundred and nineteen million four hundred and sixty one thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for 45,000,000 SAR

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Mahfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)

الشركة السعودية لتقييم وتتمين الاصول للاستشارات المهنية Saudi Asset Valuation Company For Professional Consulting C.R.No. 1010206162 رقم السجل التجاري ، Vat No. 300046706100003 رقم الضريبي ، Vat No. 300046706100003

PMO Director Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil ssociate Member (1210001216)





Appendices



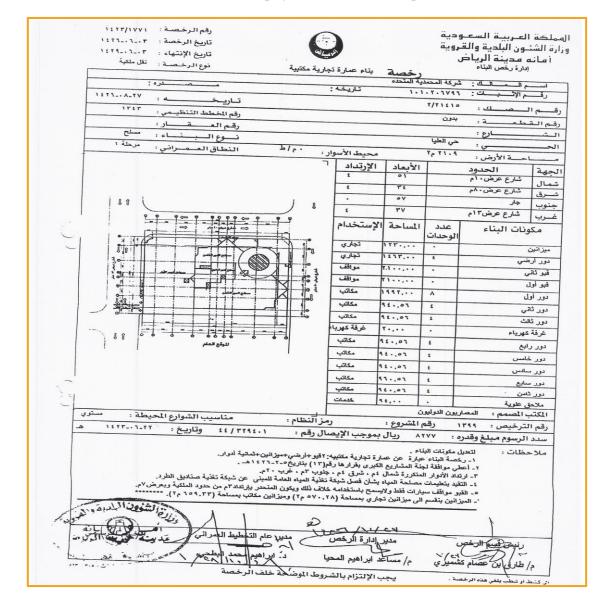
Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image







Executive Summary

ltem	Statement	ltem	Statement
Customer's Name	Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund	Document number	314009010892
Beneficiaries from Appraisal	Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund	Document Date	1442/6/29
Purpose of Appraisal	REIT Fund	Plot Number	From1107 to 1112
Type of the property	Showrooms	Plan Number	1343
Address of the property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia - Riyadh - Al- Ma'ather	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of the property	4,248.00 (m2)	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
The ownership Nature	mortgaged	Preview Date	2025/01/12
	Market method (comparative transactions method)	evaluation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)		Date of issuing report	2025/01/21
Real esta	te market value (SAR)	72	2,642,000



Property Description

General Description

The property is showrooms in the city of Riyadh, Al-Ma'ather district, with an area of 4,248.00 m²

The Description of the Site					
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia				
Region	Central				
City	Riyadh				
District	Al-Ma'ather				
Street	Al Takhassousi				

Ownership Data					
Deed Number	314009010892				
Deed Date	1442/6/29				
Plot Number	from 1107 to1112				
Plan Number	1343				

Nature of property	□Rocky	□Sandy	□Salt-marsh	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑ Flat
System of use	Residential, comme	ercial and offices					



Description of the Property

Site borders and lengths							
Northern	A 20 meter wide street	With a length	60,00	m			
Southern	Plot number 1113 and 1114	With a length	60.00	m			
Eastern	A 14 meter wide street	With a length	70.80	m			
Western	A 40 meter wide Al Takhassusi street	With a length	70.80	m			

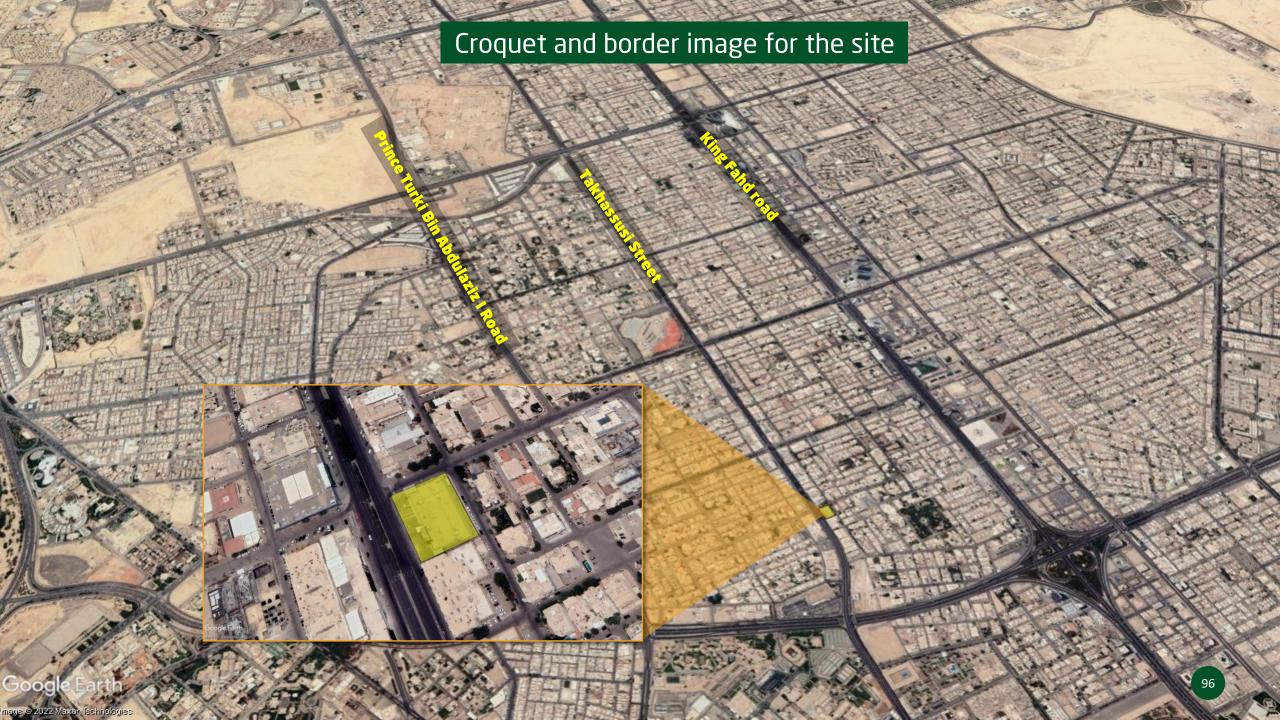
Services available at the site							
V	Security Services	Q	V	Electricity	<u> </u>		
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	ூ		
V	Schools		V	Illumination	9		
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}		
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \		



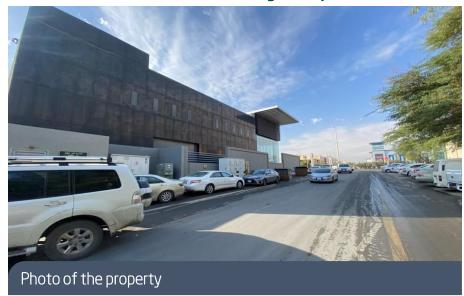
Property Description

Important information about the Property					
Name of the Property	Al Takhassusi Lexus				
Location	Al Ma'ather District / Riyadh City				
Type of Property	Showrooms				
Property's Age	7 years				
Land Area (m2)	4,248				
Building Area	6,610.61				
Number of Floors	1				
Components of the Property	It consists of showrooms leased by Lexus				
The value of the current lease contracts	3,750,000				
Contract duration	Lease contracts extending 2036				
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100				
Total Current Income (SAR)	3,750,000				
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	13,172				
Net operating income (SAR)	3,736,828				



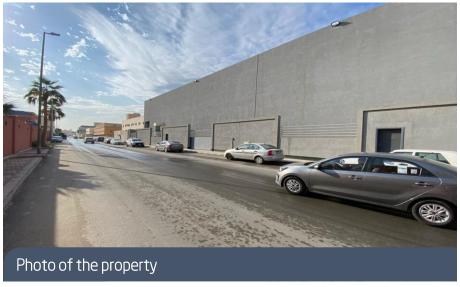


Site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 1	The Property	Adjustments
	14,000		11,065		12,962		Price per square meter
							Adjustments elements
%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale		1- Financing Conditions
	14,000		11,065		12,962		The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions
%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions		2- Market conditions
							3- Properties of the property
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Location
%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024		Transaction date
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Transaction type
%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	Commercial	Type of use
%10.0-	2,100.00	%10.0-	2,400.00	%15.0-	3,350.00	4,248.00	Area (m2)
%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	Good	Accessibility
%0.0	2 streets	%0.0	2 Streets	%0.0	3 Streets	3 streets	Number of Streets
%0.0	Takhassusi Street	%0.0	Takhassusi Street	%0.0	Takhassusi Street	Takhassusi Street	Proximity to the main road
%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	Near	Proximity to facilities
%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	All services are available	Availability of services
%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	Regular	Regularity of the shape of the property
%10.0-		%0.0		%0.0			Margin of negotiation
%5.0		%0.0		%5.0			Other factors
%15.0-		%10.0-		%10.0-			Total adjustments
	11,900		9,959		11,666		Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)
	%15		%50		%35		Weighted Weight
						10,847	Average price per meter (SAR / m2)
						10,850	Price per meter after rounding





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0	Comparison 4	- + %0
Rent per meter		1,400		1,044		2,106		2,000	
Property Location			%10.00-		%0.00		%10.00-		%20.00-
Assumed Area (m2)	6,611	180	%30.00-	728	%25.00-	356	%20.00-	120	%30.00-
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%40.00-		%25.00-		%40.00-		%50.00-
Net market price after settlement			840		783		1,264		1,000
Average market rental meter value	972								
Approximately average market rental meter value	756								



Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)					
Parking Building Surfaces	3,448	M2			
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,700	SAR			
Recurring floor building surfaces	3,162	M2			
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,400	SAR			
Other costs	Value	% of construction costs			
Professional Fees	%5.0	%			
Facilities network	%5.0	%			
Management costs	%10.0	%			
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%			
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,380	SAR			
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	1,960	SAR			
Total value of buildings before depreciation	14,405,048	SAR			
The life span of the building	40.0	year			
Residual economic life	32.5	year			
Effective lifetime	7.5	year			
Gross depreciation rate	%18.8	%			
Average construction of parking after depreciation	1,934	SAR			
Average recurring construction after depreciation	1,593	SAR			
Net construction costs after depreciation	11,704,102	SAR			
Land Area	4,248	M2			
Land meter value	10,850	SAR			
Total Land Value	46,090,800	SAR			
Total Property Value	57,794,902	SAR			
Property value (approximately)	57,795,000	SAR			



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)					
ltem Value					
Current Effective Income (SAR)	3,750,000				
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%0.4				
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	13,172				
Net Income (SAR)	3,736,828				
Capitalization rate %	%8.0				
Property Value (SAR)	46,710,350				
Total property value approximately (SAR)	46,710,000				



Conclusion

 \checkmark The third method: (the discounted cash flow method)

Assumptions of discounted cash flow method				
Total income in case of full occupancy 4,998,887				
Operational expenses	%0			
Vacancy rate after stabilization	%0			
Cash flow period	13 Years			

To calculate discount rate					
government bond rate of revenue	%4.0				
Inflation rate	%2.0				
Market risk premium	%1.5				
Special risk premium	%0.5				
Discount rate	%8.0				

To calculate the last value (recoverable)						
Capitalization factor	%8.0					
Growth rate	%2.0					

	Discounted cash flows											
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29	31-Dec-30	31-Dec-31	31-Dec-32	31-Dec-33	31-Dec-34	31-Dec-35	31-Dec-36
Total Effective Income	4,998,887	4,998,887	5,248,831	5,248,831	5,248,831	5,248,831	5,248,831	5,511,273	5,511,273	5,511,273	5,511,273	5,511,273
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5	%0.5
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	24,994	24,994	26,244	26,244	26,244	26,244	26,244	27,556	27,556	27,556	27,556	27,556
Net Operating Income	4,973,893	4,973,893	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,483,717	5,483,717	5,483,717	5,483,717	5,483,717
Last value (redemption value)												69,917,387
Annual net cash flow	4,973,893	4,973,893	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,222,587	5,483,717	5,483,717	5,483,717	5,483,717	75,401,104
Total Property Value	72,642,473						•					
Approximately total value	72,642,000											



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property, according to the following information, for the property No. (314009010892) in the city of (Riyadh) in the (Al-Ma'ather) district, its area is 4,248.00 m 2 as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value				
Net Current Income (SAR)				
3,736,827.96				
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)				
72,642,000				
Total Property Value (Writing)				
Seventy two million six hundred and forty two thousand Saudi riyals				



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for 25,500,000 SAR

Executive Director

Abdulla Al Mahfouz

Basic Member (1×10000273)



PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Member (1210001216)





Appendices



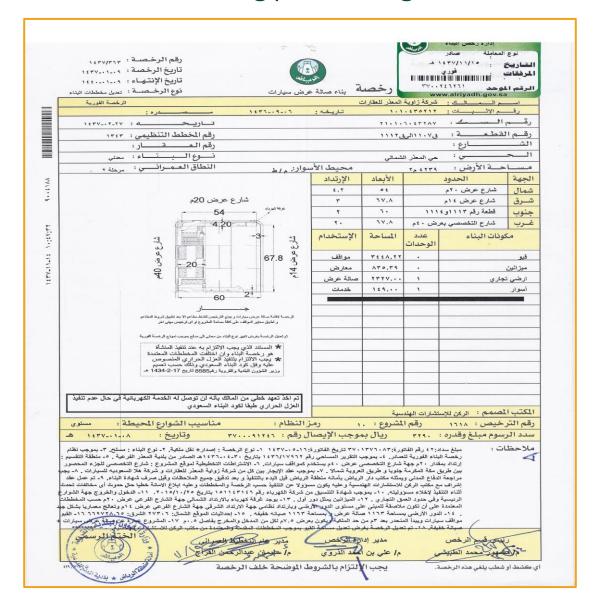
Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

ltem	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Number	317815000994
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Date	1441/6/12
The Purpose of evaluation	RIET Fund	Number of Plot	1918
Type of Property	Office building	Office building Sketch Number	
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Riyadh – Al Sahafa	n of Saudi Arabia – Riyadh – Al Sahafa Value Basis	
Area of Property	2,520.00 m2	2,520.00 m2 The evaluation criteria used	
Ownership Nature	mortgaged	Preview Date	2025/01/12
	Market method (comparative transactions method)	Valuation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used	Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21
Real estate market value (SAR)		58,	203,000



Property Description

General Description

The property is an office building in $\bf Riyadh, \, Al\mbox{-Sahafa}$ District, with an area of $2,\!520.00~\text{m}^2$

Description of the Site				
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia			
Region	Central			
City	Riyadh			
District	Al Sahafa			
Street	-			

Ownership Data						
Deed Number	317815000994					
Date of Deed	1441/6/12					
Plot Number	1918					
Plan Number	1637					
Block Number	-					

Nature of Property	□ Rocky	□Sandy	Salt-marsh □	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑Flat
System of Use	Residenti	al – Comme	rcial – Offices				



Description of Property

	Site borders and lengths						
Norther n	Piece numbers 1919, 1920 and 1921	With a length of	70.00	m			
Souther n	Piece No. 1917	With a length of	70.00	m			
Eastern	Street width 15 m	With a length of	36.00	m			
Western	Street width 40 m	With a length of	36.00	m			

	Available Services at the Site						
V	Security Services	RQ	V	Electricity			
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	, JR		
V	Schools	Ø	V	Illumination	9		
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	€		
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \		



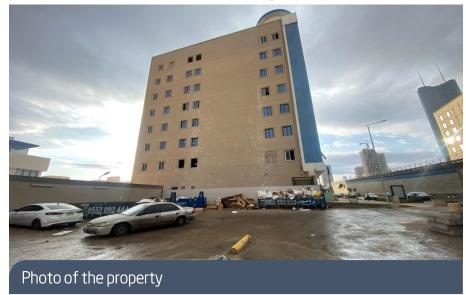
Property Description

Important Information about the Property					
Name of Property	The First Sahafa Building				
Location	Al Sahafa District / Riyadh City				
Type of Property	Office Building				
Age of Property	12 years				
Land Area (m2)	2,520				
Building Area	11,359.80				
Number of Floors	2 basements + ground + 6 recurring floors				
Components of Property	It consists of offices				
The value of the lease contracts	3,780,877				
Contracts Duration	Yearly Contracts				
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100				
Expected total income if income stabilizes (SAR)	3,780,877				
Expected Operating and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	101,800				
Expected Net Operating Income after Stabilization of Income (SAR)	3,679,077				

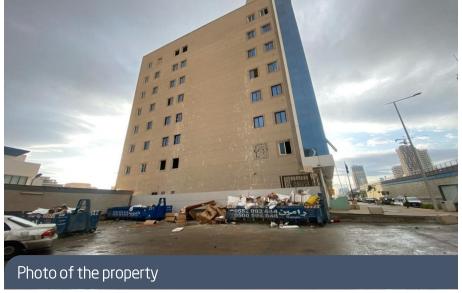




Site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

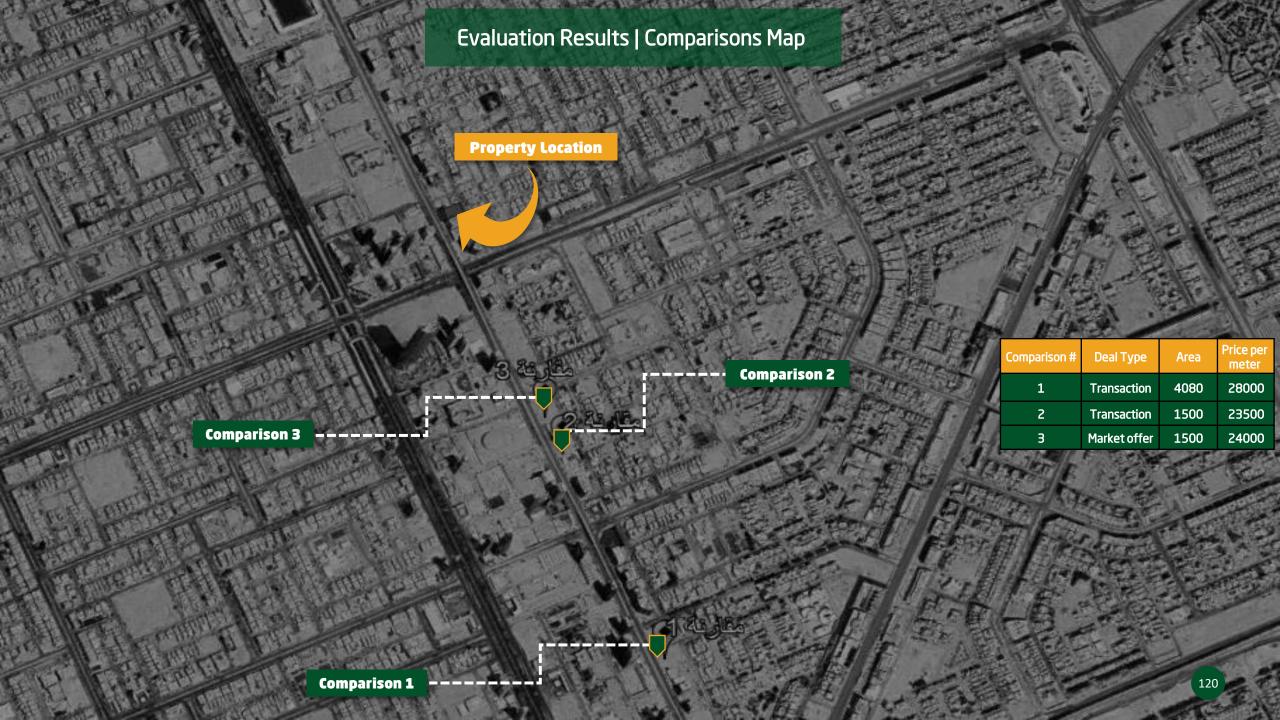
5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

Adjustments	The Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Price per square meter		28,000		23,500		24,000	
Adjustments elements							
1- Financing Conditions		Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0
The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions		28,000		23,500		24,000	
2- Market conditions		No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0
3- Properties of the property							
Location			%0.0	Similar	%0.0	Similar	%0.0
Transaction date		2025	%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0
Transaction type		Transaction	%0.0	Transaction	%0.0	Transaction	%0.0
Type of use	Commercial	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0
Area (m2)	2,520.00	4,080.00	%0.0	1,500.00	%0.0	1,500.00	%0.0
Accessibility	Good	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0
Number of Streets	2 streets	2 Streets	%0.0	2 Streets	%0.0	2 streets	%0.0
Proximity to the main road	Olaya Street	Olaya Street	%0.0	Olaya Street	%0.0	Olaya Street	%0.0
Proximity to facilities	Near	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0
Availability of services	All services are available	All services are available		All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	
Regularity of the shape of the property	Regular	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0
Margin of negotiation			%15.0-		%15.0-		%15.0-
Other factors			%0.0		%0.0		%0.0
Total adjustments			%15.0-		%15.0-		%15.0-
Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)		23,800		19,975		20,400	
Weighted Weight		%33		%33		%34	
Average price per meter (SAR / m2)	21,382						
Price per meter after rounding	21,400						





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

772

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		1,250		800		1,250	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	200	180	%0.00	289	%0.00	180	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			1,250		800		1,250
Net market price after settlement			%33		%33		%34
Average market rental meter value	1,100			·		•	



Approximately average market rental meter value

Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)					
Parking Building Surfaces	5,040	M2			
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,800	SAR			
Recurring floor building surfaces	6,320	M2			
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,300	SAR			
Other costs	Value	% of construction costs			
Professional Fees	%5.0	%			
Facilities network	%5.0	%			
Management costs	%10.0	%			
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%			
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,520	SAR			
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	1,820	SAR			
Total value of buildings before depreciation	24,202,836	SAR			
The life span of the building	40.0	year			
Residual economic life	28.0	year			
Effective lifetime	12.0	year			
Gross depreciation rate	%30.0	%			
Average construction of parking after depreciation	1,764	SAR			
Average recurring construction after depreciation	1,274	SAR			
Net construction costs after depreciation	16,941,985	SAR			
Land Area	2,520	M2			
Land meter value	21,400	SAR			
Total Land Value	53,928,000	SAR			
Total Property Value	70,869,985	SAR			
Property value (approximately)	70,870,000	SAR			



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)					
ltem Value					
Current Effective Income (SAR)	3,780,877				
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%2.7				
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	101,800				
Net Income (SAR)	3,679,077				
Capitalization rate %	%8.0				
Property Value (SAR)	45,988,465				
Total property value approximately (SAR)	45,988,000				



Conclusion

 \checkmark The third method: (the discounted cash flow method)

Approximately total value

Assumptions of discounted cash flow method					
Total income in case of full occupancy 3,780,000					
Operational expenses %3					
Vacancy rate after stabilization 0%					
Cash flow period	4 years				

To calculate discount rate								
government bond rate of revenue %4.0								
Inflation rate %2.0								
Market risk premium %3.0								
Special risk premium	%2.0							
Discount rate	%11.0							

To calculate the last value (recoverable)					
Capitalization factor	%8.5				
Growth rate	%2.0				

		Discou	nted cash flows	<u> </u>
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28
Total income in case of full occupancy	4,725,000	4,725,000	4,725,000	4,725,000
Annual income growth rate	%0	%0	%0	%5
Total income after annual increase	4,725,000	4,725,000	4,725,000	4,961,250
Expected occupancy rate	%100	%100	%100	%100
Total Effective Income	4,725,000	4,725,000	4,725,000	4,961,250
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%3.0	%3.0	%3.0	%3.0
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	101,800	141,750	141,750	148,838
Net Operating Income	4,623,200	4,583,250	4,583,250	4,812,413
Last value (redemption value)				57,748,950
Annual net cash flow	4,623,200	4,583,250	4,583,250	62,561,363
Total Property Value	58,203,374			

58,203,000



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, **the discounted cash flow method** is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and in accordance with the requirements of the client, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property, according to the following information, for the property No. (317815000994) in the city of (Riyadh) in the (Al-Sahafa) neighborhood, its area is 2,520.00 m2 as follows:

Total Property Value
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)
58,203,000
Total Property Value (Writing)
Fifty-eight million two hundred and three thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for 25,500,000 SAR.

Executive Director

Aboutle Al Mahfouz

sic Member (1x10000273)

الشركة السعودية لتقييم وتثمين الاصول للاستشارات المهنية Saudi Asset Valuation Company For Professional Consulting C.R.No. 1010206162 رقم السجل التجاري ، Vat No. 300046706100003 رقم الضريبي ، Vat No. 300046706100003

PMO Director Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil ssociate Member (1210001216)





Appendices



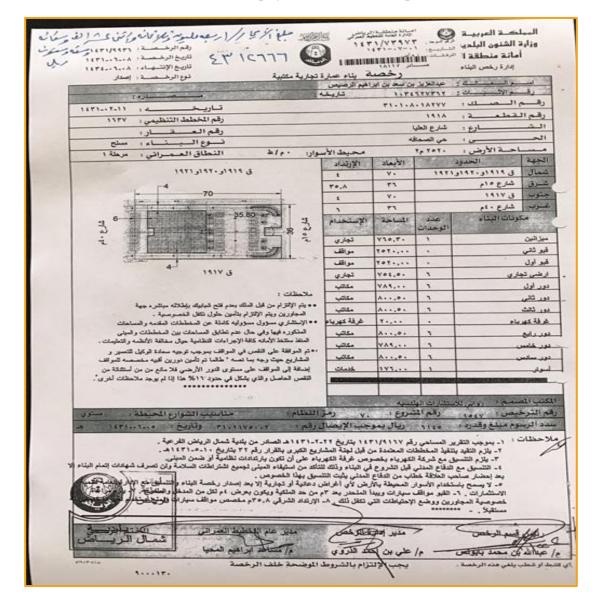
Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image







Executive Summary

Item	Statement	Item	Statement	
Customer's Name	Name Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund Do		317812001040	
Beneficiaries from Appraisal	Al-Ma'ather REIT Fund	Document Date	1441/6/12	
Purpose of Appraisal	REIT Fund	Plot Number	1298 and 1290	
Type of the property	Office building	Plan Number	2413	
Address of the property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia - Riyadh - Al Sahafa District	Value Basis	Market Value	
Area of the property	2,380.00 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022	
The ownership Nature	mortgaged	Preview Date	2025/01/12	
	Market method (comparative transactions method)	evaluation Date	2024/12/31	
Appraisal method used	Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)	Date of issuing report	2025/01/21	
Real estate	e market value (SAR)	57,2	233,000	



Description of the Property

General Description The property is an office building in Riyadh, Al-Sahafa District, with an area of $2,380.00 \; \text{m}^2$

Site Description							
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia						
Region	Central						
City	Riyadh						
District	Al Sahafa						
Street	-						

Ownership Data							
Deed Number	317812001040						
Date of Deed	1441/6/12						
Plot Number	1298 و 1298						
Plan Number	2413						
Block Number	-						

Nature of Property	□Rocky	□Sandy	Salt- marsh □	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑Flat
System of Use	Residential	– Commercia	al – Offices				



Property Description

		Site	borders	and le	engths		
North	nern	Plot No. 1291 a	nd 1299	With a length of		68.00	m
South	Southern Street wid		20 m	With	a length of	68.00	m
East	ern	Street width	20 m	With	a length of	35.00	m
West	ern	Street width	Street width 40m		a length of		m
		Availal	ole Servi	ices at	the Site		
V	Se	curity Services	Q	V		Electricity	<u> </u>
V	IV	ledical Centers	H	V	Water		آ
V		Schools		V	Illumination		©
V	Sho	opping Centers		V	Telephone		
V		Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Aspl	halt Roads	/ \



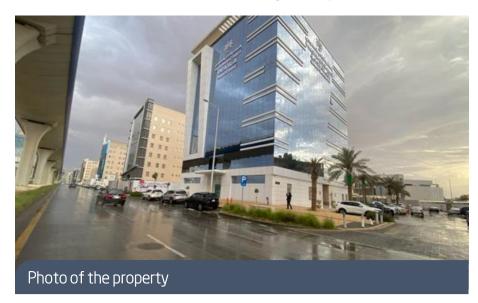
Property Description

Important Information about the Property						
Name of Property	The second building in Al Sahafa					
Location	Al Sahafa District / Riyadh City					
Type of Property	Office Building					
Age of Property	10 years					
Land Area (m2)	2,380.00					
Building Area	10,899.67					
Number of Floors	2 basements + ground + 7 recurring floors					
Components of Property	It consists of office units					
The value of the lease contracts (beginning of the next year)	4,645,094					
Contracts Duration	Rental contracts that renewed annually					
Occupancy rate of units (%)	100%					
Total Current Income (SAR)	4,625,400					
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	32,000					
net operating income (SAR)	4,593,400					





Site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

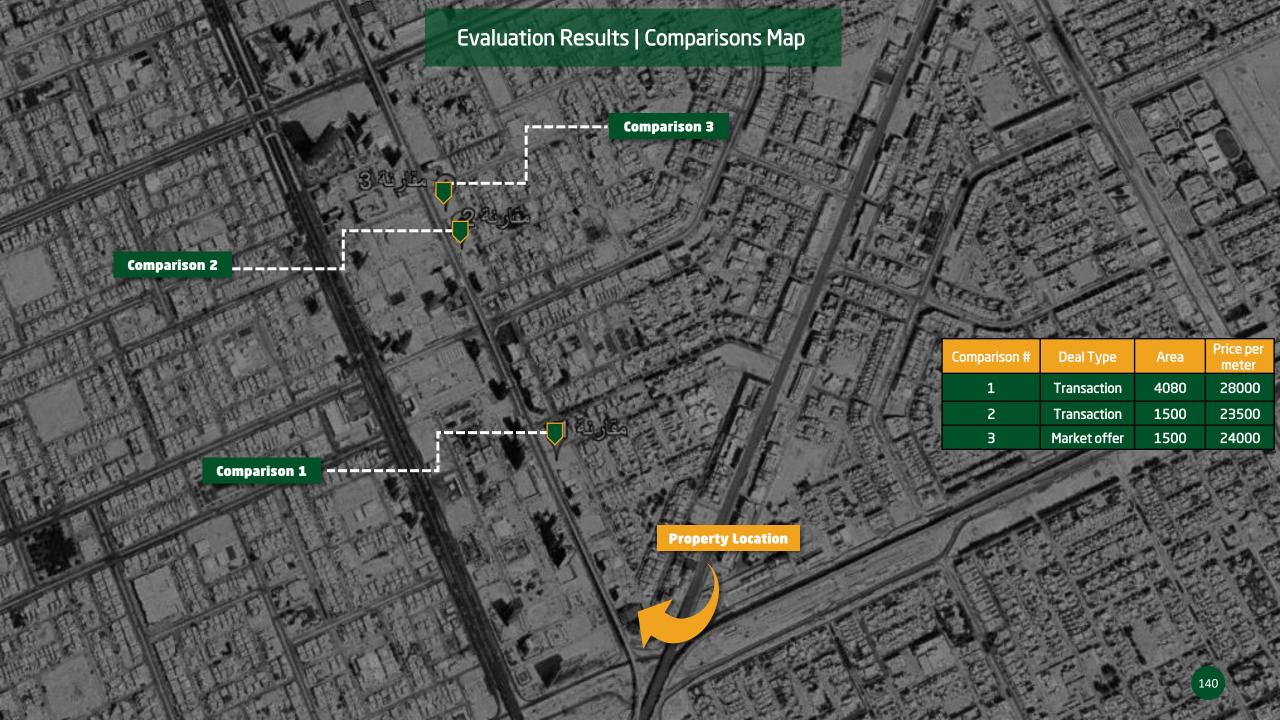
5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 1	The Property	Adjustments
	24,000		23,500		28,000		Price per square meter
							Adjustments elements
%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale		1- Financing Conditions
	24,000		23,500		28,000		The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions
%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions		2- Market conditions
							3- Properties of the property
%0.0	Similar	%0.0	Similar	%0.0			Location
%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0	2025		Transaction date
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Transaction type
%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	Commercial	Type of use
%0.0	1,500.00	%0.0	1,500.00	%0.0	4,080.00	2,520.00	Area (m2)
%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	Good	Accessibility
%0.0	2 streets	%0.0	2 Streets	%0.0	1 Street	3 streets	Number of Streets
%0.0	Olaya Street	%0.0	Olaya Street	%0.0	Olaya Street	Olaya Street	Proximity to the main road
%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	Near	Proximity to facilities
%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	All services are available	Availability of services
%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	Regular	Regularity of the shape of the property
%15.0-		%15.0-		%15.0-			Margin of negotiation
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Other factors
%15.0-		%15.0-		%15.0-			Total adjustments
	20,400		19,975		23,800		Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)
	%34		%33		%33		Weighted Weight
						21,382	Average price per meter (SAR / m2)
						21,400	Price per meter after rounding





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

772

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		1,250		800		1,250	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	200	180	%0.00	289	%0.00	180	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			1,250		800		1,250
Net market price after settlement			%33		%33		%34
Average market rental meter value	1,100						



Approximately average market rental meter value

Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)		
Parking Building Surfaces	4,742	M2
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,800	SAR
Recurring floor building surfaces	6,158	M2
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,500	SAR
Other costs	Value	% of construction costs
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Facilities network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,520	SAR
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	2,100	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	24,880,947	SAR
The life span of the building	40.0	year
Residual economic life	28.0	year
Effective lifetime	12.0	year
Gross depreciation rate	%30.0	%
Average construction of parking after depreciation	1,764	SAR
Average recurring construction after depreciation	1,470	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	17,416,663	SAR
Land Area	2,380	M2
Land meter value	21,400	SAR
Total Land Value	50,932,000	SAR
Total Property Value	68,348,663	SAR
Property value (approximately)	68,349,000	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)				
Item Value				
Current Effective Income (SAR)	4,645,094			
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%0.89			
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	41,300			
Net Income (SAR)	4,603,794			
Capitalization rate %	%8.0			
Property Value (SAR)	57,547,429			
Total property value approximately (SAR)	57,547,000			



Conclusion

 \checkmark The third method: (the discounted cash flow method)

Approximately total value

Assumptions of discounted cash flow method			
Total income in case of full occupancy 4,645,094			
Operational expenses %0			
Vacancy rate after stabilization %0			
Cash flow period	5 years		

To calculate discount rate					
government bond rate of revenue %4.0					
Inflation rate %2.0					
Market risk premium %3.0					
Special risk premium %2.0					
Discount rate	%11.0				

To calculate the last value (recoverable)		
Capitalization factor	%8.5	
Growth rate	%2.0	

	Discounted cash flows			
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28
Total income in case of full occupancy	4,645,094	4,645,094	4,645,094	4,645,094
Annual income growth rate	%0	%0	%0	%0
Total income after annual increase	4,645,094	4,645,094	4,645,094	4,645,094
Expected occupancy rate	%100	%100	%100	%100
Total Effective Income	4,645,094	4,645,094	4,645,094	4,645,094
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%1	%1	%1	%1
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	46,451	46,451	46,451	46,451
Net Operating Income	4,598,643	4,598,643	4,598,643	4,598,643
Last value (redemption value)				58,632,703
Annual net cash flow	4,598,643	4,598,643	4,598,643	63,231,346
Total Property Value	58,694,925			

58,695,000



Conclusion

- Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the real estate, according to the following information, for the property No. (317812001040) in the city of (Riyadh) in the neighborhood of (Al Sahafa), an area of 2,380.00 m 2 is as follows:
- ✓ Income capitalization method has been adopted.

Total Property Value			
Estimated net income for the current year (SAR)			
4,603,794.30			
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)			
58,695,000			
Total Property Value (Writing)			
Fifty-eight million, six hundred and ninety-five thousand Saudi riyals			



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property was not previewed from the inside.
- The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for 25,000,000 SAR.

Executive Director

Abdulla Al Mahfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)



PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Member (1210001216)





Appendices



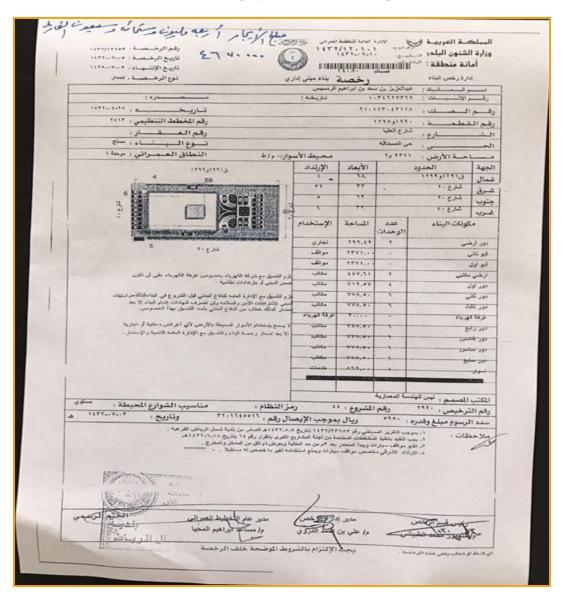
Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

Item	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Number	910106051847
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Date	1438/11/21
The Purpose of evaluation	RIET Fund	Number of Plot	From 2788 to 2801
Type of Property	Warehouses	Sketch Number	3085
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Riyadh – Al- Masani'	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of Property	13,544.45 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
Ownership Nature	full ownership	Preview Date	2025/01/12
	Market method (comparative transactions method)	Valuation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used	Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21
Real estat	e market value (SAR)		24,402,000



General Description

The property consists of warehouses in the city of Riyadh in the Al- Masani' district, with an area of 13,544.45 m²

Site Description				
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia			
Region Central				
City	Riyadh			
District	Al- Masani'			
Street	-			

Ownership Data				
Deed Number	910106051847			
Date of Deed	1438/11/21			
Plot Number	From 2788 to 2801			
Plan Number	3085			
Block Number	-			

Nature of Property	□Rocky	□Sandy	Salt-marsh □	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑Flat
System of Use	Warehous	ses					



Property Description

	Site borders and lengths						
Northern	Sidewalk	With a length of	75.00	m			
Southern	A 25 meter wide street	With a length of	65.00	m			
Eastern	A 20 meter wide street	With a length of	165.03	m			
Western	A 20 meter wide street	With a length of	186.80	m			

Available Services at the Site						
V	Security Services	R Q	V	Electricity	<u> </u>	
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	چ <u>ل</u> ه	
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>	
V	Shopping Centers	₩	V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}	
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \	



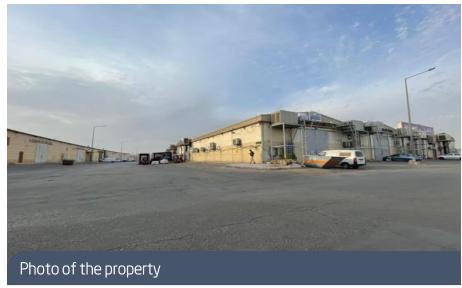
Property Description

Important Information about the Property						
Name of Property	Al Haer Warehouses					
Location	Al- Masani' District / Riyadh City					
Type of Property	Warehouses					
Age of Property	14 years					
Land Area (m2)	13,544.45					
Building Area 11,980.00						
Number of Floors Ground Floor						
Components of Property	It consists of several warehouses					
The value of the lease contracts	2,040,000					
Contracts Duration	Rental contracts that are renewed annually					
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100					
Total Current Income (SAR)	2,040,000					
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR) 111,885						
net operating income (SAR)	1,928,115					



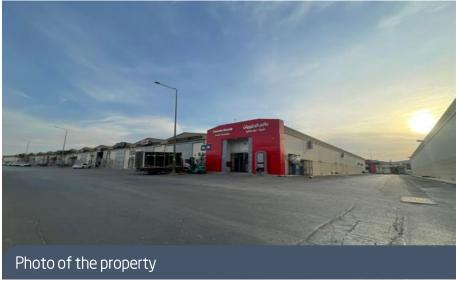


Site Analysis / Picture that show nature of Property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

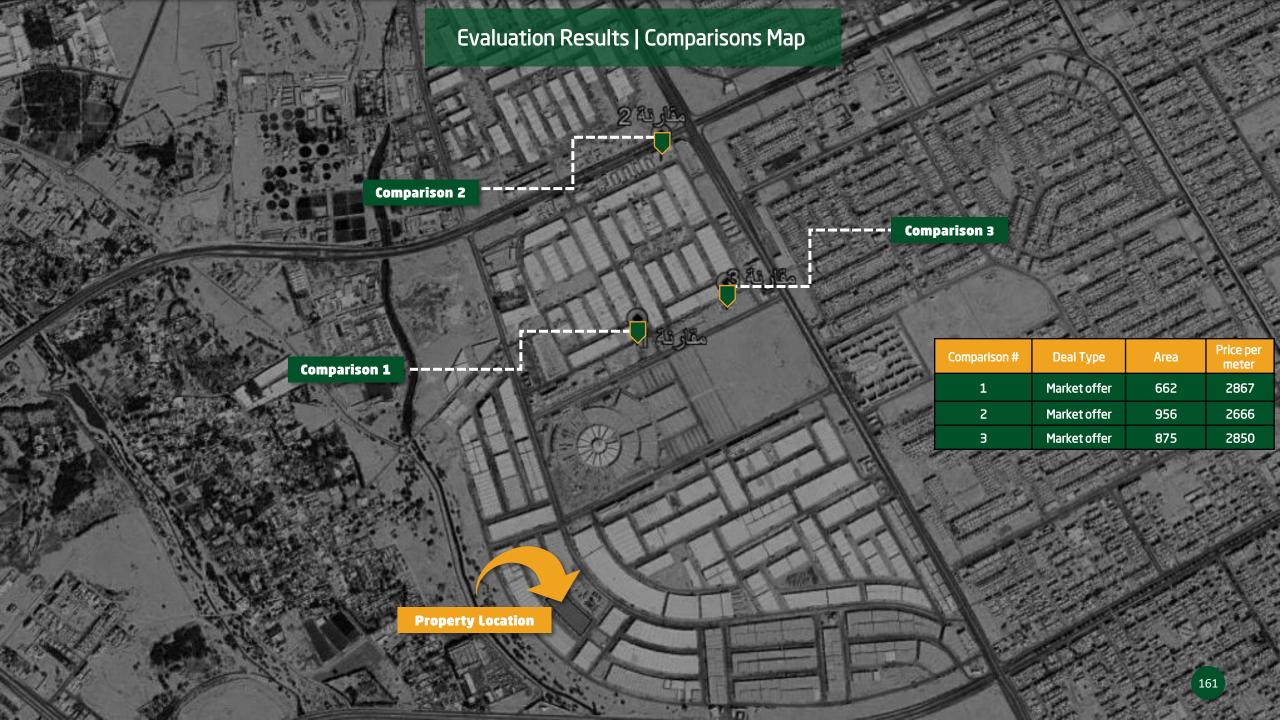
5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 1	The Property	Adjustments
	2,850		2,666		2,867		Price per square meter
							Adjustments elements
%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale		1- Financing Conditions
	2,850		2,666		2,867		The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions
%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions		2- Market conditions
							3- Properties of the property
%0.0	Similar	%0.0	Similar	%0.0	Similar		Location
%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024	%0.0	2024		Transaction date
%10.0-	Transaction	%10.0-	Transaction	%10.0-	Transaction		Transaction type
%0.0	Warehouses	%0.0	Warehouses	%0.0	Warehouses	Warehouses	Type of use
%30.0-	875.00	%30.0-	956.00	%30.0-	662.00	13,544.45	Area (m2)
%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	Good	Accessibility
%2.0	1 street	%2.0	4 Streets	%2.0	1 Street	3 streets	Number of Streets
%0.0	2 roads	%0.0	2 roads	%0.0	2 roads	2 roads	Proximity to the main road
%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	Near	Proximity to facilities
%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	All services are available	Availability of services
%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	Regular	Regularity of the shape of the property
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Margin of negotiation
%0.0		%0.0		%0.0			Other factors
%38.0-		%38.0-		%38.0-			Total adjustments
	1,767		1,653		1,778		Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)
	%30		%35		%35		Weighted Weight
						1,731	Average price per meter (SAR / m2)
						1,700	Price per meter after rounding





نتائج التقييم

الاستنتاج

الطريقة الاولى : (طريقة تسوية المُقارنات للمستودعات) \checkmark

- + %0	مقارنة 3	- + %0	مقارنة 2	- + %0	مقارنة 1	العقار موضع المقارنة	رقم المقارنة
	150		240		250		قيمة المتر التأجيري
%0.00		%0.00		%0.00			موقع العقار
%0.00	5,300	%0.00	744	%0.00	1,200	متوسط 450 متر مربع	المساحة (م2)
%0.00	جدید	%0.00	جدید	%0.00	جدید	خدید	عمر العقار
%5.00-	متميز	%5.00-	متميز	%5.00-	متميز	جيد	مستوى التشطيب والتجهيزات
%0.00	قریب	%0.00	قریب	%0.00	قریب	قریب	القرب من الطريق الرئيسي
%0.00	متوافر	%0.00	متوافر	%0.00	متوافر	متوافر	توافر المواقف
%0.00	مستودعات	%0.00	مستودعات	%0.00	مستودعات	مستودعات	الاستخدام
%0.00		%0.00		%0.00			خدمات مساندة
%5.00-		%5.00-		%5.00-			صافى التقييم
143		228		238			صافى سعر السوق بعد التسوية
						203	متوسط قيمة المتر التأجيري السوقي
						200	متوسط قيمة المتر التأجيري السوقي تقريبا



Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

200

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		200		240		150	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	450	1,200	%0.00	744	%0.00	5,300	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%5.00-		%5.00-		%5.00-
Net market price after settlement			238		228		143
Average market rental meter value	203						



Approximately average market rental meter value

Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)							
Recurring floor building surfaces	11,970	M2					
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	400	SAR					
Other costs	Value	% of construction costs					
Professional Fees	%5.0	%					
Facilities network	%5.0	%					
Management costs	%10.0	%					
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%					
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	560	SAR					
Total value of buildings before depreciation	6,703,200	SAR					
The life span of the building	30.0	year					
Residual economic life	14.0	year					
Effective lifetime	16.0	year					
Gross depreciation rate	%53.3	%					
Average recurring construction after depreciation	261	SAR					
Net construction costs after depreciation	3,128,160	SAR					
Land Area	13,544	M2					
Land meter value	1,700	SAR					
Total Land Value	23,025,565	SAR					
Total Property Value	26,153,725	SAR					
Property value (approximately)	26,154,000	SAR					



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)							
ltem Value							
Current Effective Income (SAR)	2,040,000						
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%5.5						
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	111,885						
Net Income (SAR)	1,928,115						
Capitalization rate %	%8.0						
Property Value (SAR)	24,101,432						
Total property value approximately (SAR)	24,101,000						



Conclusion

 \checkmark The fourth method: (the discounted cash flow method)

Approximately total value

Warehouse revenues					
Total rental area of warehouses	11,980				
Average rent per square meter	200				
Total warehouse revenue in full occupancy	2,396,000				

To calculate the discou	nt rate
government bond rate of revenue	%4.0
Inflation rate	%2.0
Market risk premium	%3.0
Special risk premium	%2.0
Discount rate	%11.0

To calculate the last value (recoverable)						
Capitalization %8.5						
Growth rate	%2.0					

	Discounted cash flows							
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29	31-Dec-30		
Total income in full occupancy	2,396,000	2,396,000	2,396,000	2,396,000	2,396,000	2,396,000		
Projected annual growth rate	%0	%0	%4	%0	%0	%5		
Total income after expected increase	2,396,000	2,396,000	2,491,840	2,491,840	2,491,840	2,616,432		
Expected occupancy rate	%85	%85	%85	%85	%85	%85		
Total Effective Income	2,036,600	2,036,600	2,118,064	2,118,064	2,118,064	2,223,967		
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%5	%5	%5	%5	%5	%5		
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	101,830	101,830	105,903	105,903	105,903	111,198		
Net Operating Income	1,934,770	1,934,770	2,012,161	2,012,161	2,012,161	2,112,769		
Last value (redemption value)						25,353,226		
Annual net cash flow	1,934,770	1,934,770	2,012,161	2,012,161	2,012,161	27,465,995		
Total Property Value	24,401,940							

24,402,000



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the income capitalization method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and in accordance with the requirements of the client, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property and according to the following information for the property, the deed number (910106051847) in the city of (Riyadh) in the (Al-Masana) district, its area is 13,544.45 m 2 as follows:
- ✓ Income capitalization method has been adopted.

Total Property Value					
Estimated Net Income (SAR)					
1,928,114.59					
Total property value (Income capitalization)					
24,402,000					
Total Property Value (Writing)					
Twenty four million four hundred and two thousand Saudi riyals					



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The rental area sent from the customer is larger than the area of the building surfaces according to the building permit, so the area in the building permit was relied upon when estimating the value of the buildings

Executive Director

Aboutla Al Mahfouz

ic Member (1x 10000273



PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Nember (1210001216)





Appendices



Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image

	رقم الرخــصــة: ، ١٤٢٦/٧٤.	بط اعمر الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	سانه منطقـه ال دارة العامة للتغط ۱۸ ۲۸ ۹۸ ۲۲ - ۲۰۲۱	الرقم المويد الرقم المويد الراب ا	ت كــة العربيــة أنه الشنون البلدي الت	
	تاريخ الرخصة: ١٤٣٠-١٠٢٠	Z) mun	difficultin	HUBST T	ىانىق منطقة ا	,
	تاريخ الإنتسهاء: ١٠٠١-١٤٣٥	ر ال بناء مستودع			إدارة رخص البناء	
	} نوع الرخـــمـــة : تجديد	ان بدء مسود	ر <i>حصد</i> من محمد العمر	خالد عبدائر ح		
ì	۲۰-۲-۱۲۹۲ مــــــــدره:	تاریخه:		1017V11		رقــــ
	تاریخیییه : ۱۰-۱۰-۱۰		(71-17	1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1)	الــمـــك :	رقــــم
;	رقم الخطط التنظيمي: ٣٠٨٠		۲۸۰۱,	من ۲۷۸۸ ولی	قطعية:	رقــم الـ
1	رقم العـــقـــار:				ــــارع :	الشا
	نسوع السبسنساء : معنى			حي المصائع	:	
	وار: ١٠ / ط النطاق العماراني : مرحلة ١	محيط الأس	م۲	17070,10	احــة الأرض :	
		الإرتداد	الأبعاد		الحدود	الجهة
:		7	**		مدر مشسساة ۱۰ م	شمال
4-		í	137, P		شارع عرض ۲۰م شارع عرض ۲۰م	شــرق
			1AT.A		شارع عرض ۲۰م	جنوب
i						غـرب
		الإستخدام	المساحة	عدد الوحدات	كونات البناء	
		مستودع	1147	. ۲۸		دور اره
		محطة معدنية	1	•	پرياء 	غرفة ك
		خدمات	٧٥,٠٠	•		أسوار
	paragraphic and procedure and a second paragraphic and the second paragraphic and the second					
	عرفت فهادة إقام البناء				-	
	185 /1/2 Best /40 183					
	1 1				71,11	
	याम् द्री क्षेत्र हिं बीएक्ट हि					`
	(القسم الفني ببلدية الشن)					
	The state of the s		L	L	الصمم : بدون	الكتبا
	ز النظام: مناسيب الشوارع المحيطة: مستوي	رم.	لشروع :	رقم ا	خيص: ١٠٠٠١١	
	ل رقم : ۱۱۲۰-۱۰۲۰ وتاریخ : ۲۰/۱۰۱۱۳ هـ				رسوم مبلغ وقدره	
	رقع القادر (۱۹۷۰-۱۹۷۷) 17 كاريخ القادر (۱۹۷۰-۱۳۵۱) تجديد + تقل ملكية . ابرخ ۱۳۸۸ - ۱۳۸۱ (۱۹۷۸ الا تعداد) القادر القادر القادر القادر المساسسة أعلاد . ۱۳۰۱/۱۳۱۱ مناسسان در بلدیة الشام افزرعیة . ۱۳۰۱/۱۲/۱۴/۱۴ (دفام) بتاریخ ۱۳۰۱/۱۳۱۱ دهـ روجب التنسیق معهم قبل الدین المساسف المسا	مبلغ سداد: ۲۹،۹۹ بر ۷۳،۹۷۰ میز بر ۱۲۳۲۱ پتاریخ ۹ الدفاع المدنی برقم(۹	المياه والكهرباء يال بالإيصال رق ساهي برقم(۲۷۷ جب خطاب إدارة البناء . البناء أخرة قالا	هندسی: وزارة دید میلغ ۱۸ ر بب التقریر المه بی الموافقة بمو به شهادات إتمام بالمه افقة عا	ات : المكتب ال ** ثم ثب * اعط - اعط صرف * اعط * اعط	Dec. Ma
	ر حرب مطبوح برم (م تكون الارش قضاء ولا يوري ١٠٠٠-١٠٠٠) و ما استاني دن اد (٢٠٠٥ -) و على ان تكون الارش قضاء ولا يوري حوالق على الطبيعة ل ذلك تجاه الأملة واصحاب العلاقة	ارتدادات نظامیة پاید مهریاء یما بترتب علم محمد	ضمن المبنى او ب ن تلتزم شركة الذ	محطة معدنية دون انتنفيذ وا	تكون تحول	
			Ç		The second second second second second	
379	مدير عام المخطيط العمر إلى المنظم الرسمي مام المخطيط العمر إلى المخطيط المديد المنظم الرسمي مام المنظم الم	ارة الرخص كعد الدروي	مدير ال م1 علي بن		نيس فترسم الرخص دالله بن محمد بايون	م ا عب
	ط الوضحة خلف الرخصة	لإلتزام بالشرو	المنخة	. a	تطب يلغي هذه الرخص	أي كشط أو نا







End of Report



Executive Summary

Item	Statement	Item	Statement	
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Number	310108046400	
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Date	1438/11/23	
The Purpose of evaluation	RIET Fund Number of Plot		27	
Type of Property	Warehouses	Sketch Number	1351	
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia - Riyadh - Al Sulay	Value Basis	Market Value	
Area of Property	erty 50,985 m2		International Valuation Standards 2022	
Ownership Nature	Full Ownership	Preview Date	2025/01/07	
	Market method (comparative transactions method)	Valuation Date	2024/12/31	
Appraisal method used	Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21	
Real es	state market value (SAR)	5:	1,865,000	



General Description The property consists of warehouses in Riyadh, Al-Sulay district, with an area of $50.985 \ m^2$

Site Description			
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia		
Region	Central		
City	Riyadh		
District	Al - Sulay		
Street	-		

Ownership Data			
Deed Number	310108046400		
Date of Deed	1438/11/23		
Plot Number	27		
Plan Number	1351		
Block Number	-		

Nature of Property	□Rocky	□Sandy	Salt-marsh □	□Buried	□High	□Low	⊠Flat
System of Use	Mixed indu	ıstrial (ware	houses and light	industrial) (a	according to	building reg	ulations)



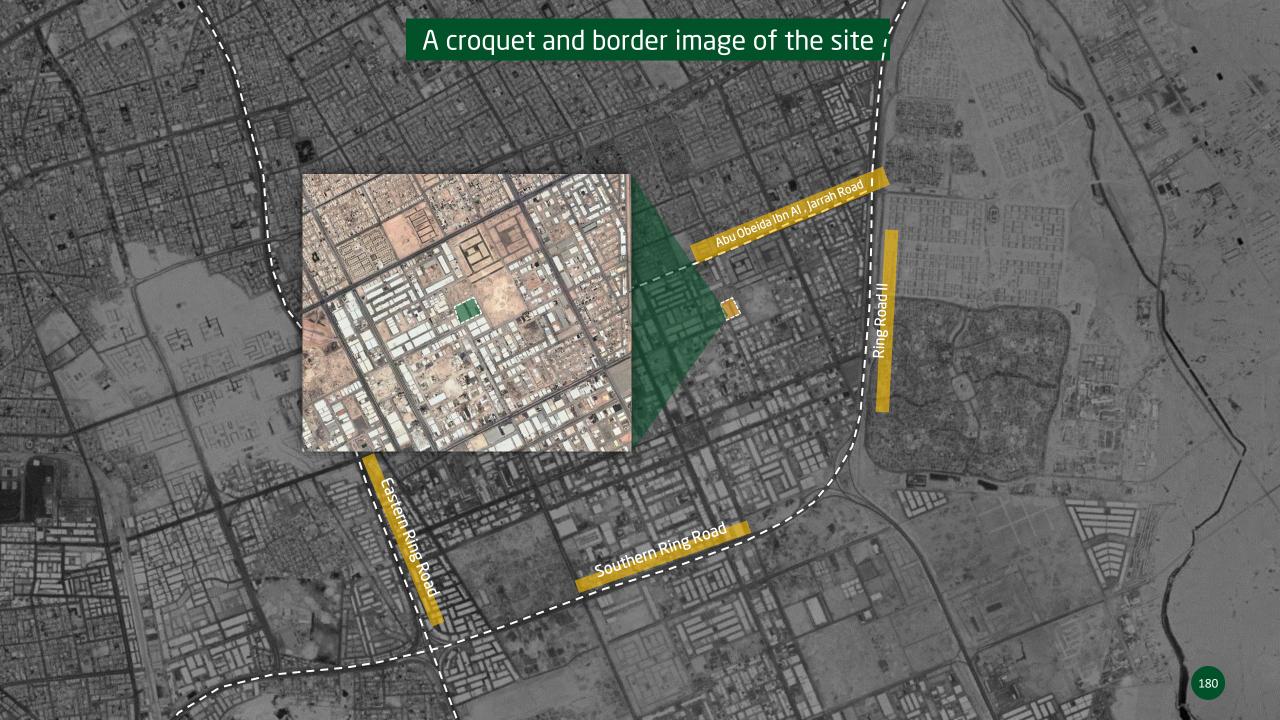
Site borders and lengths					
Northern	Owned by Khalifa Al Abdullah and associates	With a length of	262.50	m	
Souther n	A 36 meter wide street	With a length of	262.50	m	
Eastern	A 36 meter wide street	With a length of	206.00	m	
Western	Owned by Muhammad Al- Saleh Al-Nafi'	With a length of	206.00	m	

Available Services at the Site					
V	Security Services	R Q	V	Electricity	<u> </u>
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	چل _ە
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>
V	Shopping Centers	\tau	V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \



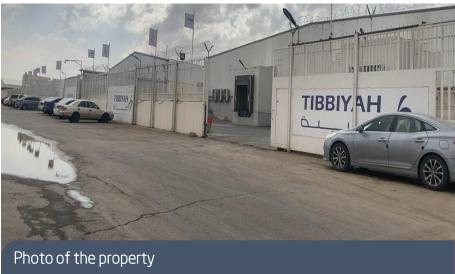
Important Information about the Property				
Name of Property	Al Sulay Warehouses			
Location	Al-Sulay District / Riyadh City			
Type of Property	Warehouses			
Age of Property	30 years			
Land Area (m2)	50,985			
Building Area	38,348.00			
Number of Floors	Ground Floor			
Components of Property	It consists of several warehouses			
The value of the lease contracts (beginning of the next year)	4,215,450			
Contracts Duration	Rental contracts that renewed annually			
Occupancy rate of units (%)	35 warehouses out of a total of 37			
Total Current Income (SAR)	4,215,450			
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	236,963			
net operating income (SAR)	3,978,487			





Site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property







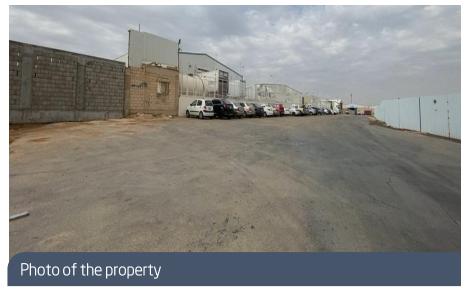




Site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

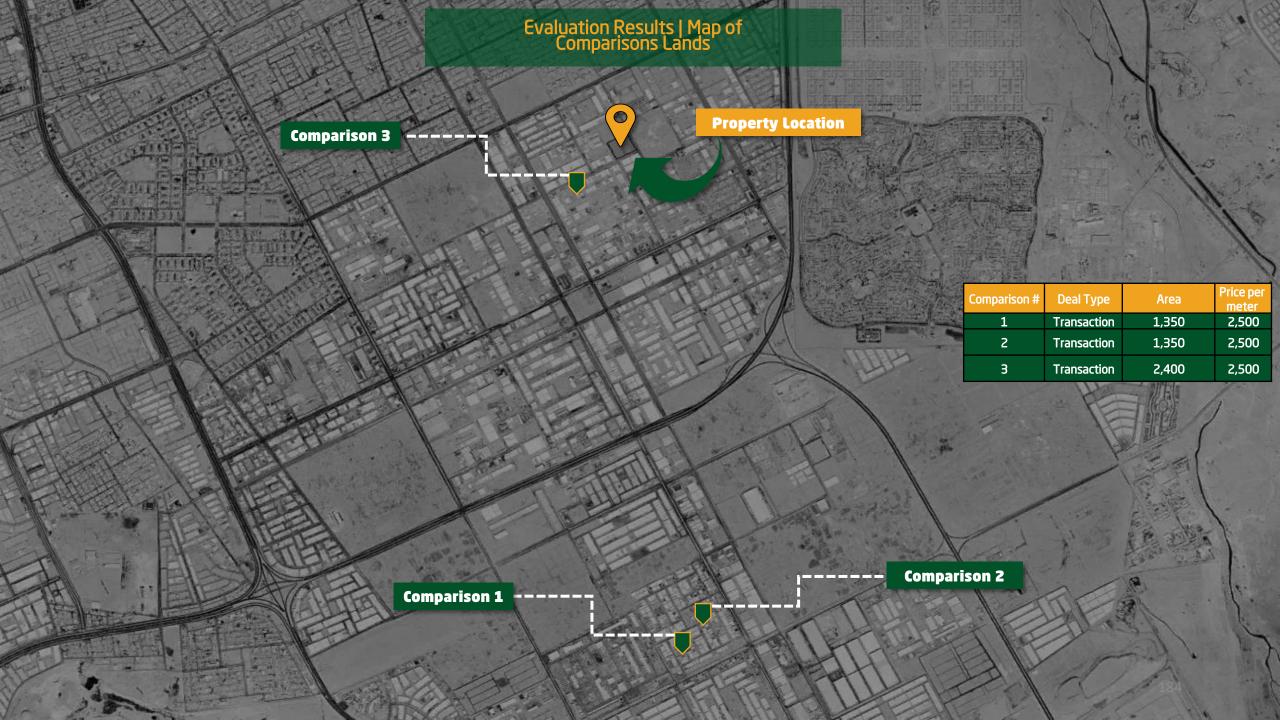
5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.







Conclusion

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		226		242		228	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	1,000	3,750	%0.00	3,500	%0.00	3,500	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%5.00-		%5.00-		%5.00-
Net market price after settlement			238		228		143
Average market rental meter value	174						



Approximately average market rental meter value

175

Conclusion

✓ The first method: (residual value method)

First: Land data and zoning of areas				
Data Scenario1 Scenario2 Scenario3				
Land Area (m2)	50,985	50,985	50,985	
Land Area after Development (m2)	35,690	35,690	35,690	
Warehouse Land Area (m2)	35,690	35,690	35,690	

Second: Sales Estimation				
Data Scenario1 Scenario2 Scenario3				
Average value per meter warehouses / SAR	2,000	2,250	2,500	
Revenue from the warehouse part	71,379,000	80,301,375	89,223,750	
Total Revenues from Land Sale (SAR)	71,379,000	80,301,375	89,223,750	



Conclusion

✓ The first method: (residual value method)

Third: Development Costs					
Data	Scenario1	Scenario2	Scenario3		
Cost of developing direct meter (SR/m2)	80	70	60		
Direct Development Cost Value (SAR)	4,078,800	3,568,950	3,059,100		
Marketing commission rate (%)	%2.5	%2.5	%2.5		
Marketing Commission Value (SAR)	1,784,475	2,007,534	2,230,594		
Percentage of professional consulting and fees of development cost (%)	%1.0	%1.0	%1.0		
The value of engineering consultancy (SAR)	40,788	35,690	30,591		
Total development costs without financing costs	5,904,063	5,612,174	5,320,285		
Percentage of funding from total development costs	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0		
Interest rate on financing cost	%7.0	%6.0	%5.0		
Number of years of development	0.50	0.50	0.50		
Total financing cost	0	0	0		
Total development costs with financing cost	5,904,063	5,612,174	5,320,285		
Contingency Risk %	%8.0	%7.0	%6.0		
Contingency Risk Value (SAR)	472,325	392,852	319,217		
Total value of development	6,376,388	6,005,026	5,639,502		
Developer profit percentage	%20.0	%15.0	%10.0		
The value of the developer's profits	1,275,278	900,754	563,950		
Total development value after adding developer earnings	7,651,666	6,905,780	6,203,452		

Fourth: The value of the land				
The total value of the land after deducting all costs and developer's profits 63,727,334 73,395,595 83,020,298				
Scenario weighted weight (%)				
Weighted land value	25,490,934	22,018,679	24,906,089	

Total land value before applying the discount coefficient and development period		
Development period		
Discount rate		
Discount coefficient		
Present value of total land		
Current value per square meter		
Current value per square meter (approximately)		

72,415,702
1.0
%6.0
0.94
68,316,700
1,340
1,300



Conclusion

✓ The second method: (cost method)

Cost method (replacement method)				
Warehouse construction surfaces 38,348 M2				
Meter/warehouse construction cost (before other costs)	550	SAR		

Other costs	القيمة	% من تكاليف البناء
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Utility Network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%15.0	%
Average warehouse construction (after adding other costs)	743	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	28,473,390	SAR
The life span of the building	30.0	Year
Residual economic life	4.0	Year
Effective lifetime	26.0	Year
Gross depreciation rate	%86.7	%
Average recurring construction after depreciation	99	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	3,796,452	SAR
Land Area	50,985	M2
Land meter value	1,300	SAR
Total Land Value	66,280,500	SAR
Total Property Value	70,076,952	SAR
Property value (approximately)	70,077,000	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)				
Item	Value			
Current Effective Income (SAR)	4,215,450			
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%5.6			
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	236,963			
Net Income (SAR)	3,978,487			
Capitalization rate %	%8.0			
Property Value (SAR)	49,731,084			
Total property value approximately (SAR)	49,731,000			



Conclusion

 \checkmark The fourth method: (the discounted cash flow method)

Approximately total value

Assumptions of discounted cash flow method		
Total income in case of full occupancy 6,710,900		
Operating expenses %7		
Vacancy rate after stabilization	%30	
Cash flow period	5 years	

To calculate discount rate		
government bond rate of revenue %3.0		
Inflation rate	%2.0	
Market risk premium %4		
Special risk premium	%3.0	
Discount rate	%12.0	

To calculate the last value (recoverable)				
Capitalization %8.5				
Growth rate %2.0				

		Discounted cash flows					
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	1-Jan-29		
Total income in case of full occupancy	6,710,900	6,710,900	6,710,900	6,710,900	6,710,900		
Expected occupancy rate	%65	%65	%65	%65	%65		
Total Effective Income	4,362,085	4,362,085	4,362,085	4,362,085	4,362,085		
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%6	%6	%6	%6	%6		
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	261,725	261,725	261,725	261,725	261,725		
Net Operating Income	4,100,360	4,100,360	4,100,360	4,100,360	4,100,360		
Last value (redemption value)					49,204,319		
Annual net cash flow	4,100,360	4,100,360	4,100,360	4,100,360	53,304,679		
Total Property Value	51,865,491						

51,865,000



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and in accordance with the requirements of the client, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property, according to the following information, for the property No. (310108046400) in the city of (Riyadh) in the neighborhood of (Al-Sulay), its area is 50,985 m2 as follows:

Total Property Value
Expected Net Income of the Property (SAR)
3,978,486.70
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)
51,865,000
Total property value (in writing)
Fifty one million eight hundred and sixty five thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- There is a difference between the plot number in the instrument and the building systems in Riyadh
- The net land area is 50,985, where a 15-meter-wide street along the western limit and an area of 3,090 square meters has been cut, with a net land area of 50,985 meters.
- The western limit after the cut-off became a 15-meter street.

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Manfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)



PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Nember (1210001216)





Appendices



Appendices

Title Deed image





Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

Item	Statement	Item	Statement	
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Number	16\868	
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather RIET Fund	Deed Date	1404/3/30	
The Purpose of evaluation	RIET Fund	Number of Plot	1473	
Type of Property	Commercial and Office building	Sketch Number	2304	
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Riyadh – Al Quds	Value Basis	Market Value	
Area of Property	895.5 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022	
Ownership Nature	usufruct	Preview Date	2025/01/07	
	Market method (comparative transactions	Valuation Date	2024/12/31	
Appraisal method used	method) Income Method (Discounted Cash Flow)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21	
Real estate	e market value (SAR)	70	06,000	



Description of Property

General Description

The property is a commercial office building in Riyadh, Al-Quds district, with an area of 895.5 m²

Description of Location					
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia				
Region	Central				
City	Riyadh				
District	Al Quds				
Street	-				

Ownership Data					
Deed Number	16\868				
Deed Date	1404/3/30				
Plot Number	1473				
Plan Number	2304				
	-				

Nature of property	□Rocky	□Sandy	□Salt-marsh	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑ Flat
System of use	Residential - C	Commercial - O	ffice (according to	o building reg	ulations)		



Description of the Property

	Site borders and lengths							
Northern	A 60 meter wide street	With a length	27	m				
Southern	Plot no: 1464	With a length	30	m				
Eastern	Plot no; 1473 A	With a length	30	m				
Western	A 15 meter wide street	With a length	27	m				

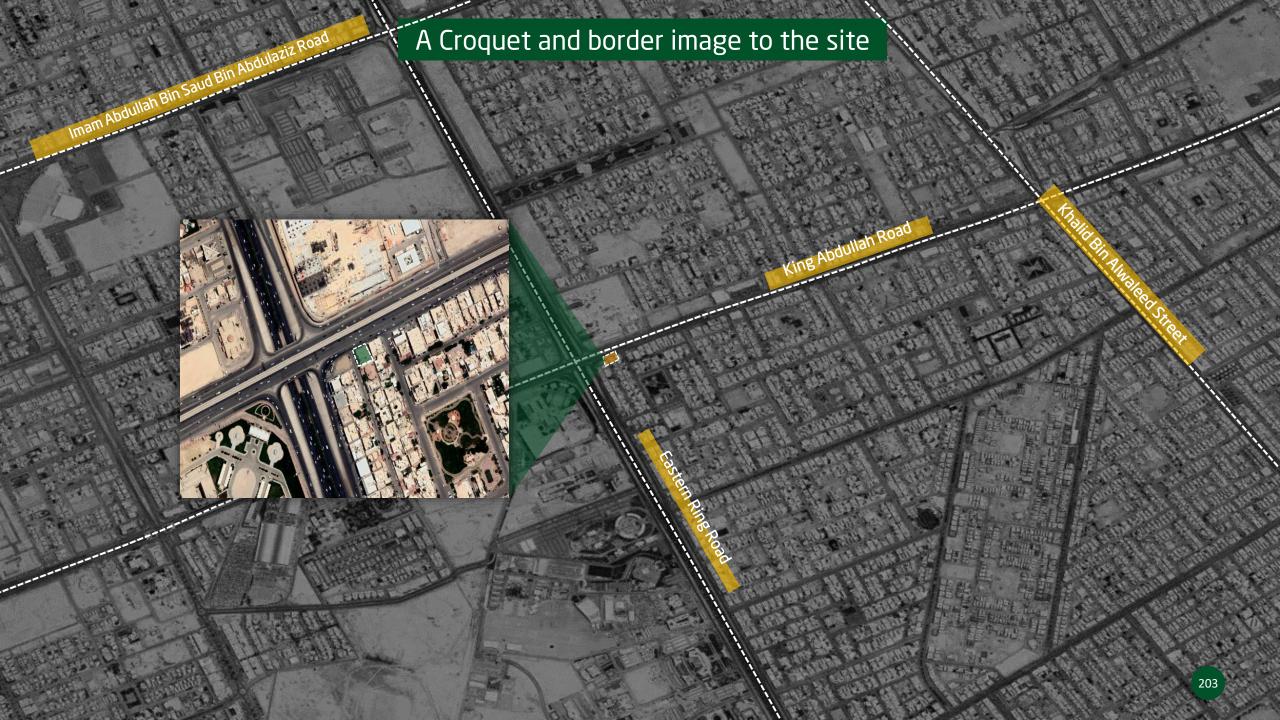
	Available Services at the Site							
V	Security Services	R	V	Electricity				
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	الا			
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>			
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}			
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/i\			



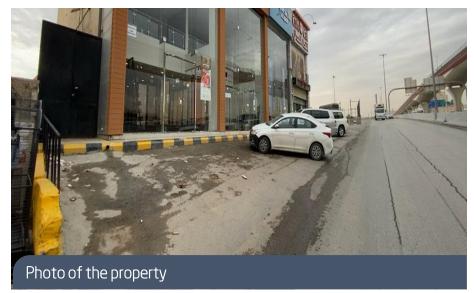
Description of the Property

Important inf	Important information about the property				
Name of the Property	Al Quds usufruct				
Location	Al Quds District / Riyadh City				
Type of Property	Commercial Showrooms				
Property's Age	8				
Land Area (m2)	895.50				
Building Area	1,317.84				
Number of Floors	Ground floor + two scales and upper annexes				
Components of the Property	It consists of trade fairs and offices				
The value of the current lease contracts	The usufruct expires on April 14, 2027				
Contract duration	annually renewed				
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100				
Total Current Income (SAR)	698,326				
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	350,000				
Net operating income (SAR)	0				
Current net operating income (SAR)	348,326				





Site Analysis / Pictures showing the nature of the property





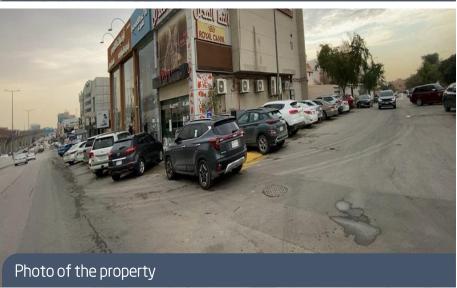






Site Analysis / Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Evaluation results | Comparison Settlement (Showrooms)

Conclusion

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		777		1,300		952	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	200	900	%10.00	230	%0.00	315	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%15.00-	New	%15.00-	New	%15.00-
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%15.00-		%15.00-		%15.00-
Net Valuation			%20.00-		%30.00-		%30.00-
Net market price after settlement			622		910		666
Average market rental meter value	733						



Approximately average market rental meter value

730



Evaluation results | Comparison Settlement (Offices)

Conclusion

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		535		640		414	
Property Location			%10.00		%10.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	90	140	%0.00	140	%0.00	165	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%15.00-	New	%15.00-	New	%10.00-
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Margin of negotiation			%10.00-		%10.00-		%0.00
Net Valuation			%15.00-		%15.00-		%10.00-
Net market price after settlement			455		544		373
Average market rental meter value	457		-				



Approximately average market rental meter value

460

Evaluation results | Discounted cash flow method

Showroom's Revenues	
Total rental area for Showrooms	820
Average rent per meter for Showrooms	730
Total Showrooms revenues in full occupancy	598,600
Office's Revenue	
Total rental area for offices	276
Average office meter rental	460
Total office revenue in full occupancy	126,960

To calculate the discount rate		
Government bond rate of return	%4.0	
Inflation	%2.0	
Market Risk Premium	%2.0	
Special Risk Premium	%2.0	
Discount rate	%10.0	

	Discounted cash flows		
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	14-Apr-27
The total income of the Showrooms in the event of full occupancy	598,600	598,600	171,029
Effective income for Showrooms	%95	%95	%95
Expected occupancy rate of Showrooms	568,670	568,670	162,477
Total office income in full occupancy	126,960	126,960	36,274
Expected occupancy rate for offices	%90	%90	%90
Effective income for offices	114,264	114,264	32,647
Total effective income in full employment	682,934	682,934	195,124
Annual increase rate	%0.0	%5.0	%0.0
Total income after annual increase	682,934	717,081	230,978
Operation and maintenance expense ratio	%5.0	%5.0	%5.0
Operation and maintenance expenses	34,147	35,854	11,549
Benefit rental as per client contract	350,000	350,000	99,726
Total cost	384,147	385,854	111,275
net cash flow	298,787	331,227	119,703
Total net present value	705,808		
Total value approx	706,000		

Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and in accordance with the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property and according to the following information for the property Deed No. (16/868) in the city of (Riyadh) in the neighborhood of (Al-Quds), an area of 895.5 m 2 is as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value	
Total Current Income (SAR)	
582,499.98	
The value of the usufruct of the property (SAR)	
706,000	
The value of the usufruct of the property approximately (riyals)	
706,000	
Total value of usufruct right (in writing)	
Seven hundred and six thousand Saudi riyals	



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The Usufruct from the property expires April 14, 2027 according to the customer's data, and we did not see a picture of the Usufruct contract.

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Manfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)



PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Member (1210001216)



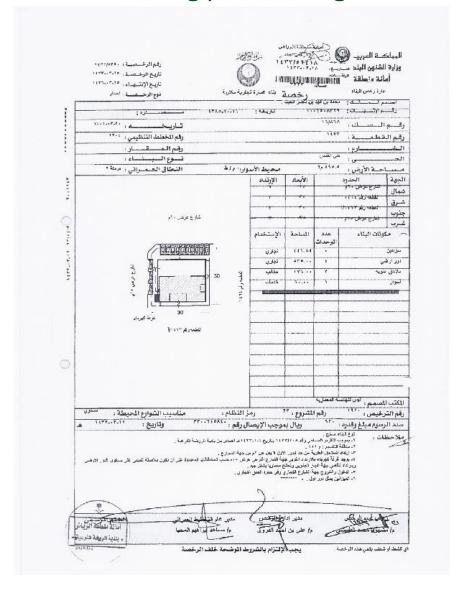


Appendices



Appendices

Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

ltem	Statement	Item	Satement		
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Number	17\91		
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Date	1404\2\10		
The Purpose of evaluation	REIT Fund	Number of Plot	7948		
Type of Property	Residential & commercial Block	Sketch Number	2351		
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia - Riyadh - Dhohrat Laban	Value Basis	Market Value		
Area of Property	895.5 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022		
Ownership Nature	Usufruct	Preview Date	2025/01/08		
	Market method (comparative transactions	Valuation Date	2024/12/31		
Appraisal method used method) Income Method (discounted cash flow method)		Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21		
Property	Property Market Value (SAR) 898,000				



General Description

The property is a residential commercial building in Riyadh, Dhohrat Laban district, with an area of 895.5 m²

Description of Location				
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia			
Region	Central			
City	Riyadh			
District	Dhohrat Laban			
Street	-			

Ownership Data				
Deed Number	17\91			
Deed Date	1404\2\10			
Plot Number	7948			
Plan Number	2351			
Block Number	-			

Nature of property	□Rocky	□Sandy	□Salt-marsh	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑ Flat
System of use	Residential -	Commercial -	offices				



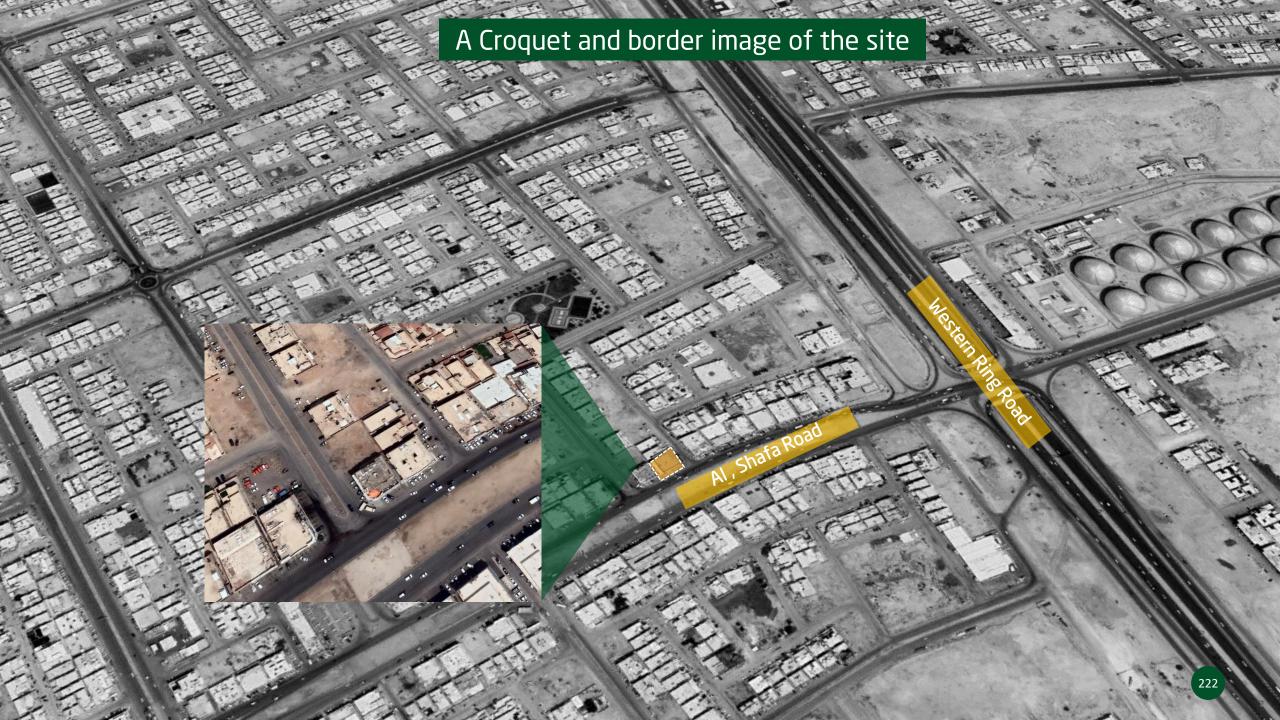
Site borders and lengths							
Northern	Plot no: 7946	With a length	20	m			
Southern	A 20 meter wide street	With a length	27	m			
Eastern	A 60 meter wide street	With a length	27	m			
Western	Plot no: 7949	With a length	30	m			

Available Services at the Site						
V	Security Services	Q	V	Electricity	<u> </u>	
V	Medical Centers	H	>	Water	्रमु	
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>	
V	Shopping Centers	\text{\ti}\text{\texi{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\tex{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\ti}}}}\tinttitex{\text{\text{\texit{\text{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi}\text{	V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}	
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \	



Important information about the property				
Name of the Property	Waddi Laban usufruct			
Location	Dhahrat Laban District / Riyadh City			
Type of Property	Commercial and Residential			
Property's Age	7			
Land Area (m2)	895.50			
Building Area	1,695, 02			
Number of Floors	Ground floor + two scales , first and upper annexes			
Components of the Property	It consists of commercial showrooms and apartments.			
The value of the current lease contracts	The usufruct expires on February 5, 2027			
Contract duration	annual contracts			
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100			
Total Current Income (SAR)	642,698			
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	200,000			
Net operating income (SAR)	12,869			
Current net operating income (SAR)	429,829			





Pictures showing the nature of property | Site Analysis





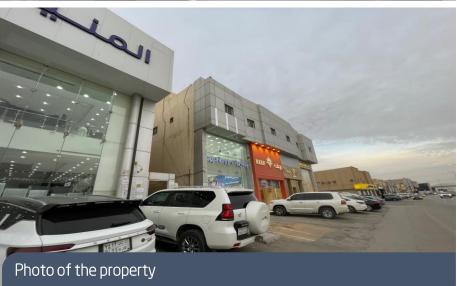


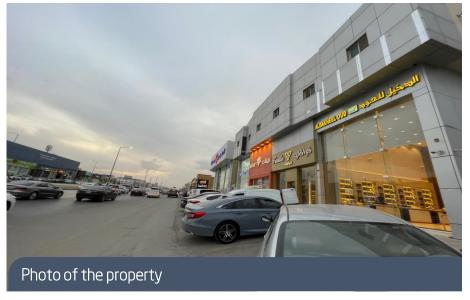


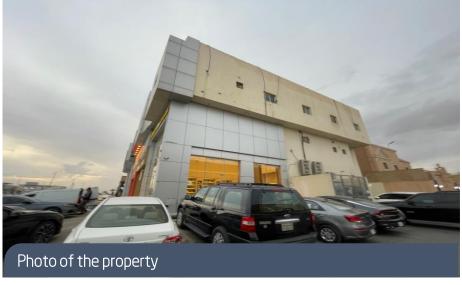


Pictures showing the nature of property | Site Analysis











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Evaluation results | Comparison Settlement (Apartments)

Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

29,000

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		38,000		35,000		31,000	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	133	150	%10.00-	150	%0.00	100	%0.00
Rooms	3	4	%5.00-	3	%0.00	3	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%10.00-	Good	%10.00-	Good	%10.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%25.00-		%10.00-		%10.00
et market price after settlement			28,500		31,500		27,900
verage market rental meter value	29,300						



Approximately average market

rental meter value



Evaluation results | Comparison Settlement (Showrooms)

Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

800

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		593		1,100		1,044	
Property Location			%5.00		%5.00		%5.00
Assumed Area (m2)	155	337	%10.00	72	%10.00-	383	%10.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%15.00-	Good	%15.00-	Good	%15.00-
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%0.00		%20.00-		%0.00
Net market price after settlement			593		880		1,044
Average market rental meter value	839						



Approximately average market rental meter value

Evaluation results | Discounted cash flow method

Showroom's Revenues	
Total rental area for Showrooms	620
Average rent per meter for Showrooms	800
Total Showrooms revenues in full occupancy	496,000
Apartment's Revenue	
Apartment's Revenue Number of apartments	6
<u> </u>	6 29,000

To calculate the discount rate				
Government bond rate of return	%4.0			
Inflation	%2.0			
Market Risk Premium	%2.0			
Special Risk Premium	%2.0			
Discount rate	%10			

	Discounted cash flow				
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	5-Feb-27		
Total Income	670,000	670,000	64,247		
Annual rate of increase	%0.0	%0.0	%0.0		
Total income after annual increase	670,000	670,000	64,247		
Expected occupancy rate	%100.0	%100.0	%100.0		
Total Effective Income	670,000	670,000	64,247		
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%3.0	%3.0	%3.0		
Operation and maintenance expenses	20,100	20,100	1,927		
Utility lease according to the customer's contract	200,000	200,000	19,178		
Total expenses	220,100	220,100	21,105		
Net Cash Flow	449,900	449,900	43,141		
Total Net Present Value	897,752				
Approximately total value	898,000				



Evaluation results

Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and in accordance with the requirements of the client, appraisal experts believe that the market value of the property and according to the following information for the property Deed No. (17/91) in the city of (Riyadh) in the neighborhood of (Dhohrat Laban), an area of 895.5 m2 is as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value					
Total expected income by the end of the year (SAR)					
429,829					
Usufruct value (SAR)					
898,000					
Total Property Value (Writing)					
Eight hundred and ninety eight thousand Saudi riyals					



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The Usufruct from the property expires On February 5, 2027 according to the customer's evidence, and we did not see a picture of the Usufruct contract

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Mahfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)



PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Member (1210001216)



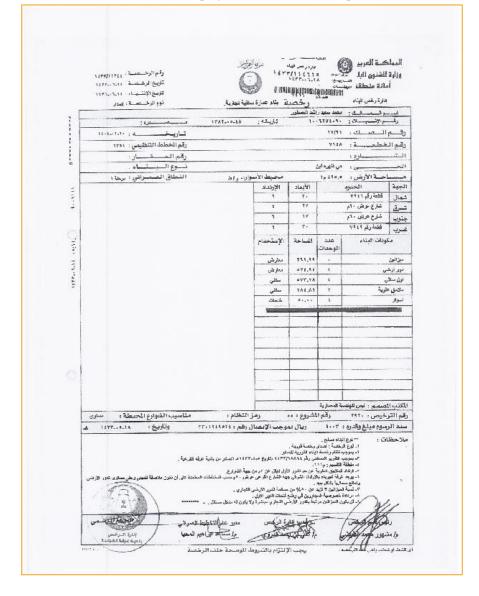


Appendices



Appendices

Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

ltem	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Number	1\512
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Date	1393\05\01
The Purpose of evaluation	REIT Fund	Number of Plot	-
Type of Property	commercial office building	Sketch Number	-
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia - Riyadh – Al Murabba	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of Property	781.94 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
Ownership Nature	Usufruct	Preview Date	2025/01/08
	Market method (comparative transactions	Valuation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used	method) Income Method (discounted cash flow method)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21
Property	Market Value (SAR)	2,	279,000



General Description

The property is a commercial office building in Riyadh, Al Murabba district, with an area of 781.94 m²

Description of Location				
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia			
Region	Central			
City	Riyadh			
District	Al Murabba			
Street	-			

Ownership Data				
Deed Number	512/1			
Deed Date	1393\05\01			
Plot Number	-			
Plan Number	-			
Block Number	-			

Nature of property	□Rocky	□Sandy	□Salt- marsh	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑ Flat
System of use	Commercia	l - offices					



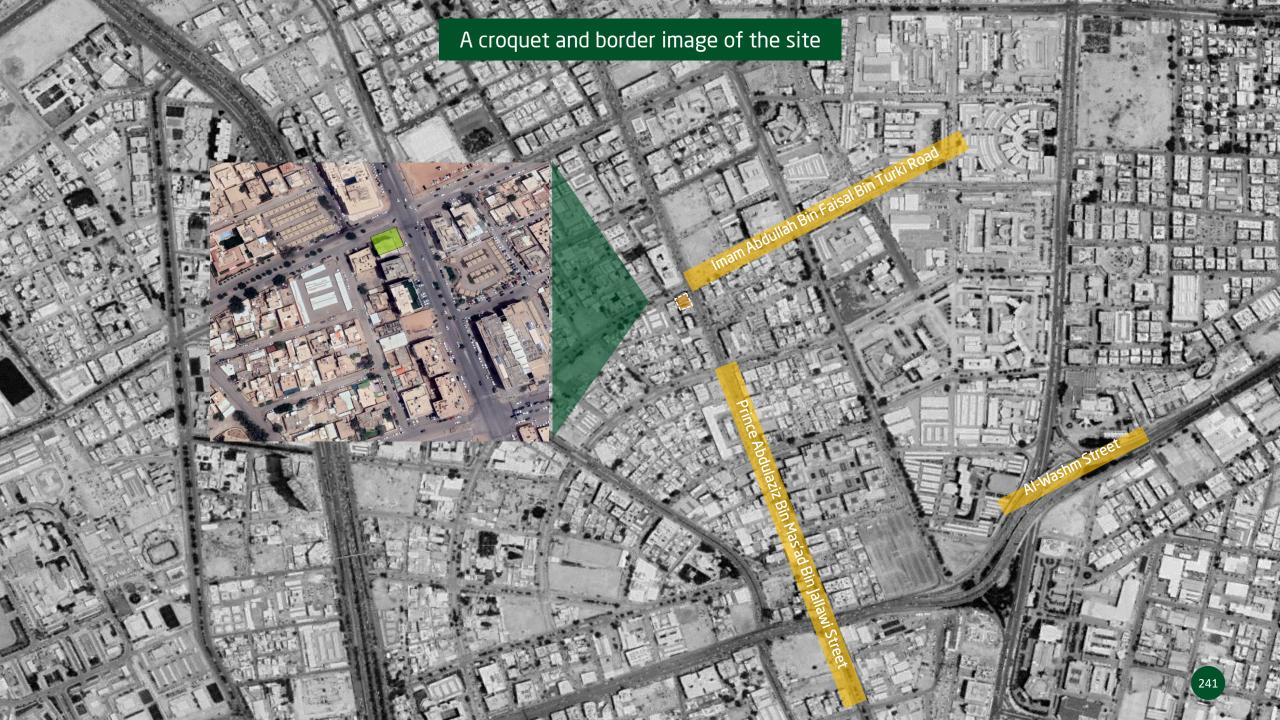
	Site borders and lengths						
Northern	A street that is 30 meters wide	With a length	23.0	m			
Southern	A street that is 30 meters wide	With a length	27.7	m			
Eastern	A neighbor	With a length	30	m			
Western	A neighbor	With a length	24.4	m			

	Available Services at the Site					
✓	Security Services	Q	V	Electricity	À	
V	Medical Centers	H	>	Water	्रमु	
\	Schools		>	Illumination	<u> </u>	
V	Shopping Centers	\text{\ti}\text{\texi{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\tex{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\ti}}}}\tinttitex{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}	V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}	
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \	

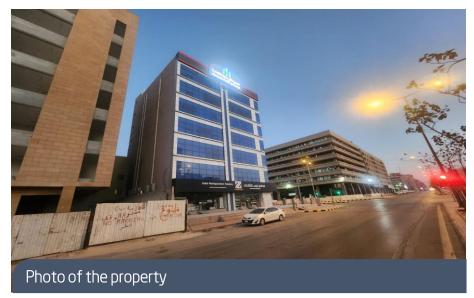


Important information about the property				
Name of the Property	Al Dabab usufruct			
Location	Al Moraba 'a District / Riyadh City			
Type of Property	Commercial and Residential			
Property's Age	5			
Land Area (m2)	781,94			
Building Area	3,080.48			
Number of Floors	Basement, ground floor,+ 6 recurring floors			
Components of the Property	It consists of commercial showrooms and offices.			
The value of the current lease contracts	The usufruct expires on May 18, 2031			
Contract duration	Yearly contract			
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100			
Total Current Income (SAR)	477,666			
Annual utility rent (SAR)	350,000			
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	55,112.26			
Net operating income (SAR)	72,554			





site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.





Evaluation results | Comparison Settlement (Offices)

Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

600

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		690		443		720	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	70	123	%0.00	158	%0.00	145	%0.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%10.00-	Good	%0.00	Good	%10.00-
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%10.00-		%0.00		%10.00-
Net market price after settlement			621		443		648
Average market rental meter value	571						



Approximately average market rental meter value



Evaluation results | Comparison Settlement (Showrooms)

Conclusion

✓ The first method: (Comparable transactions methods)

Comparison Number	Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Rent per meter		870		840		610	
Property Location			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Assumed Area (m2)	70	430	%10.00	238	%10.00	488	%15.00
Property Age	New	New	%0.00	New	%0.00	New	%0.00
Finishing level	Good	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00	Good	%0.00
Real Estate Management	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Availability of parking	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Security	Available	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00	Available	%0.00
Support Services			%0.00		%0.00		%0.00
Net Valuation			%10.00		%10.00		%15.00
Net market price after settlement			957		924		702
Average market rental meter value	861						
Approximately average market rental meter value	900						



Evaluation results | Discounted cash flow method

Showrooms Revenues				
Total rental area for Showrooms	202			
Average rent per meter for Showrooms	900			
Total Showrooms revenues in full occupancy	182,106			
Office Revenue				
Total rental area for offices	1,208			
Average office meter rental	600			
Total office revenue in full occupancy	724,824			

To calculate Discount rate				
government bond rate of return	%4.0			
Inflation rate	%2.0			
market risk premium	%3.0			
special risk premium	%2.0			
Discount rate	%11.0			

	Discounted cash flow						
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29	31-Dec-30	18-May-31
The total income of the fairs in the state of full occupancy	182,106	182,106	182,106	182,106	182,106	182,106	69,040
Total office income in full occupancy	724,824	724,824	724,824	724,824	724,824	724,824	274,796
Total income of the property in full occupancy	906,930	906,930	906,930	906,930	906,930	906,930	343,836
Annual increase rate	%0.0	%0.0	%5.0	%0.0	%0.0	%5.0	%0.0
Total income after the expected increase	906,930	906,930	952,277	952,277	952,277	999,890	343,836
Expected occupancy rate	%95.0	%95.0	%95.0	%95.0	%95.0	%95.0	%95.0
Total Effective Income	861,584	861,584	904,663	904,663	904,663	949,896	326,644
Operation and maintenance expense ratio	%10.0	%10.0	%10.0	%10.0	%10.0	%10.0	%10.0
Operation and maintenance expenses	86,158	86,158	90,466	90,466	90,466	94,990	32,664
Benefit rental as per client contract	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	33,562
Total cost	436,158	436,158	440,466	440,466	440,466	444,990	66,226
net cash flow	425,425	425,425	464,196	464,196	464,196	504,906	260,418
Total net present value	2,278,531						
Total value approx	2,279,000						



Evaluation results

Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and in accordance with the requirements of the client, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property and according to the following information for the property No. (512/1) in the city of (Riyadh) in the neighborhood of (Dhohrat Laban), an area of 781.94 m2 is as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value
Net Current Income (SAR)
422,553.52
Total Usufruct (SAR)
2,279,000
Total Usufruct (Writing)
Two million two hundred and seventy nine thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- ❖ The Usufruct from the property expires May 18, 2031 according to the customer's data, and we did not see a picture of the Usufruct contract

Executive Director

Abdulla Al Malhfouz

Basic Member (1×10000273)



PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Member (1210001216)





Appendices



Appendices

Building permit image

رقم الرفسسة : ۱۹۳۲/۱۳۰۵ الزيخ الرفسسة ، ۱۳۰۸-۱۹۳۵ الزيخ الإنسياء : ۱۹۳۵-۱۲۳۵	. 6	1171/	100 (010) VYO (VA VYO (VA	الرواية والمراوع المختلف	ئمة العربيدة ا اشتون البلدية انة عنطاقة ال	l I _e ljo ol
قوخ الرخسسية . تحيل مقطلات ليناه	بازية مكتبية	لي والماء عمارة نو	رخصا		نارة رخص البنام	
	1737-11-11	بدلله الجريوع تدييمه:		خبطر من پر ۲۰۲۰ اما ۲	م المسلك: م الأسيسات:	
مارسخاره: تارسخاسیه: ۱۳۹۲-۱۳۹۲		; Furthery, Nat		1/311	السمساك :	
تـــاريــخـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		-				
يم المحمد السطيمي : رقم المستقار :			يد الله بن أبت	شدع الاسام:	قطعــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	رقع ال
رهم المستقدير: معوم المستقداء : معان				حي العربع	1 (2	
النطاق الصميراني : مرطة ا		محيطاالأس		To VATAGE	حــة الأرض :	
		الإرقداد	الأيعاد		1 Irene	الجهة
P-25			F1.5	HOLY ENGLISH	المراع عرض ۲۰ ما	شمال
70000		,	17,8	٥	شارع عرض ٢٠٠٠	شرق
	1-1				,54	بيني
70	· [4]	الإستخدام	letal!	عند	وزات اليناء	غسرب إ مك
2		مواغف	963.51	الوحدات		دو
- L		تبري	716,7	1	49	اور ارت
		مكالب	774,71	Y		نوز لول
رس غرفة الكهرياء طي أن تكرن	بخاعب	775,71	Y	دون ٿلان		
العدي فيان الشروع في الإمام المذكة من المدين فيان الشروع في الإمام المذكة من		773,73	7	دون نافق		
ويثبت تقسيق بيذا فللسوس	شبنی لانتواطف الأس والسلامه وان وحمل الدائه عطاب بن الداع ضعلی	1000	50,11			3 to 24
رَحْبَ لَاقِ لَعُرَامَنَ مُعَامِّهِ لَمْ تَسَارِيةً	لا يسمح يضطنان الأسوار المحيطة بالإر (لا يعد إصدار وعصة الهذاء والاسرق		775,76	1		اور رایخ ازر هام
فالطاك النفرية والسيلون البنكورة ليبا	المشاري سورل سورية كانالة من الدور إلى مال عام تطابق المساملة بين الم	19	113.16	-		- 11. - 11.
	رفي خال علم تعقق المساهدات بين العا لللة الإجراءات المثالجة حوال محالية ا			-		
عدم وجون احتلاف في طاميها السوقع يعة وسرانتاة نكك عن وجد في التعسيم	على العائب المحمد والعناد الأألا من العدمة الدورج من والد الطو	- monome	-	-		-
يه ومراحة الفياضة في المقامية وقاة عدم مراحة الانتاث في المقامية	ئىدى لەكەن، رائىلەك ئىبات ئاڭ قىي د		-			-
					-	
			ت الهله سية	سأر فلاستثمارا	صمم : بوط الإه	المكتبالا
ناسيب الشوارع المحيطة : سنون	النظام، ما	ا رسز	لشروع : ١	رقم ا	ځيص: ۱۸۷۴	رقم الثر
وقاريخ: ١٢٢٠-١٢٢ م	PT. LARASET : (day)	وجب الإيصاة	ريال ب	7.71 ;	سوم مبلغ وقدره	سند الر
۱۳۶۱ ده. مدرج. هر وسانت " تا کار کندس او بعة مواقف قو مانع من نامه بيندراج خواة القيمياء. در حد المطاقة دادن " دادنا التدريات.	المُطَيِّطُ النَّمَرُ إِنِّي يَتَارِيخُ ١٤٢٢/٢٥٥٠ وفي النهازوين هيال النَّصُر وعَمَّمَ النَّعَ	من قبل لچنه الدشاري د الام من حد الطاورة و ح الوشم جنوبا وشار هيه سنادة مدير عام ا دب العلاقة يتصل شكا لة بتجمل ادر شكار و و	عاطات المنكدة ويردة الشعار به مشروع جرد شار واقت بدوجت كو لا تعيد على هنا در صنحت البادا	التخريد بتنظيم السنا مو الذي سرارات ثلثة السخسورية الا تشام يتقمي الاسر الاجراءات مع لا علام المعدد المقدم	اد روره 1- تائير 1- المتعا 1- المتعادل المتعادل 1- نعادة	مادحقا
	مثير عام التخاليط العيد م) مساحد الواتيد المد	Uas alta	مقهر إدا وا علي بن ا		اون أسم الأخاص عام حكم الطاعة	Fr.







End of Report



Executive Summary

Item	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Number	314003007390
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Date	1443/6/17
The Purpose of evaluation	REIT Fund	Number of Plot	56 و 54
Type of Property	Hotel	Sketch Number	349 / 2
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Al Khobar- Al- Aqrabeya	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of Property	1,750.00 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
Ownership Nature	mortgaged	Preview Date	2025/01/07
	Market method (comparative transactions	Valuation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used	method) Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method)Cost method (replacement method)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21
Property Market Value (SAR)		27,	508,000



General Description

The property is a hotel in Al-Khobar, Al-Aqrabeya district, with an area of 1,750.00 m²

Description of Location		
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	
Region	Central	
City	Al Khobar	
District	Al-Aqrabeya	
Street	-	

Ownership Data				
Deed Number	314003007390			
Deed Date	1443/6/17			
Plot Number	56 g 54			
Plan Number	349 / 2			
Block Number	-			

Nature of property	□Rocky	□Sandy	□Salt-marsh	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑ Flat
System of use	Commercia	al					



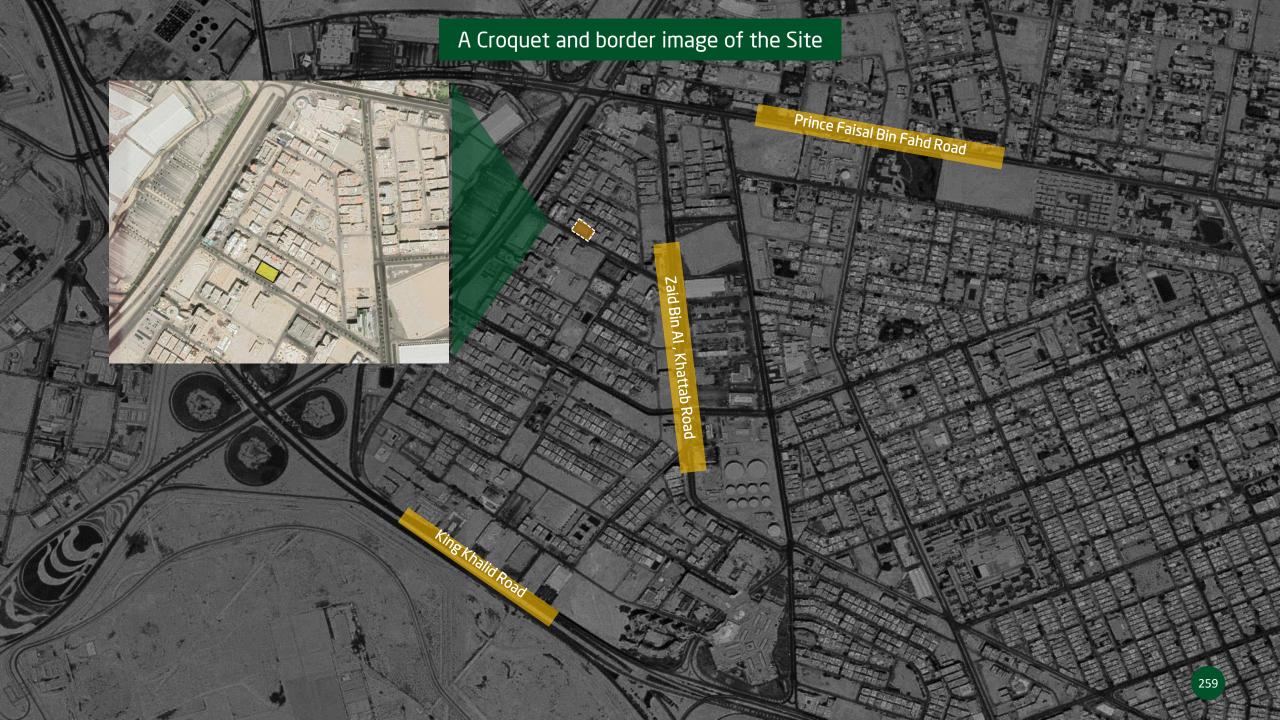
	Site borders and lengths				
Northern	Coupons No. 53 and 55	With a length	50.00	m	
Southern	A Street width 30 meter	With a length	50.00	m	
Eastern	8 meter wide corridor	With a length	35.00	m	
Western	Plot No. 58	With a length	35.00	m	

Available Services at the Site						
V	Security Services	R	V	Electricity	<u> </u>	
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	्रमु	
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>	
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}	
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \	

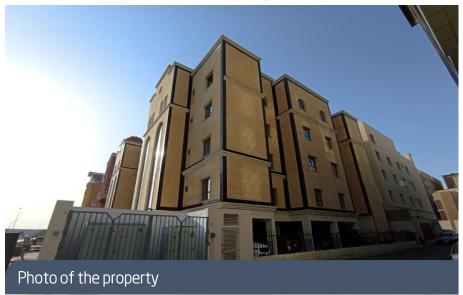


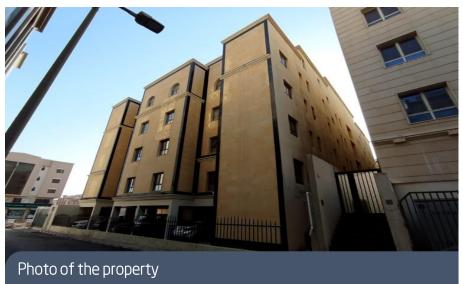
Important information about the property				
Name of the Property	Towlan Suites Hotel			
Location	Al-Aqrabeya District / Al Khobar			
Type of Property	Hotel Apartments			
Property's Age	11 years			
Land Area m2	1,750			
Building Area	6,275.88			
Number of Floors	Two Basements, ground floor,+ 4 recurring floors			
Components of the Property	It consists of 56 hotel rooms.			
The value of the current lease contracts	2,310,000			
Contract duration	One lease contract expires at the end of 2029			
Occupancy rate of units (%)	100%			
Total Current Income (SAR)	1,900,754			
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	There are no operating and maintenance expenses			
Net operating income (SAR)	1,900,754			



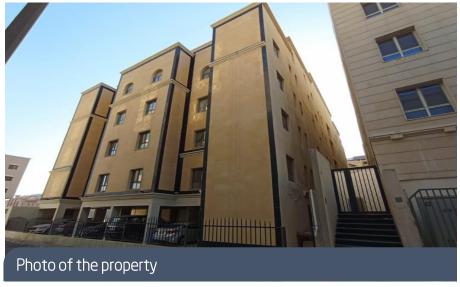


site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

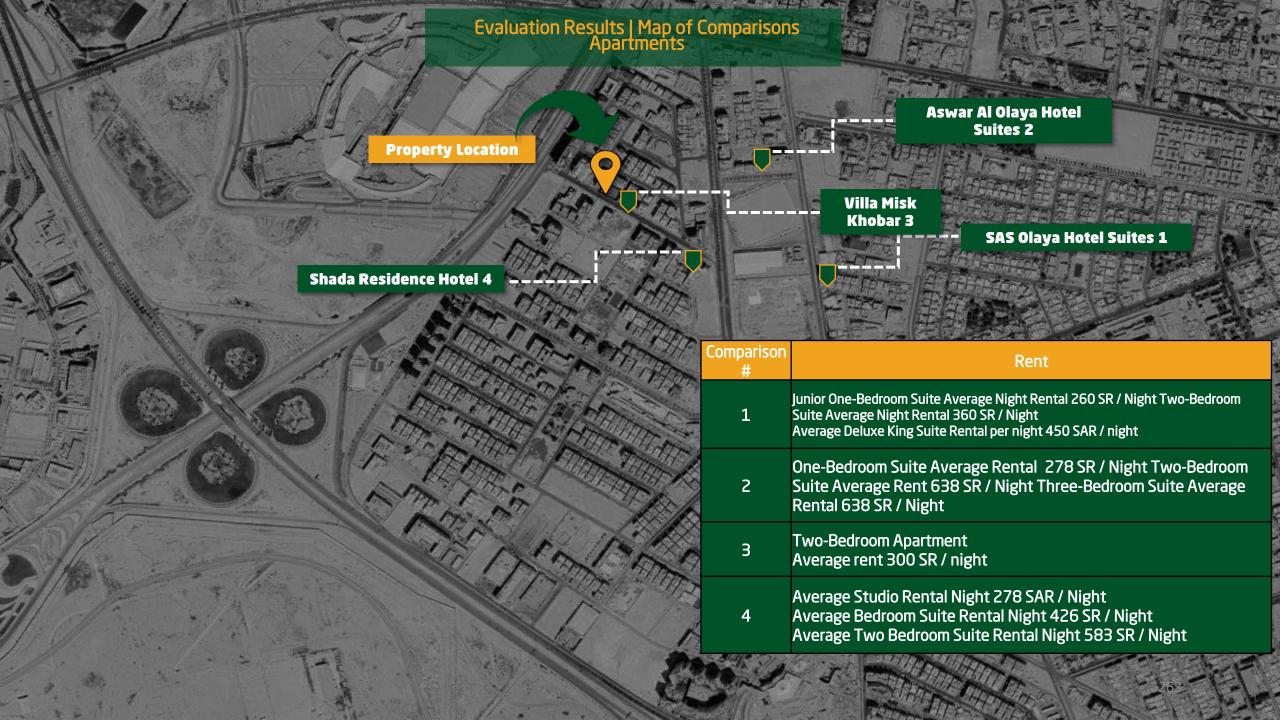
The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.







Conclusion

✓ The first method: (settlement of comparisons)

Adjustments	The Property	Comparison 1	- + %0	Comparison 2	- + %0	Comparison 3	- + %0
Price per square meter		5,500		5,500		6,000	
Adjustments elements							
1- Financing Conditions		Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0	Cash sale	%0.0
The value of the meter after settling the financing conditions		5,500		5,500		6,000	
2- Market conditions		No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0	No change in market conditions	%0.0
3- Properties of the property							
Location		Similar	%0.0	Similar	%0.0	Similar	%0.0
Transaction date		2024	%0.0	2025	%0.0	2024	%0.0
Type of use	Commercial	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0	Commercial	%0.0
Area (m2)	1,750.00	1,500	%0.0	1,500	%0.0	1,800	%0.0
Accessibility	Good	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0	Good	%0.0
Number of Streets	one street	one street	%0.0	one street	%0.0	one street	%0.0
Proximity to the main road	One road	One road	%0.0	One road	%0.0	One road	%0.0
Proximity to facilities	Near	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0	Near	%0.0
Availability of services	All services are available	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0	All services are available	%0.0
Regularity of the shape of the property	Regular	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0	Regular	%0.0
Margin of negotiation			%0.0		%5.0-		%0.0
Other factors			%10.0		%10.0		%10.0
Total adjustments			%10.0		%5.0		%10.0
Net Market Price After Adjustments (SAR)		6,050		5,775		6,600	
Weighted Weight		%33		%33		%34	
Average price per meter (SAR / m2)	6,146						
Price per meter after rounding	6,100						



Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)				
Parking Building Surfaces	1,136	M2		
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,850	SAR		
Recurring floor building surfaces	5,112	M2		
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,850	SAR		

Other costs	Value	% of construction
Other costs	value	costs
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Facilities network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%15.0	%
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,498	SAR
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	2,498	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	15,605,329	SAR
The life span of the building	40.0	year
Residual economic life	26.5	year
Effective lifetime	13.5	year
Gross depreciation rate	%33.8	%
Average construction of parking after depreciation	1,655	SAR
Average recurring construction after depreciation	1,655	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	10,338,530	SAR
Land Area	1,750	M2
Land meter value	6,100	SAR
Total Land Value	10,675,000	SAR
Total Property Value	21,013,530	SAR
Property value (approximately)	21,014,000	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)			
Item Value			
Current Effective Income (SAR)	1,900,754		
Net Income (SAR)	1,900,754		
Capitalization rate %	%8.5		
Property Value (SAR) 22,361,811			
Total property value approximately (SAR) 22,362,000			



Conclusion

✓ The fourth method: (discounted cash flow method)

Assumptions of the discounted cash flow method			
Gross income in full occupancy 2,310,000			
operating expenses	%0		
Vacancy rate after stabilization	%0		
cash flow period	6 Years		

To calculate the discount rate			
government bond rate of return %4.0			
Inflation rate %2.0			
market risk premium %3.0			
special risk premium	%1.0		
Discount rate	%10.0		

To calculate the last (recoverable) value			
capitalization %9.0			
growth rate %2.0			

	Discounted cash flows						
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-25 31-Dec-26 31-Dec-27 31-Dec-28 31-Dec-29					
Total Effective Income	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000		
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0		
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	0	0	0	0	0		
Net Operating Income	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000		
Last value (redemption value)					26,180,000		
Annual net cash flow	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000	2,310,000	28,490,000		

Total Property Value	27,508,148
Approximately total value	27,508,000



Conclusion

- Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, **discounted cash flow method** is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property and according to the following information for the property, the deed number (314003007390) in the city of (Al-Khobar) in the (Al-Agrabia) neighborhood, its area is 1,750.00 m2 as follows:
- ✓ Discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value		
Net Current Income (SAR)		
1,900,754		
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)		
27,508,000		
Total Property Value (Writing)		
Twenty seven million five hundred and eight thousand Saudi riyals		



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for SAR 195,568,771.30

Executive Director

Aboutla Al Mahfouz

sic Member (1x10000273)

الشركة السعودية لتقييم وتثمين الاصول للاستشارات المهنية Saudi Asset Valuation Company For Professional Consulting C.R.No. 1010206162 من السجل التجاري ، Vat No. 300046706100003 رقم الضريبي ، Vat No. 300046706100003

PMO Director

Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil

ssociate Nember (1210001216)



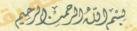


Appendices

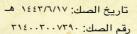


Appendices

Title deed











صك

الحمد لله وحده والصلاة والسلام على من لا نبي بعده، وبعد: فإن الواقع في حي العليا بمدينة الخبر. القطعتين رقم 54 و 56 بالمخطط رقم 349 / 2 بحى العقربية بمحافظة الخبر وحدودها وأطوالها كالتالي: شمالاً: قسيمتين رقم 53 و 55 بطول: (50) خمسون متر

شمالاً: قسيمتين رقم 53 و 55 بطول: (50) خمسون متر جنوباً: شارع عرض 30 متر بطول: (50) خمسون متر شرقاً: ممر عرض 8 متر بطول: (35) خمسة و ثلاثون متر غرباً: قطعة رقم 58 بطول: (35) خمسة و ثلاثون متر

ومساحتها: (1750) ألف و سبعمائة و خمسون متر مربعاً فقط

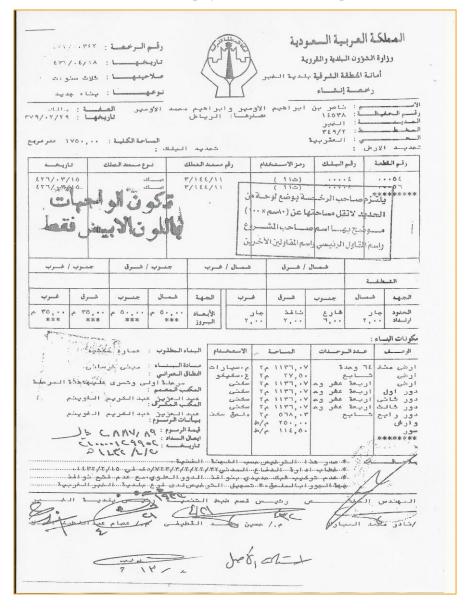
الملوكة 1/ شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010715448 في 26 / 10 / 10 مدونة الملوكة 1/ 10 الحفظ للعقارات بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010715448 في 26 / 10 / 1443 هـ بالصك الصادر من كتابة العدل بشمال الرياض برقم 1438 هـ وتنتهي في 91 / 1443 هـ قد تم رهنها وما أقيم أو سيقام عليها من بناء لصالح / 917819000735 لمركة الراجحي المصرفية للاستثمار بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 101000096 وتنتهي في 29 / 5 / 1444 هـ ضمانا لوفائه بـ/ بما عليه من مستحقات مالية لصالح مصرف الراجحي بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 101000096 بمبلغ وقدره (195568771.3 مائة و خمسة و تسعون مليونا و تجاري رقم 101000096 بمبلغ وقدره (195568771.3 مائة و خمسة و تسعون مليونا و المهيئة الشرعية برقم 1075 في 7 / 9 / 1436هـ , على أن يتم سداد المديونية بالكامل نهاية الفترة المتفق عليها (60) شهر من تاريخ اليوم 20/ 10/ 2022م وفي حالة عدم السداد فللمرتهن بيع العقل بلقمة التي تنتهي عندها الرغبات واستيفاء مافي نمة الراهن من مبلغ وما نقص يرجع فيه عليه بعد اكمال مايلزم شرعاً وعليه جرى التصديق تحريراً في 17 / 6/ 1443 هـ وصلى الله على نبينا محمد وآله وصحبه وسلم.

صدر<mark>ت هذه الوث</mark>يقة من وزارة العدل , ويجب التحقق من بياناتها وسريانها عبر الخدمات الإلكترونية لوزارة العدل شخة مطابع المكومة-۲۹۲۱۶۹ (هذا النموذع مخمص للاستخدام بالخاسب الآبي وبندع تطلبه) نموذج رقم (۲۰۱۳-۱۰۱) صفحة رقم 1 من 1





Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

Item	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Number	314003007389 814003007409 914003007410 514003007411 814003007412
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Date	1443/6/17 1443/6/23
The Purpose of evaluation	REIT Fund Number of F		1029 ,1035 ,1034 ,1036 ,1031
Type of Property	Schools	Sketch Number	245/ق/1
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Onaizah - Al Fahd	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of Property	6,694.00 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
Ownership Nature	mortgaged	Preview Date	2025/01/07
	Market method (comparative transactions	Valuation Date	2024/12/31
Appraisal method used	method) Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)	Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21
Property	Market Value (SAR)	30	,465,000



General Description

The property consists of schools in Onaizah, Al Fahd District, with an area of $6,694.00 \ m^2$

Description of Location			
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia		
Region	Al-Qassim		
City	Onaizah		
District	Al Fahd		
Street	-		

Ownership Data			
Deed Number	814003007409 914003007410 514003007411 814003007412		
Deed Date	314003007389 1443/6/23 1443/6/17		
Plot Number	,1035 ,1034 ,1036 ,1031 1029		
Plan Number	245/ق/1		
Block	245 / plot 1		

Nature of property	□Rocky	□Sandy	□Salt-marsh	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑ Flat
System of use	school						



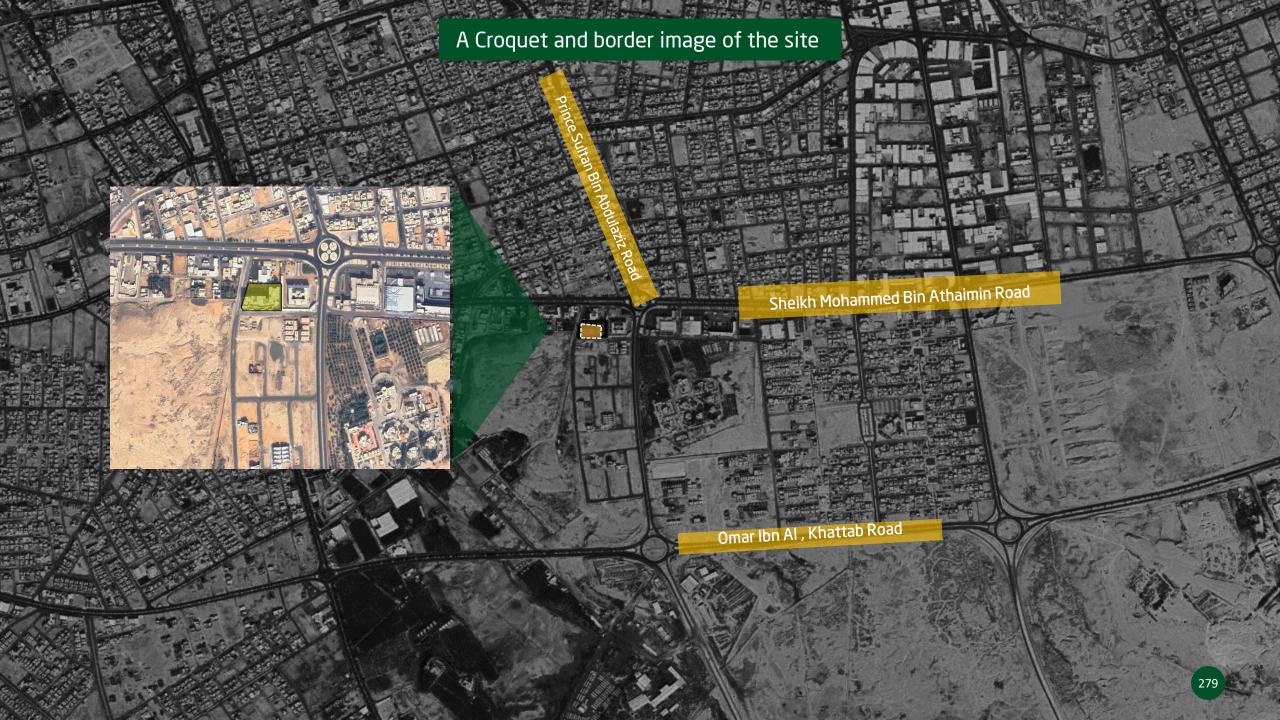
	Site borders and lengths					
Northern	According to the deeds	With a length	According to the deeds m			
Southern	According to the deeds	With a length	According to the deeds m			
Eastern	According to the deeds	With a length	According to the deeds m			
Western	According to the deeds	With a length	According to the deeds m			

Available Services at the Site					
✓	Security Services	R Q	V	Electricity	À
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	्रमु
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>
V	Shopping Centers	\text{\ti}\text{\texi{\text{\ti}}}\tittt{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tittt{\text{\texitt{\text{\text{\texi}\tiint{\text{\texit{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{	V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \



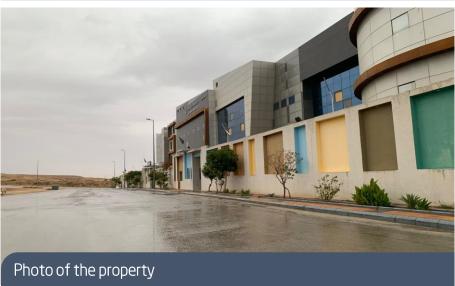
Important information about the property				
Name of the Property	Al Nokhba Schools at Onaizah			
Location	Al-Fahd District / Onaizah			
Type of Property	A school			
Property's Age	2 Years			
Land Area (m2)	6,694			
Building Area	10,522.17			
Number of Floors	Basement, ground floor,+ 2 recurring floors			
Components of the Property	A school			
The value of the current lease contracts	2,635,000			
Contract duration	Rental contracts expire at the end of 2034			
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100			
Total Current Income (SAR)	2,635,000			
Operation and maintenance expenses (SAR)	There are no operating and maintenance expenses			
Net operating income (SAR)	2,635,000			





site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property



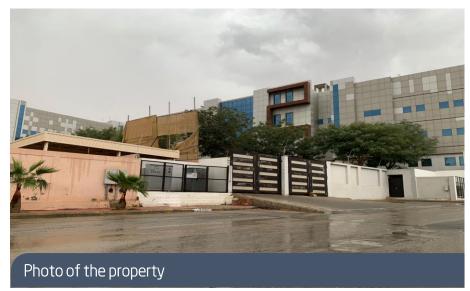




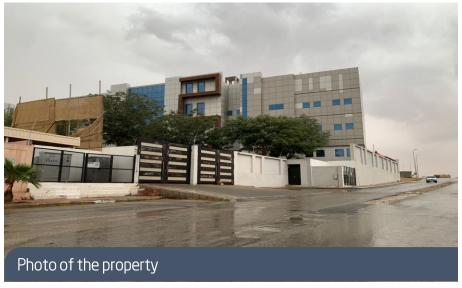


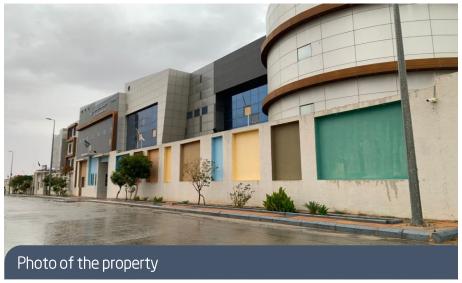


site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.



Conclusion

✓ The first Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)							
Parking Building Surfaces 735 M2							
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,800	SAR					
Recurring floor building surfaces	9,787	M2					
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,800	SAR					

Other costs	Value	% of construction costs
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Facilities network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,520	SAR
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	2,520	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	26,515,868	SAR
The life span of the building	45.0	year
Residual economic life	41.5	year
Effective lifetime	3.5	year
Gross depreciation rate	%7.8	%
Average construction of parking after depreciation	2,324	SAR
Average recurring construction after depreciation	2,324	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	24,453,523	SAR
Land Area	6,694	M2
Land meter value	500	SAR
Total Land Value	3,347,000	SAR
Total Property Value	27,800,523	SAR
Property value (approximately)	27,801,000	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The second method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)						
Item Value						
Current Effective Income (SAR)	2,636,045					
Net Income (SAR)	2,636,045					
Capitalization rate %	%8.5					
Property Value (SAR)	31,012,299					
Total property value approximately (SAR)	31,012,000					



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (Land Development)

First: Land data and zoning of areas							
Data Scenario1 Scenario2 Scenario							
Land Area raw (m2)	6,694	6,694	6,694				
Land Area after Development (m2)	5,690	5,690	5,690				
Residential Land Area (m2)	5,690	5,690	5,690				

Second: Sales Estimation							
Data Scenario1 Scenario2 Scenario							
Average value per residential meter / SAR	800	850	900				
Revenue from the residential plots	4,551,920	4,836,415	5,120,910				
Total Revenues from Land Sale (SAR)	4,551,920	4,836,415	5,120,910				



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (Land Development)

Third: Development Costs							
Data	Scenario1	Scenario2	Scenario3				
Marketing commission rate (%)	%2.5	%2.5	%2.5				
Marketing Commission Value (SAR)	113,798	120,910	128,023				
Percentage of professional consulting and fees of development cost (%)	%1.0	%1.0	%1.0				
Total development costs without financing costs	113,798	120,910	128,023				
Number of years of development	0.50	0.50	0.50				
Total development costs with financing cost	113,798	120,910	128,023				
Contingency Risk %	%3.0	%1.0					
Contingency Risk Value (SAR)	3,414	3,414 2,418					
Total value of development	117,212	123,329	129,303				
Developer profit percentage	%10.0	%10.0					
The value of the developer's profits	11,721	12,333	12,930				
Total development value after adding developer earnings	128,933	135,661	142,233				
Fourth: The value of the land							
The total value of the land after deducting all costs and developer's profits	4,422,987	2,987 4,700,754 4,978,					
Scenario weighted weight (%)	%30.0	%30.0	%40.0				
Weighted land value	1,326,896	1,410,226	1,991,471				



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (Land Development)

Total land value before applying the discount coefficient and development period	4,728,593
Development period	0.5
Discount rate	%6.0
Discount coefficient	0.97
Present value of total land	4,592,815
Current value per square meter	686
Reduction rate for educational use	%30
The value of the land meter after the reduction	480
Current value per square meter (approximately)	500



Conclusion

✓ The fourth method: (discounted cash flow method)

Assumptions of the discounted cash flow method						
Gross income in full occupancy 2,635,0						
operating expenses	%0					
Vacancy rate after stabilization	%0					
cash flow period	10 years					

To calculate the discount rate							
government bond rate of %4.0							
Inflation rate	%2.0						
market risk premium	%3.0						
special risk premium	%1.0						
Discount rate	%10.0						

To calculate the last (recoverable) value					
capitalization %9.0					
growth rate	%2.0				

	Discounted cash flows									
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29	31-Dec-30	31-Dec-31	31-Dec-32	31-Dec-33	31-Dec-34
Total Effective Income	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Operating Income	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000
Last value (redemption value)										29,863,333
Annual net cash flow	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	2,635,000	32,498,333
Total Property Value	30,464,650									
Approximately total value	30,465,000									



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the income capitalization method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property and according to the following information for the property, the deed number (-) in the city of (Onaizah) in the (Fahd) neighborhood, its area is 6,694.00 m2 as follows:
- ✓ Income capitalization method has been adopted.

Total Property Value			
Annual Tenancy Contract Value (SAR)			
2,636,045.42			
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)			
30,465,000			
Total Property Value (Writing)			
Thirty million four hundred and sixty five thousand Saudi riyals			



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for SAR 195,568,771.30

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Malhfouz

Basic Member (2x 10000273)

الشركة السعودية لتقييم وتثمين الاصول للاستشارات المهنية Saudi Asset Valuation Company For Professional Consulting C.R.No. 1010206162 وقم السجل التجاري ، Vat No. 300046706100003 وقم الضريبي ، Vat No. 300046706100003

PMO Director
Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil
Associate Member (1210001216)





Appendices



Appendices

Title deed













الحمد لله وحده والصلاة والسلام على من لا نبي بعده، ويعد: فإن قطعة الارض رقم 1036 من المخطط رقم 245 / ق/ 1 الواقع في حي الفهد بمدينة عنيزة .

جنوباً: شارع عرض 20م بطول: (34.7) أربعة و ثلاثون متر و سبعون سنتمتر وبه شطفة 6.30م شرقاً: قطعة رقم 1035 بطول: (32) اثنين و ثلاثون متر

غرباً: شارع عرض 20م بطول: (28.1) ثمانية و عشرون متر و عشرة سنتمتر ومساحتها : (925) تسعمانة و خمسة و عشرون متر مربعاً فقط بناء على محضر اللجنة الفنية رقم 272072 في 2 / 4/ 1435 هـ ومصدره بادية محافظة عنيزة والقيد في هذه الإدارة برقم

35951470 في 3 / 4/ 1435 هـ الملوكة لـ/ شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010715448 في 26 / 10/ 1438 هـ وتنتهى في 26 / 10/ 1443 هـ بالصك الصادر من كتابة العدل بشمال الرياض برقم 517803000632 في 29 / 6/ 1441 هـ. قد تم رهنها وما أقيم أو سيقام عليها من بناء لصالح / شركة الراجمي المصرفية للاستثمار بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010000096 وتنتهي في 29 / 5/ 1444 هـ ضمانا لوفاته بـ/ بما عليه من مستحقات مالية لصالح مصرف الراجحي بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010000096 بمبلغ وقدره (195568771.3 مائة و خمسة و تسعون مليونا و خمسمانة و ثمانية و ستون ألفا و سبعمانة و واحد و سبعون ريال و ثلاثون هللة) ريال المجاز من الهيئة الشرعية برقم 1075 في 7 / 9 / 1436هـ , على أن يتم سداد الديونية بالكامل نهاية الفترة المتفق عليها (60) شهر من تاريخ اليوم 20/ 10/ 2022م وفي حالة عدم السداد فللمرتهن بيع العقار بالقيمة التي تنتهي عندها الرغبات واستيفاء مافي ذمة الراهن من مبلغ وما نقص يرجع فيه عليه بعد اكمال مايلزم شرعاً وعليه

صدرت هذه الوثيقة من وزارة العدل . ويجب التحقق من بياناتها وسريانها عبر الخدمات الإلكترونية ثوزارة العدل







(A)

وزازة العذل

وحدودها وأطوالها كالتالي:

الحمد تله وحدم والصلاة والسلام على من لا نبي بعده، ويعد:

شمالاً: قطعة رقم 1028 بطول: (29) تسعة و عشرون متر

جنوباً: شارع عرض 20م بطول: (29) تسعة و عشرون متر

الرغبات واستيفاء مافي ذمة الراهن من مبلغ وما نقص يرجع

رمساحتها : (1798) ألف و سبعمائة و ثمانية و تسعون متر مربعاً فقط

شرقاً: مكتب إدارة المالك بطول: (62) اثنين و ستون متر

غرباً: قطعة رقم 1031 بطول: (62) اثنين و ستون متر



بنغ لافك الرحمة والرحيع

فإن قطعة الارض رقم 1029 من المخطط رقم 245 / ق/ 1 الواقع في حي الفهد بمدينة عنيزة .

لملوكة لـ/ شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010715448 في 26 / 10/ 1438 هـ وتنتهى في 26 / 10/ 1443 هـ بالصك الصادر من كتابة العدل بشمال الرياض برقم

317816000399 في 29 / 6/ 1441 هـ. قد تم رهنها وما أقيم أو سيقام عليها من بناء لصالح /

شركة الراجحي المصرفية للاستثمار بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 101000096 وتنتهى في 29 / 5/

1444 هـ ضمانا لوفانه بـ/ مبلغ (195568771.30 ريال) (منة وخمسة وتسعون مليون وخمسمنة

وشمان وستون الف وسبعمئة وواحد وسبعون ريال وثلاثون هللة) بموجب العقد الموقع بين المصرف

والسيد / شركة بينك الحفظ للمقاولات بتاريخ 90 / 01 / 2020م المجاز من الهيئة الشرعية رقم

1075 وتاريخ 07 / 99 / 1436هـ علما أن اجازة الهيئة الشرعية سارية مالم يرد عليها ما يعدلها

الشرعية لا بخلافها على أن يتم سداد المديونية كما هو متفق عليه في عقد التسهيلات المشار اليه

أعلاه تسدد بالكامل في نهاية الفترة المتفق عليها 60 شهر من تاريخ 25 / 01 / 2022م وتحديدا

في تاريخ 25 / 01 / 2027م وفي حالة عدم السداد فللمرتهن بيع العقار بالقيمة التي تنتهي عندها

2 : 41 44 544

صدرت هذه الرشقة من وزارة العدل , ويجب التحقق من بياناتها وسريانها عبر الخدمات الإلكترونية لوزارة العدل

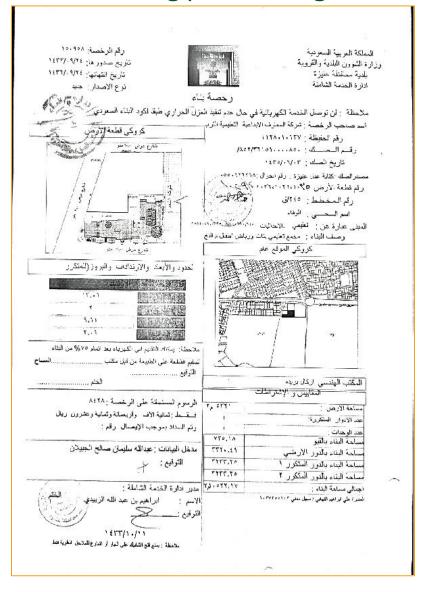
و يلغيها وأن تتفيذ هذا العقد المعين المنشى، للمديونية على العميل قد تم او سيتم وفق قرارات الهيئة

تاريخ الصك: ١٤٤٢/١/٢٢ هـ

رقم الصك: ١١٤٠٠٣٠٠٧٤١٠

والقالعتك

Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

ltem	Statement	Item	Statement
Customer's Name	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Number	310146000228
Beneficiaries of evaluation	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Date	22/6/1443
The Purpose of evaluation	REIT Fund	Number of Plot	Without
Type of Property	Schools	Sketch Number	2207
Address of Property	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia – Riyadh - Al Salam	Value Basis	Market Value
Area of Property	10,000.00 m2	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
Ownership Nature	mortgaged	Preview Date	2025/01/07
	Market method (comparative transactions	Valuation Date	2024/12/31
method) Appraisal method used Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)		Date of Issuing the Report	2025/01/21
Market Valu	ue of the Property (SAR)	5	2,455,000



Property Description

General Description

The property consists of schools in the city of Riyadh in Al-Salam district, with an area of 10,000.00 \mbox{m}^{2}

Description of Location			
Country	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia		
Region	Central		
City	Riyadh		
District	Al Salam		
Street	-		

Ownership Data			
Deed Number	310146000228		
Deed Date	22/6/1443		
Plot Number	Without		
Plan Number	2207		
Block	-		

Nature of property	□Rocky	□Sandy	□Salt-marsh	□Buried	□High	□Low	☑ Flat
System of use	School						



Property Description

Site borders and lengths						
Northern	A 20 m street wide and Block 9	With a length	100.00	m		
Southern	A parking area then a 15 m street wide	With a length	100.00	m		
Eastern	A 15 m street wide	With a length	100.00	m		
Western	A 15 m street wide then Block 22	With a length	100.00	m		

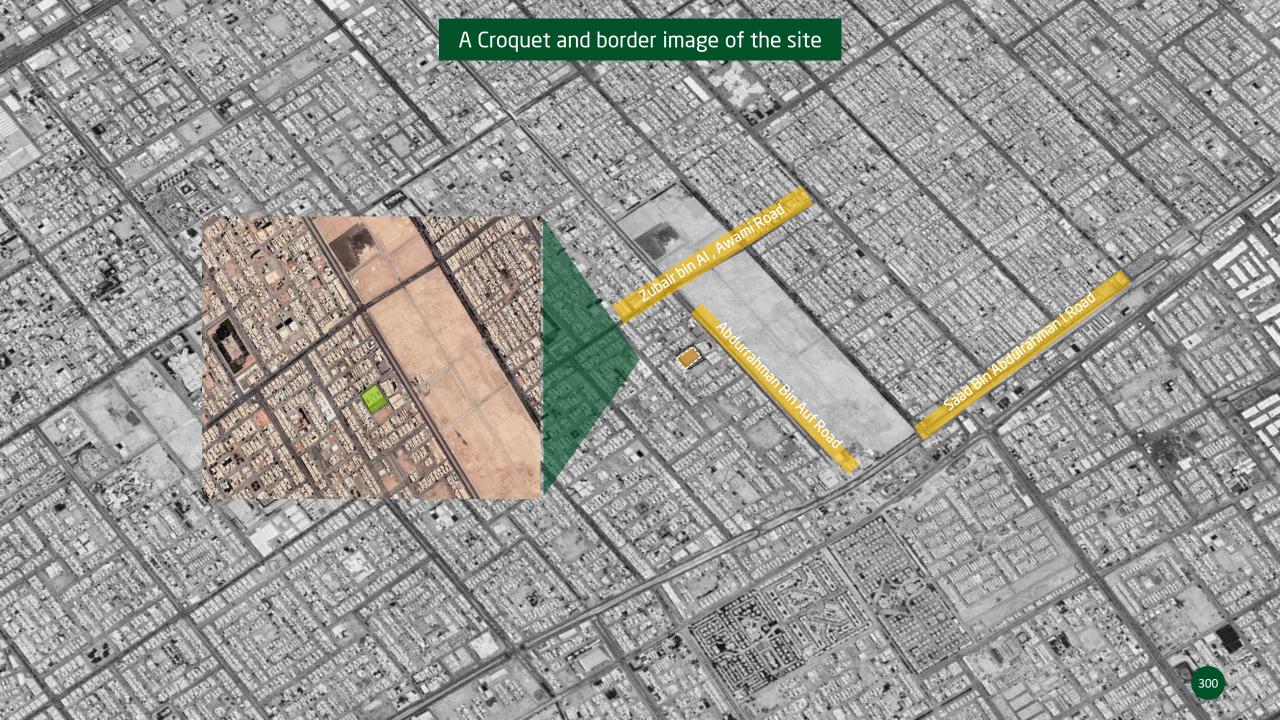
Available Services at the Site					
V	Security Services	R Q	V	Electricity	À
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	£,°
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \



Property Description

Important information about the property			
Name of the Property	Al Salam Schools at Riyadh		
Location	Al-Salam District / Riyadh city		
Type of Property	A school		
Property's Age	1.5		
Land Area (m2)	10,000.00		
Building Area	18,634.10		
Number of Floors	Basement, ground floor,+ 2 recurring floors +		
Number of Floors	annexes		
Components of the Property	lt's a school		
The value of the current	3,600,000 riyals for the first five years, then		
lease contracts	4,230,000 for the last five years		
Contract duration	10 years ending in 2031		
Occupancy rate of units (%)	%100		
Total Current Income (SAR)	3,602,479		
Operation and maintenance	There are no operating and maintenance		
expenses (SAR)	expenses		
Net operating income (SAR)	3,602,479		





site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property





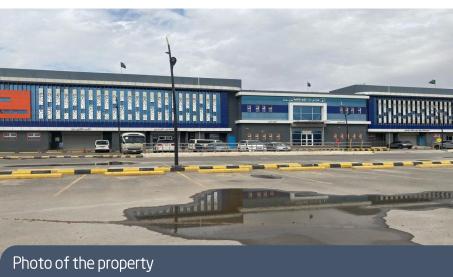






site analysis | Pictures showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.



Conclusion

✓ The first method: (residual value method)

First: Land data and zoning of areas					
Data Scenario1 Scenario2 Scenario3					
Land Area (m2)	10,000	10,000	10,000		
Land Area after Development (m2)	8,500	8,500	8,500		
Residential Land Area (m2)	8,500	8,500	8,500		

Second: Sales Estimation					
Data Scenario1 Scenario2 Scenario3					
Average value per meter Residential / SAR	3,500	3,700	3,900		
Revenue from the Residential plots	29,750,000	31,450,000	33,150,000		
Total Revenues from Land Sale (SAR)	29,750,000	31,450,000	33,150,000		



Conclusion

✓ The first method: (residual value method)

Third: Development Costs				
Data	Scenario1	Scenario2	Scenario3	
Cost of developing direct meter (SR/m2)	15	15	15	
Direct Development Cost Value (SAR)	150,000	150,000	150,000	
Marketing commission rate (%)	%2.5	%2.5	%2.5	
Marketing Commission Value (SAR)	743,750	786,250	828,750	
Percentage of professional consulting and fees of development cost (%)	%1.0	%1.0	%1.0	
The value of engineering consultancy (SAR)	1,500	1,500	1,500	
Total development costs without financing costs	895,250	937,750	980,250	
Percentage of funding from total development costs	%60.0	%50.0	%40.0	
Interest rate on financing cost	%7.0	%6.0	%5.0	
Number of years of development	0.50	0.50	0.50	
Total financing cost	18,800	14,066	9,803	
Total development costs with financing cost	914,050	951,816	990,053	
Contingency Risk %	%8.0	%7.0	%6.0	
Contingency Risk Value (SAR)	73,124	66,627	59,403	
Total value of development	987,174	1,018,443	1,049,456	
Developer profit percentage	%20.0	%17.0	%15.0	
The value of the developer's profits	197,435	173,135	157,418	
Total development value after adding developer earnings	1,184,609	1,191,579	1,206,874	
Fourth: The val	ue of the land			
The total value of the land after deducting all costs and developer's profits	28,565,391	30,258,421	31,943,126	
Scenario weighted weight (%)	%40.0	%30.0	%30.0	
Weighted land value	11,426,156	9,077,526	9,582,938	
Total land value before applying the discount coefficient and development period		30,086,621		
Development period		0.5		
Discount rate		%6.0		
Discount coefficient		0.97		
Present value of total land		29,222,709		
Current value per square meter		2,922		
Reduction rate for educational use		%40		
The value of the land meter after the reduction		1,753		
Current value per square meter (approximately)		1,750		



Conclusion

✓ The second Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)				
Parking Building Surfaces	5,139	M2		
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	1,600	SAR		
Recurring floor building surfaces	13,210	M2		
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	1,350	SAR		

Other costs	Value	% of construction
Offiel COSTS	value	costs
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Facilities network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	2,240	SAR
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	1,890	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	36,478,505	SAR
The life span of the building	45.0	year
Residual economic life	41.0	year
Effective lifetime	4.0	year
Gross depreciation rate	%8.9	%
Average construction of parking after depreciation	2,041	SAR
Average recurring construction after depreciation	1,722	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	33,235,971	SAR
Land Area	10,000	M2
Land meter value	1,750	SAR
Total Land Value	17,500,000	SAR
Total Property Value	50,735,971	SAR
Property value (approximately)	50,736,000	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (according to customer data)				
ltem Value				
Current Effective Income (SAR)	3,602,479			
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%0.6			
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses by Customer (SAR)	20,000			
Net Income (SAR)	3,582,479			
Capitalization rate %	%8.0			
Property Value (SAR)	44,780,990			
Total property value approximately (SAR)	44,781,000			



Conclusion

 \checkmark The fourth method: (the discounted cash flow method)

Assumptions of the discounted cash flow method				
Gross income in full occupancy 3,600,000				
operating expenses	%0			
Vacancy rate after stabilization	%0			
cash flow period	7 years			

To calculate the discount rate					
government bond rate of return %4.0					
Inflation rate	%2.0				
market risk premium	%3.0				
special risk premium	%1.0				
Discount rate	%10.0				

To calculate the last (recoverable) value			
capitalization %8.0			
growth rate	%2.0		

	Discounted cash flows						
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29	31-Dec-30	31-Dec-31
Total effective income by contract	3,600,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Operating Income	3,600,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000
Last value (redemption value)							53,932,500
Annual net cash flow	3,600,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	4,230,000	58,162,500
Total Property Value	52,455,401						
Approximately total value	52,455,000						



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, **the discounted cash flow method** is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the standards and evaluation methods adopted and according to the client's requirements, valuation experts believe that the market value of the property, according to the following information, for the property No. (914009010891) in the city of (Riyadh) in the neighborhood of (Al-Salam), an area of 10,000.00 m2 is as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value
Annual Tenancy Contract Value (SAR)
3,602,479
Total Property Value (Cash Flow)
52,455,000
Total Property Value (Writing)
Fifty two million four hundred and fifty five thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property is mortgaged to Al Rajhi Investment Banking Company for SAR 195,568,771.30

Executive Director

Abdulla Al Mahfouz
sic Member (1x10000273)



PMO Director Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil ssociate Member (1210001216)





Appendices

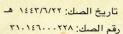


Appendices

Title deed

بسم لالد الرحمر في الرحم







الماحة المنظمة المنظمة

صك

الحمد لله وحده والصلاة والسلام على من لا نبي بعده، وبعد: فإن المرفق تعليمى رقم بدون جنوب القطع أرقام 112 و 113 و 114 و 114من المخطط رقم 2207 الواقع في حيى السلام بمدينة الرياض. وحدودها وأطوالها كالتالي: شمالاً: شارع عرض 20م يليه البلك رقم 9 بطول: (100) مائة متر جنوباً: مواقف سيارات يليه شارع عرض 15م بطول: (100) مائة متر شرقاً: شارع عرض 15م بطول: (100) مائة متر غرباً: شارع عرض 15 يليه البلك رقم 22 بطول: (100) مائة متر وساحتها: ((1000) عشرة الآف متر مربعاً فقط الملوكة لـ/ شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010715448 في 26 / 10/ 1438 هـ بالصك الصادر من هذه الإدارة برقم

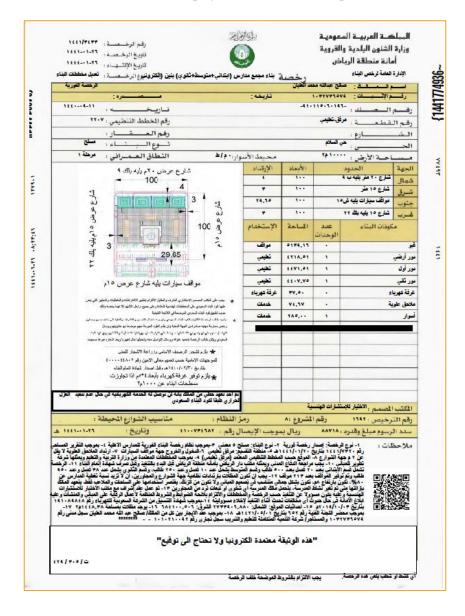
1446 كروبتهي في 20 / 1440 هـ .قد تم رهنها وما أقيم أو سيقام عليها من بناء لصالح / 40 400115062642 هـ 1442 هـ .قد تم رهنها وما أقيم أو سيقام عليها من بناء لصالح / شركةالراجحي المصرفية للاستثمار بموجب سجل تجاري رقم 1010000096 وتنتهي في 29 / 5/ 1444 هـ ضمانا لوفائه ب/ (193.568.771.30 ريال) مئة وخمسة وتسعون مليون وخمسمائة ووأمد وسبعون ريال وثلاثون هللة تسدد في نهاية الفترة المتفق عليها وثمان وسبعرا العقد الموقع بين الطرفين المجازه من الهيئة الشرعية رقم 1075 بتاريخ 7 / 9 / 1436 هـ على أن يتم سداد المديونية كما هو متفق عليه في عقد التسهيلات المشار اليه أعلاه ، تسدد على أقساط (سنوية) ابتداء من تاريخ 25/1/2022 م الى تاريخ 25/1/2027 وفي حالة عدم السداد فللمرتهن بيع العقار بالقيمة التي تنتهي عندها الرغبات واستيفاء مافي ذمة الراهن من مبلغ وما نقص يرجع فيه عليه بعد اكمال مايلزم شرعاً وعليه جرى التصديق تحريراً في 22 / 6/

صدرت هذه الرشيقة من وزارة العدل , ويجب التحقق من بياناتها وسريانها عبر الخدمات الإلكترونية لوزارة العدل سنة مطابع المكومة -١٩٦٩ (هذا الشعودج مخمص للاستخدام بالحاسب الآني وينتع تطبقه) نعودج رقم (٢١٠-١٠-١٠) صفحة رقم 1 من 1





Building permit image









End of Report



Executive Summary

Item	Statement	ltem	Statement
Customer name	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Number	2936
Beneficiaries of the evaluation	Al Ma'ather REIT Fund	Deed Date	2022/02/03
Purpose of evaluation	REIT Fund	Number of Plot	853
Type of property	Hospital	Sketch Number	-
Address of the property	United Arab Emirates - Sharjah	Value Basis	Market Value
Property area	6,033.20 m²	The evaluation criteria used	International Valuation Standards 2022
Nature of ownership	Full ownership	Preview Date	2025/01/07
evaluation method	Market method (comparative transactions method)	Valuation Date	2025/01/17
Cvaractori incuroc	Income Method (discounted cash flow method), (Income capitalization method) Cost method (replacement method)		2025/01/19
Market Val	ue of the Property (SAR)		123,809,000
Market valu	ue of the property (AED)		121,250,280



Description of the property

General description

The property is a hospital in Sharjah city in Al Fayha neighborhood with an area of 6,033.20 m²

Site description				
Country	United Arab Emirates			
Region	Dubai			
City	Sharjah			
District	AI , Fayha			
Street	Kuwait			

Ownership data				
Deed Number	2936			
Deed Date	2022/02/03			
Plot Number	853			
Plan Number	-			
Block Number	-			

Nature of the property	⊠Flat	□Low	□High	□Buried	□Salt-marsh	□Sand	□Rocky
Usage system	Commercial						



Description of the property

Location boundaries and lengths						
northward	12.20 m wide road	Length	98 meters and 31 cm.	М		
southward	12.20 m wide road	Length	97 and 77 cm.	М		
eastward	12.20 m wide road	Length	61 meters, 81 cm.	М		
westwards	36.60 m wide	Length	61 meters, 28 cm.	М		

Available Services at the Site							
V	Security Services	Q	V	Electricity	<u> </u>		
V	Medical Centers	H	V	Water	چ <u>ل</u> ه		
V	Schools		V	Illumination	<u> </u>		
V	Shopping Centers		V	Telephone	\mathcal{C}		
V	Afforestation	\bigcirc	V	Asphalt Roads	/ \		



Description of the property

Important information about the property					
Name of property	Burjeel Hospital				
location	Al , Fayha Neighborhood, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates				
Type of property	Medical complex				
Age of the property	3 years				
Complex land area (M2)	6,033				
Built-up area	180,380.21 square feet or approximately 16,758 m2				
Number of floors	3				
Components of the Property	Medical complex consisting of basement, first and second floors				
Current leases	Fully leased with one contract				
Duration of contracts	For 25 years, started on 11/2016				
Occupancy rate for rented spaces (%)	100%				
Current gross income (SAR)	8,160,000				
Estimate of operating and maintenance expenses (SAR)	0				
Net operating income (Real)	8,160,000				





Analysis of the site | Photos showing the nature of the property











Analysis of the site | Photos showing the nature of the property











Risks of evaluation Process

Risks of the REIT real estate appraisal process

The REIT real estate appraisal process involves some risks that may affect the determination of the fair value of the property, the most important of which are:

1. Macroeconomic Risks:

The state's macroeconomic conditions may affect the value of any property, such as inflation rates, liquidity, interest rates, financing costs, taxes, and general movement in the local and international stock markets, as changing these indicators or one of them may negatively affect the value of the property.

2. Risks of not having a guarantee of achieving the target revenue:

Since the realization of revenues is the main factor in determining the value of REIT properties, therefore, any decrease in these revenues as a result of changing different market conditions may affect the value of the property.

3. Regulatory and legal Risks:

The regulatory, legal or legislative environment may witness some changes that may affect the value of the property, such as the emergence of some municipal legislation to limit some activities in specific places, or reduce the number of roles allowed in other places, which affects the final value of the property.

4. Risks of not having long-term contracts:

The absence or lack of long-term contracts greatly affects the value of the property, as the existence of such contracts gives a kind of stability to the property's income and therefore its value, while the absence of their presence can lead to fluctuations in the value of the property.

5. Competition risk:

The large supply of any commodity leads to competition in the prices offered to consumers, as well as in the real estate market, the increase in the supply of real estate units and the entry of new competitors to the market can lead to a decrease in service prices and consequently a decrease in revenues and thus the value of the property.

6. Forward-looking statements:

The valuation of some real estate, especially the new ones, which do not have an operational history, depends on the evaluator's expectations and his future reading of the market in general and the real estate market in particular.



Conclusion

 \checkmark The first Approach: (cost approach)

Cost method (replacement method)					
Parking Building Surfaces	5,556	M2			
Meter Parking Construction Cost (before other costs)	3,850	SAR			
Recurring floor building surfaces	11,202	M2			
Meter construction cost/repeated floors (before other costs)	4,700	SAR			

Other costs	Value	% of construction costs
Professional Fees	%5.0	%
Facilities network	%5.0	%
Management costs	%10.0	%
Contractor Profit	%20.0	%
Average construction for parking (after adding other costs)	5,390	SAR
Average recurring floors building (after adding other costs)	6,580	SAR
Total value of buildings before depreciation	103,655,276	SAR
The life span of the building	45.0	year
Residual economic life	40.5	year
Effective lifetime	4.5	year
Gross depreciation rate	%10.0	%
Average construction of parking after depreciation	4,851	SAR
Average recurring construction after depreciation	5,922	SAR
Net construction costs after depreciation	93,289,748	SAR
Land Area	6,033	M2
Land meter value	4,300	SAR
Total Land Value	25,942,760	SAR
Total Property Value	119,232,508	SAR
Property value (approximately)	119,233,000	SAR
Property value (approximately)	116,768,850	AED



Conclusion

✓ The second method: (income capitalization)

Income capitalization method (a	according to customer data)
ltem	Value
Current Effective Income (SAR)	8,160,000
Percentage of operating and maintenance expenses %	%0.0
Value of Operation and Maintenance Expenses (SAR)	0
Net Income (SAR)	8,160,000
Capitalization rate %	%7.25
Property Value (SAR)	112,551,724
Total property value approximately (SAR)	112,552,000
Total property value approximately (AED)	110,225,924



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (residual value)

1. Basic data about the p	roject	
Area according to the title deed	6,033	M2
1. Development cost	.S	
The cost of a construction meter for parking	2,500	SAR
The cost of a construction meter for repeated floors	2,500	SAR
Parking Construction Cost	13,890,689	SAR
The cost of building repeated floors	27,318,330	SAR
Total Buildings Cost	41,209,018	SAR
Additional expense percentage	%2.5	%
Cost of additional expenses	1,030,225	SAR
Total project costs	42,239,244	SAR
2- Estimating project rev	enues	
2.2 Offices		
Number of office floors	2.0	Floors
Total Construction Area	10,927	M2
Percentage of Exploiter to Offices	%80.0	%
Net Office Space	8,742	%
Average rent per square meter	800	M2
Total office revenue	6,993,492	SAR
Office occupancy rate	%85.0	%
Effective Office Income	5,944,469	SAR
Office Operation and Maintenance	%10.0	SAR
Office Operation and Maintenance Costs	594,447	SAR
Net Income for Offices	5,350,022	SAR
Gross net income of the property	5,350,022	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The third method: (residual value)

3. Estimating the value of t	the land	
Capitalization rate	%7.5	%
Total Project Value	71,333,622	SAR
Total development cost	42,239,244	SAR
Land value	29,094,378	SAR
Development period	2.0	Year
Discount rate	%6.0	%
Discount coefficient	0.89	
Current value of the land	25,893,893.1	SAR
Value per square meter	4,292	SAR
Meter value (approx.)	4,300	SAR



Conclusion

✓ The fourth method: (discounted cash flow method)

Cash flow discounting method assumptions	
Total income in case of full occupancy	8,160,000
Operating expenses	%0
Vacancy rate after stabilization	%0
Cash flow period	18 years

To calculate the discount ra	ate
Government bond rate of return	%3.0
Inflation	%2.0
Market Risk Premium	%2.0
Special Risk Premium	%1.0
Discount rate	%8.0

To calculate the	e last (redemption) value
Capitalization coefficient	%8.0
growth rate	%2.0

								Discou	nted cash fl	lows							
	31-Dec-25	31-Dec-26	31-Dec-27	31-Dec-28	31-Dec-29	31-Dec-30	31-Dec-31	31-Dec-32	31-Dec-33	31-Dec-34	31-Dec-35	31-Dec-36	31-Dec-37	31-Dec-38	31-Dec-39	31-Dec-40	19-Nov-41
Total Effective Income	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000
Value of operating and maintenance expenses	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0
Net Operating Income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Annual net cash flow	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000
Last value (redemption value)																	123,547,500
Annual net cash flow	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	133,237,500

Total Property Value	123,809,095
Approximately total value (SAR)	123,809,000
Total Property Value (AED)	121,250,280



Conclusion

- ✓ Since the property under evaluation is an income-generating property, and the purpose of the evaluation is to evaluate the properties of the fund periodically in accordance with the regulations of a real estate investment traded fund, the discounted cash flow method is the most appropriate and best method for its evaluation.
- ✓ Based on following the criteria and evaluation methods followed and in accordance with the requirements of the client, experts assess that the market value of the property and according to the following information of the property in sharjah city in the neighborhood (Al-Fayha), its area (6,033.20) m2 is as follows:
- ✓ The discounted cash flow method has been adopted.

Total Property Value
Total property value in AED
121,250,280
Total property value in Saudi Riyals
123,809,000
Total property value (written in Saudi Riyals)
One hundred and twenty three million eight hundred and nine thousand Saudi riyals



Notes

Recommendations

✓ By reviewing the above data and according to a market survey and similar sales, the experts of the Saudi Assets Valuation Company see that the value reached is the weighted value and reflects the current market trend.

General Notes

- ❖ The margin of fluctuation in the value is within + or 10% according to the current market conditions
- The property revenues assessed in UAE AED have been transferred to the Saudi riyal and equal to (1.02)

Executive Director

Aboulla Al Manfouz

Basic Member (1x10000273)

الشركة السعودية لتقييم وتثمين الاصول للاستشارات المهنية Saudi Asset Valuation Company For Professional Consulting C.R.No. 1010206162 رقم السجل التجاري ، Vat No. 300046706100003 رقم الضريبي ، Vat No. 300046706100003

PMO Director

Dr. Mohammed BinDakhil

ssociate Nember (1210001216)





Appendices



Appendices

Title deed



المنطقة الضاحية رقم الملك الرقم الحكومي المدينة المنطقة الضاحية رقم الملك الفيحاء حي الشرق 853 الشارقة الشيحاء حي الشرق 853 الشارقة الشيحاء حي الشرق المعقد المالك المعقد للأستثمار قدم مشركة الشيخص الواحد عدد *********************************		ä, <	سند ما	2022/02/03	يخ السند					
الشارقة الشارقة من الشرق المعذر للأستثمار في م شركة الشخص الواحد المالك الحصص المحظات المعدر للأستثمار في م شركة الشخص الواحد المدين المعدر للأستثمار في م شركة الشخص الواحد المدين المعدر للأستثمار في م شركة الشخص الواحد المدين المعدر المعد		-		2936						
رقم المالك المعذر للأستثمار ثـ م شركة الشخص الواحد عاملة المحد المحقات الحصص المحقات المحد المح	المدينة	الرقم الحكومي	رقم الملك	الضاحية	المنطقة					
*************************************	الشارقة	5	853	حي الشرق	القيحاء					
*************************************	ملاحظات	الحصص	اسم المالك		رقم المالك					
*************************************		الواحد كاملة	ر ذم م شركة الشخص	7599 ركن المعذر للأستثما	061					
*************************************		*******	*****	******	*****					
*************************************		******	******	*****	*****					
*************************************		******	*****	*****	*****					
*************************************		*******	******	*****	*****					
*************************************		*******	*****	******	*****					
*************************************	*	**************								
*************************************		******	*****	*****	*****					
ه في هذا اليوم 2 من شهر رجب من سنة 1443 هجرية الموافق 2022/02/03 ميلادية جرى تسجيل المال غير المنقول الكانن بالموقع منكور إعلاه بصفته ارض مبنية مساحتها 6033.2 منزا مربعا (6439.24 قدما مربعا) هواله: ثمانية و تسعون مترا و 31 سم شمالا سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سم جنوبا واحد و ستون مترا و 82 سم غربا واحد و ستون مترا و 82 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من البخوب طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الجنوب طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب		******	*****	*****	*****					
طواله: أمانية و تسعون مترا و 31 سم شمالا سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سم جنوبا واحد و ستون مترا و 81 سم غربا واحد و ستون مترا و 82 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الشمال طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب		******	*****	*****	*****					
نذكر إعلاه بصفته ارض مبنية مساحتها 6033.22 مترا مربعا (64939.24 قدما مربعا) ماتية و تسعون مترا و 31 سم شمالا اسبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سم جنوبا واحد و ستون مترا و 78 سم جنوبا واحد و ستون مترا و 81 سم غربا واحد و ستون مترا و 28 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الجنوب طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الجنوب طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب	- 5 h - deh 1 5 *	2022/0 ميلادية جرى تسحيل المال غير ال	14 هجرية الموافق 2/03	من شهر حدود سنة 143	4 في هذا اليوم 2					
واحد و ستون مترا و 81 سم شرقا واحد و ستون مترا و 28 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الجنوب طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الجنوب طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب	منعه () الحالي) بالمه فنع									
واحد و ستون مترا و 81 سم شرقا واحد و ستون مترا و 28 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الجنوب طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الجنوب طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب	منقول الكائن بالموقع	64939.2 قدما مربعاً)	1) -13 - 3 - 0033.2		تدخور إعلاه بصه					
عدوده: طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الشرق طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب	- W.	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	A HONE TO COMMERCE	و تسعون مترا و 31 سم	100					
طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الشرق طريق عرض 36.60 متر من الغرب	م جنویا	سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 س	, شمالا	و تسعون مترا و 31 سم ر ستون مترا و 81 سم ش	طواله: تمانية					
قد اتصل هذا المال غير المنقول بمن ذكر أعلاه بطريق (الشراء) بمبلغ وقدره مانة مليون درهم لا غير	م جنوبا	سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 س واحد و ستون مترا و 28 سم غربا	, شمالا مرقا	ر ستون مترا و 81 سم ش	طواله: ثمانية واحد و طريق					
	م جنوبا الجنوب	سبعة و تسعون منزا و 77 س واحد و سنون منزا و 28 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 منز من	, شمالا مرقا لشمال	ر ستون مترا و 81 سم ش عرض 12.20 متر من ا	طواله: واحد و طریق نده ده:					
	م جنوبا الجنوب	سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سه واحد و ستون مترا و 28 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من طريق عرض 36.60 متر من ال	شمالا برقا لشمال لشرق ه بطریق (الشراء) بعد	ر ستون مترا و 81 سم ش عرض 12.20 متر من اا عرض 12.20 متر من اا غير المنقول بمن ذكر اعلا	طواله: ثمانية واحد و طريق طريق طريق قد اتصل هذا الما					
د اعتمدت دانرة التسجيل العقاري معاملة التسجيل وإثباتا لذلك اعطي هذا السند.	م جنوبا الجنوب	سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سه واهد و ستون مترا و 28 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من طريق عرض 36.60 متر من ال	شمالا برقا لشمال لشرق ه بطریق (الشراء) بعد	ر ستون مترا و 81 سم ش عرض 12.20 متر من اا عرض 12.20 متر من اا غير المنقول بمن ذكر اعلا	طواله: ثمانية واحد و طريق طريق طريق قد اتصل هذا الما					
د اعتمدت دائرة التسجيل العقاري معاملة التسجيل وإتباتا لدلك اعطي هذا السند.	م جنوبا الجنوب	سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سه واهد و ستون مترا و 28 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من طريق عرض 36.60 متر من ال	شمالا برقا لشمال لشرق ه بطریق (الشراء) بعد	ر ستون مترا و 81 سم ش عرض 12.20 متر من اا عرض 12.20 متر من اا غير المنقول بمن ذكر اعلا	طواله: ثمانية واحد و طريق طريق طريق قد اتصل هذا الما					
98	م جنوبا الجنوب فرب	سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سه واحد و ستون مترا و 78 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الطريق عرض 36.60 متر من الله وقدره مائة مليون درهم لا غير ك اعطى هذا السند.	رشمالا مرقا لشمال لشرق د بطریق (الشراء) بما لة التسجیل وإثباتا لذا	ر ستون مترا و 81 سم شا عرض 12.20 متر من اا عرض 12.20 متر من اا غر المنقول بمن ذكر أعلا أم التسجيل العقاري معاما	طواله: واحد و واحد و طريق طريق طريق طريق فريق فد انصل هذا الما					
د اعتمدت دائرة التسجيل العقاري معامله التسجيل وإتباتا لدلك اعظي هذا السند. مدير عام دائرة التسجيل العقاري	م جنوبا الجنوب فرب	سبعة و تسعون مترا و 77 سه واحد و ستون مترا و 78 سم غربا طريق عرض 12.20 متر من الطريق عرض 36.60 متر من الله وقدره مائة مليون درهم لا غير ك اعطى هذا السند.	رشمالا مرقا لشمال لشرق د بطریق (الشراء) بما لة التسجیل وإثباتا لذا	ر ستون مترا و 81 سم شا عرض 12.20 متر من اا عرض 12.20 متر من اا غر المنقول بمن ذكر أعلا أم التسجيل العقاري معاما	واله: ثمانية واحد و طريق طريق داتصل هذا الما					







End of reports



Osool & Bakheet Investment Company (OBIC)

Al Maathar REIT

11th February 2025



REF: 24-0968 **Code:** 1311360 **Date:** 11/02/2025

Subject: Valuation Report for Portfolio of 15 Properties in Saudi Arabia and The United Arab Emirates

Dear Osool & Bakheet Investment Company (OBIC),

Pursuant to your request dated 8th December 2025, we are pleased to submit our comprehensive valuation report for the subject property. This report includes an in-depth market assessment, an economic analysis, and a detailed explanation of the valuation methodologies adopted.

At WHITE CUBES, we place the highest priority on maintaining the confidentiality of our clients' information. Our rigorous protocols ensure the protection of all sensitive data. Additionally, we affirm our commitment to delivering impartial and objective valuations. WHITE CUBES maintains no vested interests or affiliations that could compromise the transparency, accuracy, or integrity of this evaluation.

We trust that this report will meet your expectations and provide valuable insights to support your decision-making process.

WHITE CUBES Consulting Services Co.

Essam Mohammad Al Husaini - President

Fellow Member of the Saudi Authority of Accredited Valuers

License No. 1210000474

Issued: 01/08/1437 Exp: 24/08/1447

WHITE CUBES Co. Real Estate Valuation Membership No: 11000171



Table of Contents

1.1	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	5
1.2	BASIS OF VALUATIONI	7
1.3	DATES	7
1.4	PURPOSE OF VALUATION	8
1.5	AL MAATHER GENX	10
1.6	AL RABIE GENX	27
1.7	AL MOHAMMADIAH	44
1.8	AL TAKHASSOSI SHOWEROOM	61
1.9	AL SAHAFAH BULDING 1	78
1.10	AL SAHAFAH BULDING 2	95
1.11	AL HAEER WAREHOUSES	112
1.12	AL SULAY WAREHOUSES	129
1.13	MANFAAT AL QUDS	146
1.14	MANFAAT WADI LABAN	163
1.15	MANFAAT AL DHABAB	180
1.16	TOWLAN HOTEL SUITES	197
1.17	AL NOKHBA SCOOL	214
1.18	AL SALAM SCHOOL	239
1.19	BURJEEL HOSPITAL	261



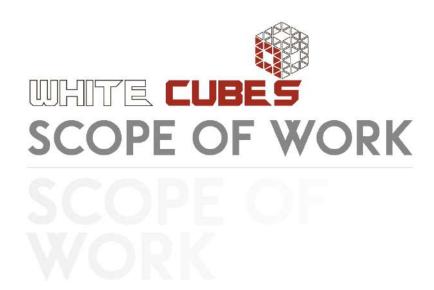
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



1. Executive Summary

Reference No.	24-0968
Dep. Code	1311360
Client	Osool & Bakheet Investment Company (OBIC)
Report user	OBIC, the investors and others who interested to invest in the fund, Auditors.
Purpose of Valuation	Inclusion in financial statements.
Subject Property	Commercial - Administrative - Hotel - Warehouses - Healthcare - Educational.
Valuation Approach	Income Approach- DCF Method.
Currency	Saudi Arabian Riyal and Emirates Dirhams.
Report Date	11/02/2025
Valuation Date	31/12/2024
Inspection Date	10/12/2024

Property Name	City	Land Area (SQM)	BUA (SQM)	Final Property Value
Al Maather Genx	Riyadh, SA	10,709.16 SQM	22,789.96 SQM	SAR 157,400,000
Al Rabie Genx	Riyadh, SA	3,900.00 SQM	8,589.53 SQM	SAR 42,000,000
Al Mohammadiah	Riyadh, SA	2,109.00 SQM	15,602.92 SQM	SAR 127,000,000
Al Takhassosi Showroom	Riyadh, SA	4,248.00 SQM	6,610.61 SQM	SAR 75,000,000
Al Sahafah Building 1	Riyadh, SA	2,380.00 SQM	10,880.00 SQM	SAR 65,400,000
Al Sahafah Building 2	Riyadh, SA	2,520.00 SQM	11,340.00 SQM	SAR 63,600,000
Al Haeer Warehouses	Riyadh, SA	13,544.45 SQM	11,980.00 SQM	SAR 24,700,000
Al Sulay Warehouses	Riyadh, SA	54,075.00 SQM	46,158.00 SQM	SAR 57,900,000
Manfaat Al Quds	Riyadh, SA	895.50 SQM	1,257.84 SQM	SAR 1,100,000
Manfaat Wadi Laban	Riyadh, SA	895.50 SQM	1,645.02 SQM	SAR 1,000,000
Manfaat Al Dhabab	Riyadh, SA	781.94 SQM	3,080.48 SQM	SAR 2,700,000
Towlan Hotel Suites	Al Khobar, SA	1,750.00 SQM	6,526.51 SQM	SAR 29,200,000
Al Nokhba School	Unayzah, SA	6,694.00 SQM	10,522.17 SQM	SAR 36,600,000
Al Salam Schools	Riyadh, SA	10,000.00 SQM	18,349.10 SQM	SAR 54,700,000
Burjeel Hospital	Sharjah, UAE	6,033.20 SQM	16,757.87 SQM	SAR 121,900,000





Scope of Work

1.1 Introduction

This report has been prepared by WHITE CUBES Co. in compliance with the International Valuation Standards (IVS 2025) issued by the International Valuation Standards Council (IVSC) and the Practice and Regulatory Guidelines set forth by the Saudi Authority for Accredited Valuers (Taqeem). The report aims to ensure accurate and complete access to information and must be read in its entirety. Our firm is pleased to provide its valuation services to: **Osool & Bakheet Investment Company (OBIC)** to determine the **fair value** of the subject property.

1.2 Purpose of valuation

The purpose of this valuation is to assess the subject property for **Inclusion in Financial Statements**, in accordance with the client's request.

1.3 Basis of Valuation

Fair Value: Defined in line with IFRS 13 as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the valuation date. This valuation reflects the principle of an exit price as determined under current market conditions.

1.4 Valuation Methods

To meet the objectives of this valuation and at the request of the client, we have applied the following recognized valuation approaches:

- 1. Market Approach: Comparable Method.
- 2. Cost Approach: Depreciation Replacement Cost (DRC) Method.
- 3. Income Approach: Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Method.

1.5 Currency

All values in this report are stated in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SAR) and Emirati Dirham.



1.6 Scope of Research

Research plays a pivotal role in the valuation process as it enables a comprehensive analysis of various factors that can significantly influence the value of a property or asset. Our valuation approach involves conducting extensive research and analysis to ensure a robust evaluation. This includes investigating market conditions, studying comparable sales data, examining key property characteristics, assessing income potential, and considering pertinent legal and regulatory factors. By diligently conducting thorough research, we aim to provide an accurate and well-informed assessment of the property or asset's value in this valuation report.

1.7 Information Sources

A thorough on-site field survey was carried out by our team to verify the accuracy of essential market data and other key elements influencing the evaluation process. This survey included the collection of data on nearby asset prices, occupancy rates, and specific characteristics of the property under evaluation. The following sources were diligently utilized during field research:

- 1. Property Records: Ownership documents such as title deeds and construction permits.
- 2. Market Trends: Analysis of current market conditions and comparable property transactions.
- 3. Income Analysis: Review of income streams, operating expenses, and potential cash flows.
- **4. Inspection:** On-site visual assessment of the property's physical condition and attributes.
- 5. Historical Data: Reference to market data and historical trends for comparable assets.
- 6. Specialist Input: Consultations with industry experts and agents for market insights.

By employing these comprehensive research methods, we have ensured the collection of accurate and relevant data, forming the solid foundation for determining the true market value of the asset under evaluation.



1.8 Assumptions and Special Assumptions

In addition to the standard assumptions outlined above, the following special assumptions have been applied for this specific valuation project. These assumptions are subject to change depending on the property type, client request, or specific valuation circumstances:

- 1. **Absolute Ownership:** The property under evaluation is assumed to have absolute ownership, implying that there are no legal or ownership disputes affecting its value.
- **2. Accuracy of Client Information:** It is assumed that all information provided by the client, whether oral or written, is accurate and up to date as of the date of the evaluation.
- **3. Valuation Report Scope:** This report focuses on valuation and does not encompass a structural survey. Therefore, utility checks, service checks, soil tests, and similar assessments have not been conducted unless specified otherwise by the client.
- **4. Market-Based Valuation Methodologies:** The valuation methodologies employed in this report are based on market data compiled using our relevant market knowledge and experience. These methodologies provide a framework for estimating the property's value.
- **5. Output and Estimates:** The final value presented in this report is derived from the assumptions used, documents received from the client, and relevant market data. It should be noted that this value serves as an indicative figure under current market conditions.
- **6. Development Potential:** It is assumed that the property has development or redevelopment potential, subject to obtaining the necessary permits and approvals.
- **7. Construction Status:** It is assumed that any ongoing construction or development will be completed within the specified timeframe and budget as provided by the client.
- **8. Economic Stability:** The valuation assumes that there will be no significant economic or market disruptions during the forecasted period.



1.9 Property Inspection

As part of this valuation report, an extensive site visit was conducted to assess the physical attributes, performance, and relevant factors of the subject property. This inspection, carried out on 10/12/2024, involved the examination of key specifications such as land area, building design, rental rates, services, public utilities, and various other components. It should be noted that the inspection was not a technical evaluation but rather a visual overview and documentation of the observed characteristics. The information gathered forms the foundation for expressing an opinion on the property's value in this report.

1.10Use, Distribution, and Publication Restrictions

This report has been prepared by WHITE CUBES Co. to determine the fair value of the assets under evaluation. Please note that there are limitations on the transfer, referencing, and disclosure of this report and its contents to any third party, except as explicitly stated in the contract letter. Any use of this report for purposes other than those specified herein requires prior written consent from WHITE CUBES Co.

1.11 Legal Notes

To the best of our knowledge and based on the available information, there are no ongoing or pending legal notices affecting the subject property as of the valuation date. This assessment is based solely on the documents and data provided to us at the time of the report preparation.







Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a mix-use project composed of showrooms, offices and residential units and located in Maather district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 10,709.16 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 22,789.96 square meters.

During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 3 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view on the main Road (Prince Turki Bin Abdulaziz Al Al-Awal Road) from the west side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mix-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on Prince Turki bin Abdulaziz Al-Awal Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.



Page 3 of 19



1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	10,709.16 Sqm
District	Al Maather	Plot No.	30
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	310112050696	Layout No.	1343
T.D Date	22/11/1438	Ownership Type	Freehold
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	14 meters Street	East Side	Private property
South Side	30 meters Street	West Side	60 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	Layouts modifications
Property Type	Residential, commercial, office building
Construction Permit No.	1433/ 20078
Construction Permit Date	29/11/1433

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	0	6,231.5	Parking
Ground Floor Residential	40	3,184.13	Residential
Ground Floor Commercial	11	3,157	Commercial
First Floor	11	1,978.02	Offices
First Residential	58	4,787.22	Residential
Electricity Room	0	82.59	Electricity Room
Annexes	34	3,369.5	Residential
Fences	1	235	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		22,789.96	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

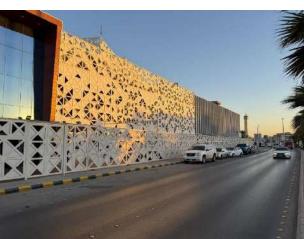
















Market Indicators

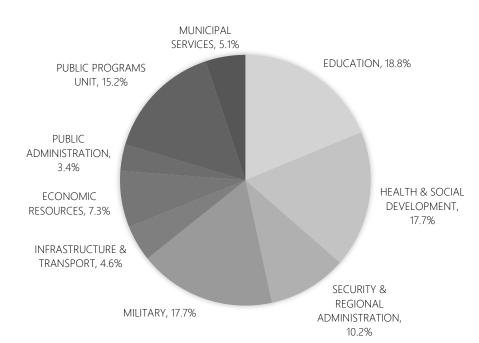
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector Municipal Services Sector Education Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00 SAR 81.00 SAR 195.00	bn bn bn bn
Health and Social Development Sector Economic Resources Sector Infrastructure and Transportation Sector General Items	SAR 214.00 SAR 84.00 SAR 38.00 SAR 216.00	bn bn bn bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





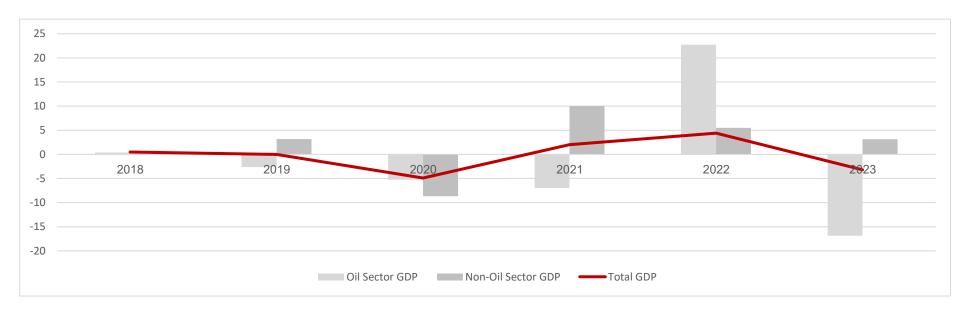
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



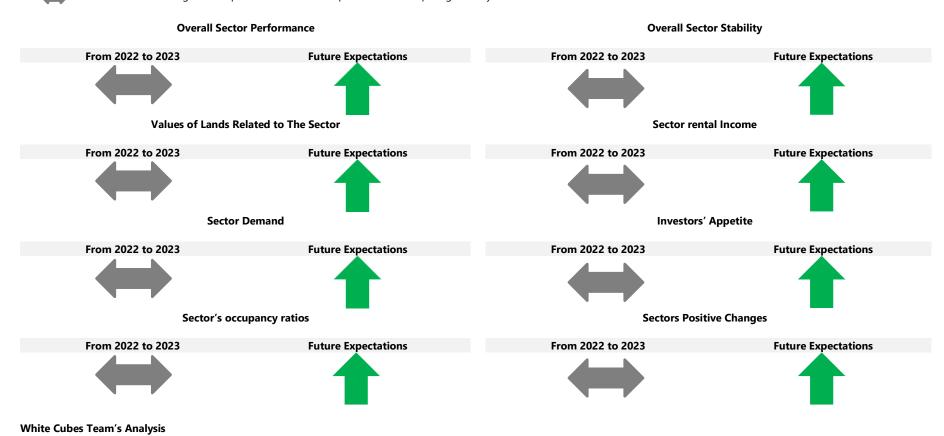


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year





2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		~			
Occupancy Rates			✓		
Supply Rate			✓		
Demand Rate			*		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

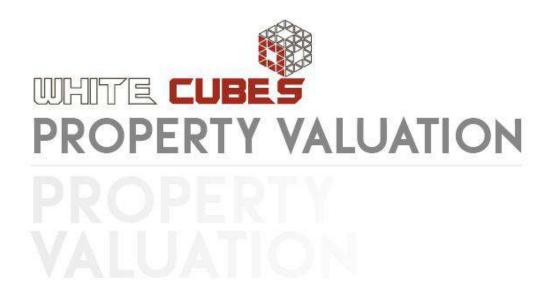
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location		~			
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities		*			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 10 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			*		
Management Skills			~		
Overall Condition			~		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach		Income	Approach	
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 2% to 5%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 8%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 21%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	71,000,000.00	115,000,000.00	102,000,000.00
NOI	5,680,000	9,200,000	8,160,000
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%2.50		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%1.00		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%1.00	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	10.00%				



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
		0	1	2	3	4
Inflation		0.0%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Expected Revenues						
Residential	GLA	7,621	7,621	7,621	7,621	7,621
Rate	SAR	795	815	835	856	878
Total	SAR	6,058,695	6,210,162	6,365,416	6,524,552	6,687,666
Commercial	GLA	4,679	4,679	4,679	4,679	4,679
Rate	SAR	1,933	1,981	2,031	2,082	2,134
Total	SAR	9,044,507	9,270,620	9,502,385	9,739,945	9,983,443
Overall Revenues		15,103,202	15,480,782	15,867,802	16,264,497	16,671,109
Vacancy and Credit Loss						
Vacancy Rate	%	1.36%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Residential	SAR	82,398	93,152	95,481	97,868	100,315
Vacancy Rate	%	10.23%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Commercial	SAR	925,253	463,531	475,119	486,997	499,172
Total		1,007,651	556,683	570,601	584,866	599,487
Effective Rental Income		14,095,551	14,924,099	15,297,201	15,679,631	16,071,622
Expenses						
CAPEX	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
OPEX	21%	3,019,267	3,196,742	3,276,660	3,358,577	3,442,541
Overall Expenses		3,019,267	3,196,742	3,276,660	3,358,577	3,442,541
NOI		11,076,284	11,727,357	12,020,541	12,321,054	12,629,080
Terminal Value	8.0%					157,863,506
Discount Rate	10.0%	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75	0.68
Present Value		11,076,284	10,661,233	9,934,331	9,256,990	116,448,731
Net Present Value						157,400,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 157,400,000.00

One Hundred Fifty-Seven Million Four Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

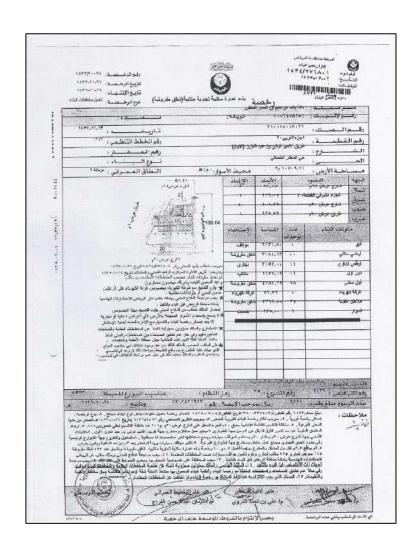
It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit











Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a mix-use project composed of showrooms and hospitality units and located in Al Rabie district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 3,900 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 8,589.53 square meters.

During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 3 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of the main Road Prince Mohammad Bin Salman bin Abdulaziz Road from the south side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mix-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on Prince Mohammad bin Salman bin Abdulaziz Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.



Page 3 of 19



1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	3,900 Sqm
District	Al Rabie	Plot No.	553, 554, 555, 556
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	47
T.D Number	914009010891	Layout No.	2413
T.D Date	29/06/1442	Ownership Type	Restricted.
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi bank
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	15 meters Street	East Side	15 meters Street
South Side	80 meters Street	West Side	Plot# 557, 558

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New Permit
Property Type	Hospitality & Showrooms
Construction Permit No.	1435/5496
Construction Permit Date	05/04/1435

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	0	3,014.83	Parking & Services
Ground Floor Residential	9	1,004.11	Hospitality Units
Ground Floor Commercial	7	1,091.84	Showrooms
First Floor	52	2,319.3	Hospitality Units
First Residential	20	1,159.45	Hospitality Units
Electricity Room	1	128.49	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		8,589.53	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

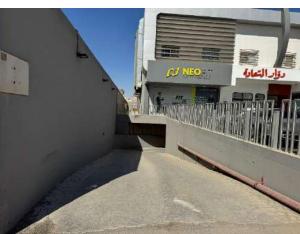
















Market Indicators

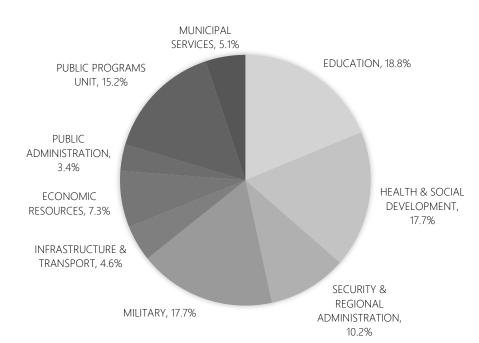
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Projections	
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector Municipal Services Sector Education Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00 SAR 81.00 SAR 195.00	bn bn bn bn
Health and Social Development Sector Economic Resources Sector Infrastructure and Transportation Sector General Items	SAR 214.00 SAR 84.00 SAR 38.00 SAR 216.00	bn bn bn bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





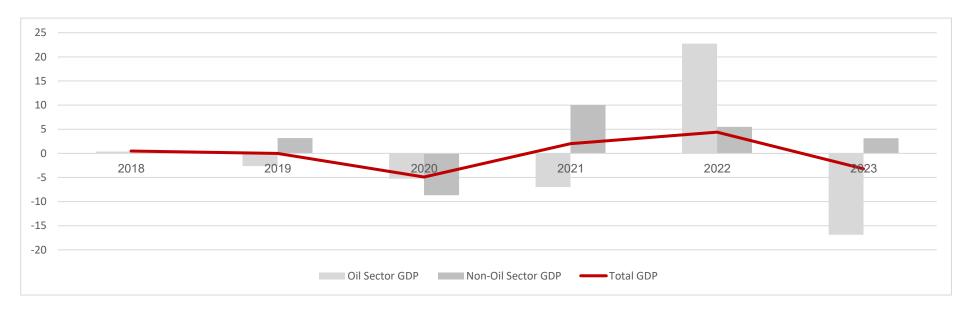
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



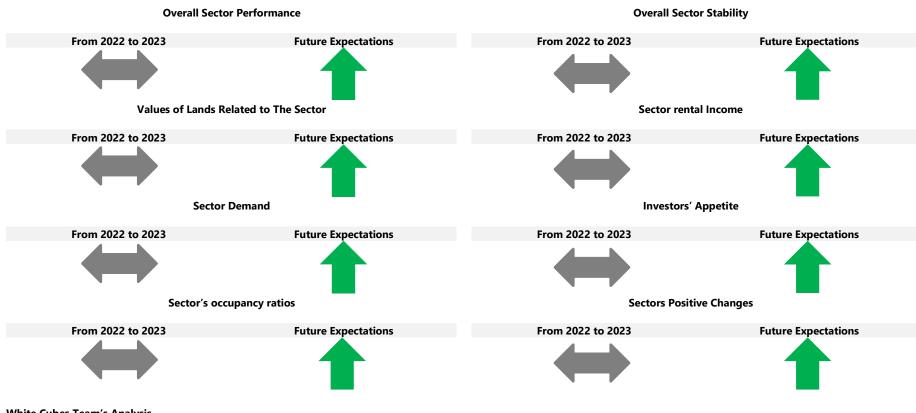


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		*			
Occupancy Rates			*		
Supply Rate			*		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

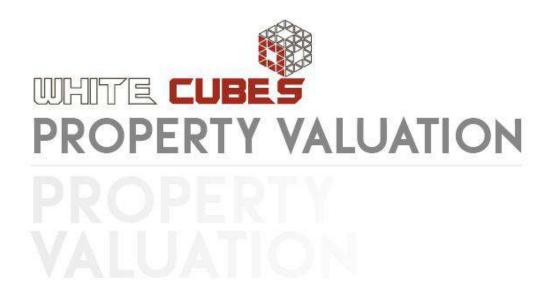
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access		✓			
Location		~			
Land Shape			~		
Surrounding Area facilities		*			
Total Risk	0	6	3	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			*		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition			*		
Total Risk	0	2	9	0	0

Risk Category8 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 2%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	65,000,000.00	98,000,000.00	27,500,000.00
NOI	5,200,000	7,840,000	2,200,000
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%2.50		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%1.00		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%1.00	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	10.00%				



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4
Inflation		0.0%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Expected Revenues						
Showrooms	GLA	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955	1,955
Rate	SAR	980.00	1,005	1,030	1,055	1,082
Total	SAR	1,915,704	1,963,597	2,012,687	2,063,004	2,114,579
Hospitality	GLA	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303	1,303
Rate	SAR	945.00	969	993	1,018	1,043
Total	SAR	1,231,524	1,262,312	1,293,870	1,326,217	1,359,372
Overall Revenues		3,147,228	3,225,909	3,306,556	3,389,220	3,473,951
Vacancy and Credit Loss						
Vacancy Rate	%	4.52%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Showrooms	SAR	86,590	39,272	40,254	41,260	42,292
Vacancy Rate	%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hospitality	SAR	0	0	0	0	0
Total		86,590	39,272	40,254	41,260	42,292
Effective Rental Income		3,060,638	3,186,637	3,266,303	3,347,960	3,431,659
Expenses						
CAPEX	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
OPEX	1.83%	56,142	58,453	59,914	61,412	62,947
Overall Expenses		56,142	58,453	59,914	61,412	62,947
NOI		3,004,496	3,128,184	3,206,388	3,286,548	3,368,712
Terminal Value	8.0%					42,108,898
Discount Rate	10.0%	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75	0.68
Present Value		3,004,496	2,843,803	2,649,908	2,469,232	31,061,819
Net Present Value						42,000,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 42,000,000.00

Forty-Two Million Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO Farah E. Al Husaini Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit











Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a commercial project composed of showrooms and offices located in Al Maather district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 2,109 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 15,602.92 square meters.

During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 3 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view on the main Road (King Fahad Road) from the East side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by Commercial and mix-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on King Fahad Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.



Page 3 of 19



1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	2,109 Sqm
District	Al Maather	Plot No.	N/A
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	314002002732	Layout No.	1343
T.D Date	28/12/1440	Ownership Type	Restricted.
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi bank
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	10 meters Street	East Side	80 meters Street
South Side	Private property	West Side	14 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	Ownership Transfer		
Property Type	Commercial Building		
Construction Permit No.	1423/1771		
Construction Permit Date	03/06/1426		

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Mezzanine	0	1,230	Commercial
Ground Floor	4	1,463	Commercial
Second Basement	0	2,100	Parking
First Basement	0	2,100	Parking
First Floor	8	1,992	Offices
Second Floor	4	940.56	Offices
Third Floor	4	940.56	Offices
Electricity Room	0	20	Electricity Room
Fourth Floor	4	940.56	Offices
Fifth Floor	4	940.56	Offices
Sixth Floor	4	940.56	Offices
Seventh Floor	4	960.56	Offices
Eighth Floor	4	940.56	Offices
Annexes	0	94	Services
Total BUA (sqm)		15,602.92	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

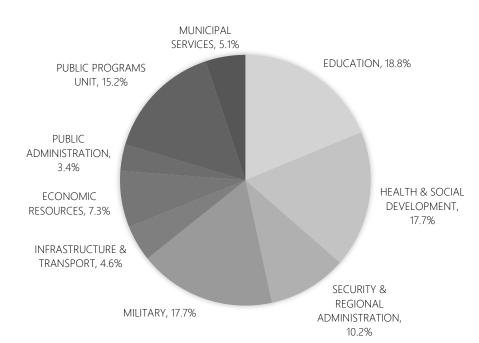
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector Municipal Services Sector Education Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00 SAR 81.00 SAR 195.00	bn bn bn bn
Health and Social Development Sector Economic Resources Sector Infrastructure and Transportation Sector General Items	SAR 214.00 SAR 84.00 SAR 38.00 SAR 216.00	bn bn bn bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





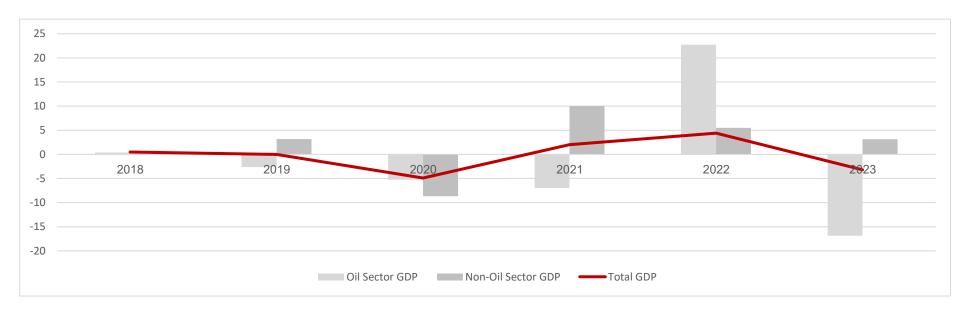
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



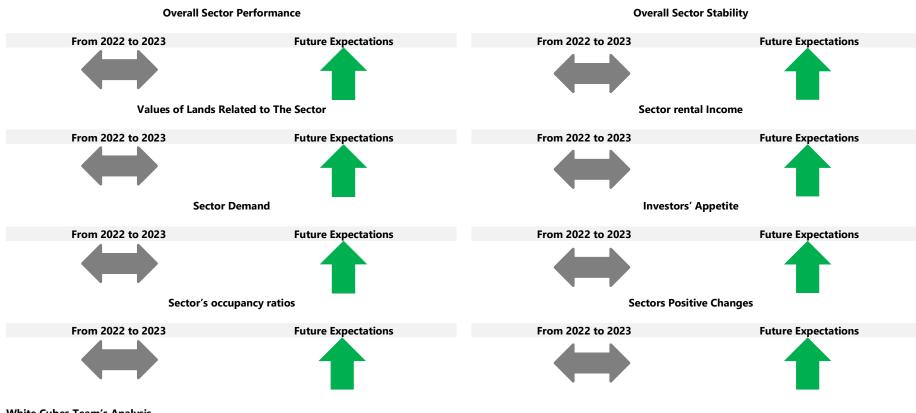


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			~		
Sector Current Performance			~		
Sector Future Performance		~			
Occupancy Rates			~		
Supply Rate			~		
Demand Rate			~		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

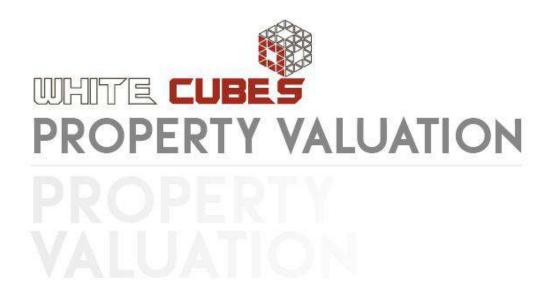
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access		✓			
Location		~			
Land Shape			~		
Surrounding Area facilities		~			
Total Risk	0	6	3	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			*		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition			✓		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach		Income	Approach	
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 0%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 6% to 8%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 7.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 120,000,000.00	SAR 85,000,000.00	SAR 71,000,000.00
NOI	8,400,000	5,950,000	4,970,000
Cap Rate	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Average Cap Rate	7.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)						
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA			
Inflation Rate%	%2.00		GASTAT			
Market Risk Premium%	%0.50		Trading Economics			
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50	Source	Team's experience.			
Discount Rate%	8.50%					



Cook Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Inflation		0.0%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Expected Revenues								
Offices	GLA	9,728	9,728	9,728	9,728	9,728	9,728	9,728
Rate	SAR	811.00	831	852	873	895	918	941
Total	SAR	7,889,408	8,086,643	8,288,809	8,496,030	8,708,430	8,926,141	9,149,295
Overall Revenues		7,889,408	8,086,643	8,288,809	8,496,030	8,708,430	8,926,141	9,149,295
Vacancy and Credit Loss								
Offices	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		7,889,408	8,086,643	8,288,809	8,496,030	8,708,430	8,926,141	9,149,295
Expenses								
CAPEX	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OPEX	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
•								
NOI		7,889,408	8,086,643	8,288,809	8,496,030	8,708,430	8,926,141	9,149,295
Terminal Value	7.0%							130,704,20
Discount Rate	8.5%	1.00	0.92	0.85	0.78	0.72	0.67	0.61
Present Value		7,889,408	7,453,127	7,040,973	6,651,610	6,283,779	5,936,289	85,722,518
Net Present Value								127,000,00



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 127,000,000.00

One Hundred Twenty-Seven Million Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO Farah E. Al Husaini Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit







AL TAKHASSOSI SHOWROOM





Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a commercial building located in Al Maather district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 4,248 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 6,759.61 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 3 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of the Al Takhassosi Road from the west side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mix-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on Al Takhassosi Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	4,248 Sqm
District	Al Maather	Plot No.	1107 to 1112
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	191
T.D Number	314009010892	Layout No.	1343
T.D Date	29/06/1442	Ownership Type	Restricted.
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi bank
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	20 meters Street	East Side	14 meters Street
South Side	Plot# 1113, 1114	West Side	40 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	Layout modification
Property Type	Car showroom
Construction Permit No.	1437/363
Construction Permit Date	09/01/1437

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	0	3,448.22	Parking
Mezzanine	0	835.39	Mezzanine
Ground Floor	1	2,327	Showroom
Fences	1	149	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		6,759.61	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

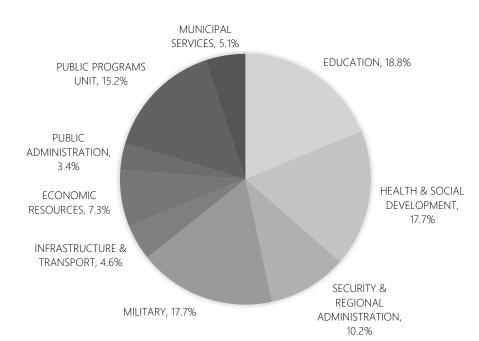
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00	bn bn bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





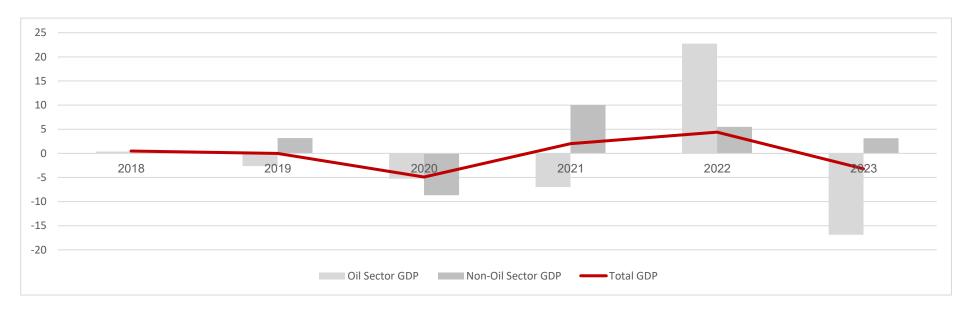
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



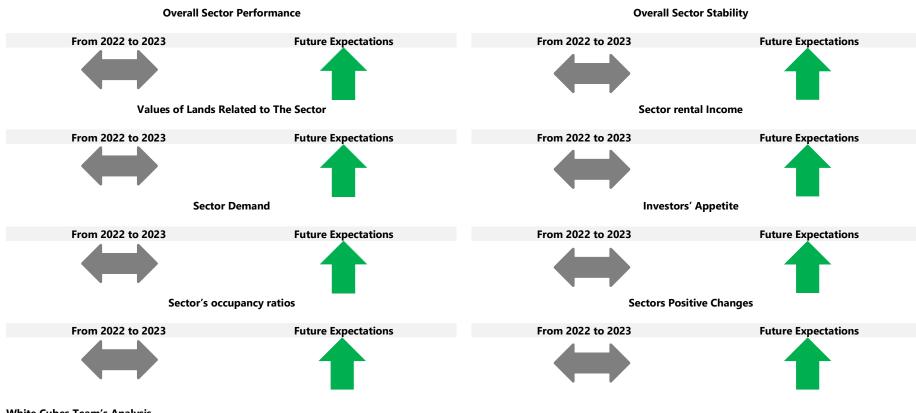


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		~			
Occupancy Rates			*		
Supply Rate			*		
Demand Rate			*		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

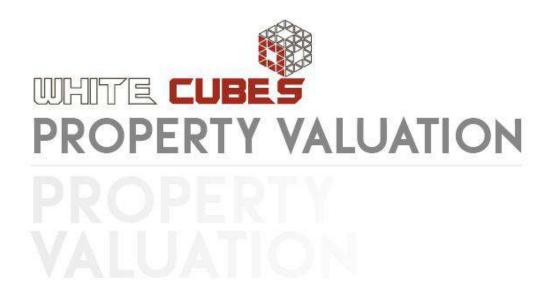
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location		~			
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities		*			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 10 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			~		
Management Skills			*		
Overall Condition			✓		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach		Income	Approach	
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 0.3%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 6% to 8%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 7.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 35,000,000.00	SAR 40,800,000.00	SAR 27,000,000.00
NOI	2,800,000	3,264,000	2,160,000
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%1.50		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%0.50		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	8.00%				



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues							
Showroom	GLA	3,162	3,162	3,162	3,162	3,162	3,162
Rate	SAR	1,750	1,750	1,750	1,838	1,838	1,838
Total	SAR	5,534,183	5,534,183	5,534,183	5,810,892	5,810,892	5,810,892
Overall Revenues		5,534,183	5,534,183	5,534,183	5,810,892	5,810,892	5,810,892
Vacancy and Credit Loss							
Showroom	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		5,534,183	5,534,183	5,534,183	5,810,892	5,810,892	5,810,892
Expenses							
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
OPEX	0.3%	19,259	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		19,259	0	0	0	0	0
NOI		5,514,924	5,534,183	5,534,183	5,810,892	5,810,892	5,810,892
Terminal Value	8.0%						
Discount Rate	8.0%	1.00	0.93	0.86	0.79	0.74	0.68
Present Value		5,514,924	5,124,243	4,744,669	4,612,873	4,271,179	3,954,795
Net Present Value							



Control Ele		2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036
Cash Flow		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues								
Showroom	GLA	3,162	3,162	3,162	3,162	3,162	3,162	3,162
Rate	SAR	1,660	1,660	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743
Total	SAR	5,249,567	5,249,567	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046
Overall Revenues		5,249,567	5,249,567	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046
Vacancy and Credit Loss								
Showroom	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		5,249,567	5,249,567	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046
Expenses								
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OPEX	0.3%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NOI		5,249,567	5,249,567	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046	5,512,046
Terminal Value	8.0%							68,900,572
Discount Rate	8.0%	0.63	0.58	0.54	0.50	0.46	0.43	0.40
Present Value		3,308,118	3,063,072	2,977,987	2,757,395	2,553,144	2,364,022	29,550,274
Net Present Value								75,000,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 75,000,000.00

Seventy-Five Million Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit











Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is an office building located in Al Sahafah district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 2,520 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 11,061.67 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 3 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of Olaya Street from the west side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by commercial and mix-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on Olaya Street.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	2,520 Sqm
District	Al Sahafah	Plot No.	1918
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	317815000994	Layout No.	1637
T.D Date	12/06/1441	Ownership Type	Restricted.
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi bank
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	Plot# 1919/ 1920/ 1921	East Side	15 meters Street
South Side	Plot# 1917	West Side	40 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New Permit
Property Type	Administrative Building
Construction Permit No.	1432/12653
Construction Permit Date	05/07/1432

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Ground Floor	2	299.49	Commercial
Second Basement	0	2,371.00	Parking
First basement	0	2,371.00	Parking
Ground Floor	2	447.61	Offices
First Floor	4	719.57	Offices
Second Floor	6	778.50	Offices
Third Floor	6	778.50	Offices
Electricity Room	0	20.00	Electricity room
Fourth Floor	6	778.50	Offices
Fifth Floor	6	778.50	Offices
Sixth Floor	6	778.50	Offices
Seventh Floor	6	778.50	Offices
Fences	1	162.00	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		11,061.67	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

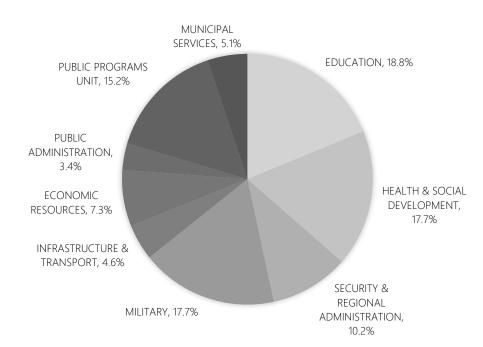
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Projections	
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector Municipal Services Sector Education Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00 SAR 81.00 SAR 195.00	bn bn bn bn
Health and Social Development Sector Economic Resources Sector Infrastructure and Transportation Sector General Items	SAR 214.00 SAR 84.00 SAR 38.00 SAR 216.00	bn bn bn bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





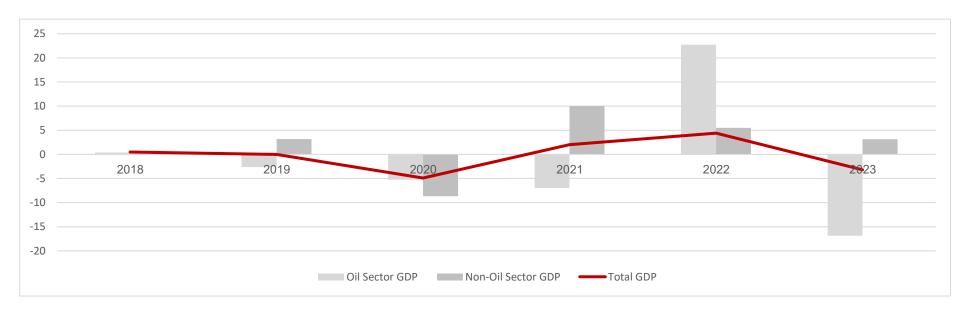
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



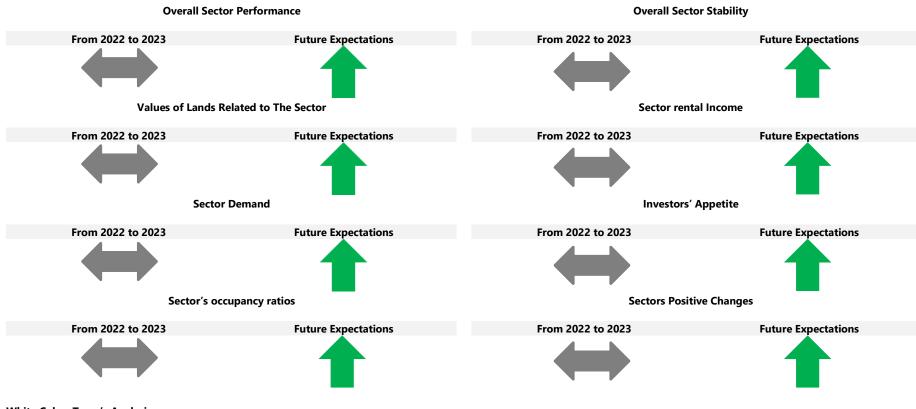


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		~			
Occupancy Rates			~		
Supply Rate			~		
Demand Rate			~		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

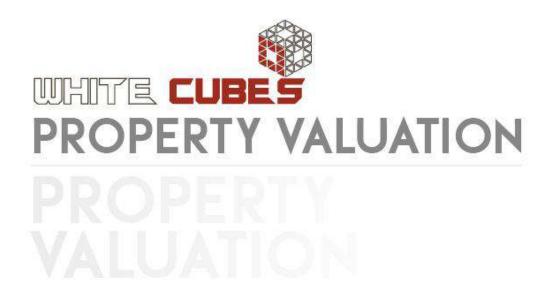
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location			~		
Land Shape		✓			
Surrounding Area facilities		*			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 10 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			*		
Management Skills			~		
Overall Condition			~		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 2.65%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	42,560,000	93,350,000	73,141,000
NOI	3,192,000	7,468,000	5,997,562
Cap Rate	7.50%	8.00%	8.20%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%1.50		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%0.50		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	8.00%				



Cook Flour		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Inflation		0.0%	30.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Expected Revenues								
Offices	Sqm	11,340	11,340	11,340	11,340	11,340	11,340	11,340
Rate (SAR)	SAR	312	406	414	422	430	439	448
Total	SAR	3,538,080	4,599,504	4,691,494	4,785,324	4,881,030	4,978,651	5,078,224
Overall Revenues		3,538,080	4,599,504	4,691,494	4,785,324	4,881,030	4,978,651	5,078,224
	·							
Vacancy and Credit Loss								
Offices	0.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		3,538,080	4,599,504	4,691,494	4,785,324	4,881,030	4,978,651	5,078,224
Expenses								
CapEx	0.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	2.59%	91,800	22,998	23,457	23,927	24,405	24,893	25,391
Overall Expenses		91,800	22,998	23,457	23,927	24,405	24,893	25,391
NOI		3,446,280	4,576,506	4,668,037	4,761,397	4,856,625	4,953,758	5,052,833
Terminal Value	8.0%							63,160,412
Discount Rate	8.0%	1.00	0.93	0.86	0.79	0.74	0.68	0.63
Present Value		3,446,280	4,237,506	4,002,089	3,779,751	3,569,765	3,371,444	42,985,915
Net Present Value								65,400,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 65,400,000.00

Sixty-Five Million Four Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO Farah E. Al Husaini Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer WHITECUBES Stamp

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.

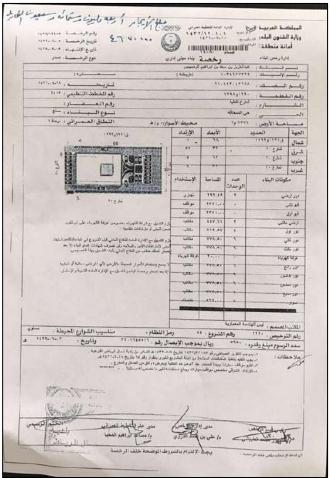




Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit







AL SAHAFAH BUILDING 2





Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is an office building located in Al Sahafah district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 2,380 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 10,880 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 2 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of Olaya Street from the west side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by commercial and mix-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on Olaya Street.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	2,380 Sqm
District	Al Sahafah	Plot No.	1298 /1290
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	100
T.D Number	317812001040	Layout No.	2413
T.D Date	12/06/1441	Ownership Type	Restricted.
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi bank
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	Plot# 1291/ 1299	East Side	20 meters Street
South Side	20 meters Street	West Side	40 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New Permit		
Property Type	Commercial, Offices		
Construction Permit No.	1431/9936		
Construction Permit Date	08/06/1431		

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Mezzanine	1	765.30	Commercial
Second basement	0	2,520.00	Parking
First basement	0	2,520.00	Parking
Ground Floor	6	754.50	Commercial
First Floor	6	789.00	Offices
Second Floor	6	800.50	Offices
Third Floor	6	800.50	Offices
Electricity Room	0	20.00	Electricity room
Fourth Floor	6	800.50	Offices
Fifth Floor	6	789.00	Offices
Sixth Floor	6	800.50	Offices
Fences	1	176.00	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		11,340.00	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

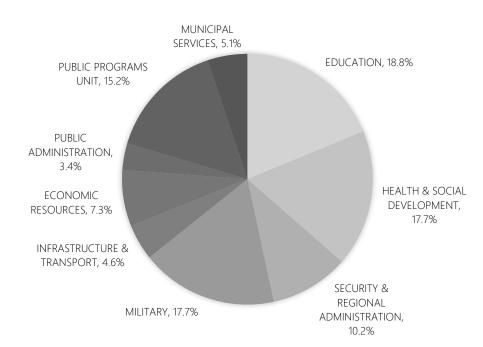
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00	bn bn
Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 112.00	bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





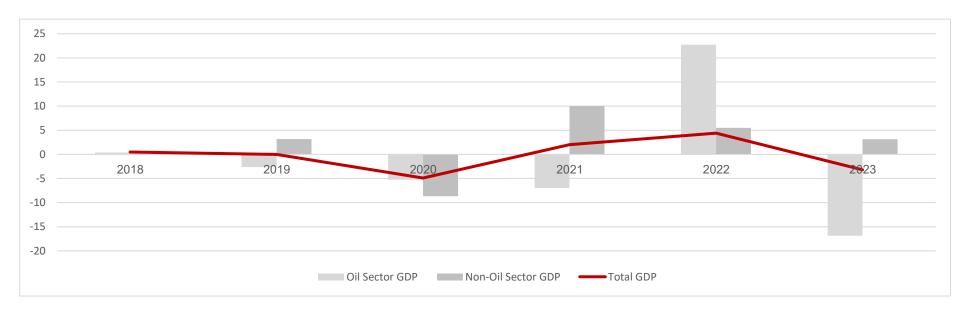
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



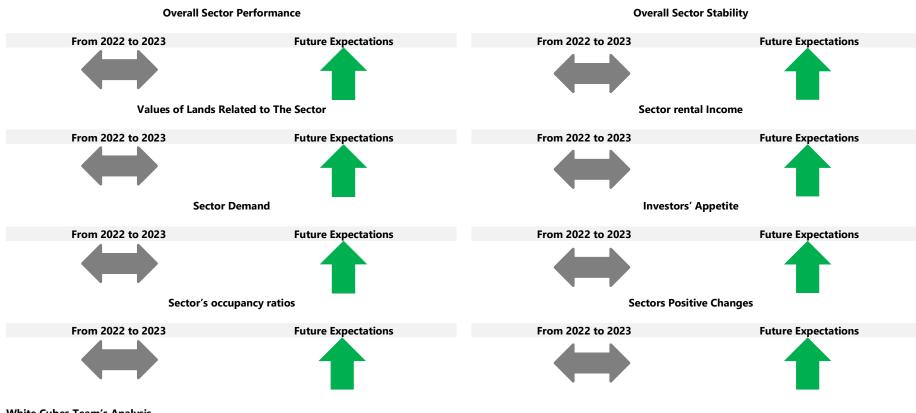


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			~		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		~			
Occupancy Rates			*		
Supply Rate			*		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

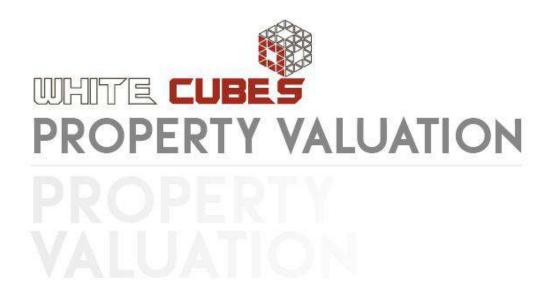
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location		~			
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities		~			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 10 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			*		
Management Skills			~		
Overall Condition			~		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 0.75%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	42,560,000	93,350,000	73,141,000
NOI	3,192,000	7,468,000	5,997,562
Cap Rate	7.50%	8.00%	8.20%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)							
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50	SAMA					
Inflation Rate%	%1.50	GASTAT					
Market Risk Premium%	%0.50	Trading Economics					
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50 Sou	urce Team's experience.					
Discount Rate%	8.00%						



Cook Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5
Inflation		0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Expected Revenues							
Offices	Sqm	10,880	10,880	10,880	10,880	10,880	10,880
Rate (SAR)	SAR	400	408	416	424	433	442
Total	SAR	4,352,000	4,439,040	4,527,821	4,618,377	4,710,745	4,804,960
Overall Revenues		4,352,000	4,439,040	4,527,821	4,618,377	4,710,745	4,804,960
Vacancy and Credit Loss							
Offices	0.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		4,352,000	4,439,040	4,527,821	4,618,377	4,710,745	4,804,960
Expenses							
CapEx	0.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	0.74%	32,000	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		32,000	0	0	0	0	0
NOI		4,320,000	4,439,040	4,527,821	4,618,377	4,710,745	4,804,960
Terminal Value	8.0%						60,061,996
Discount Rate	8.0%	1.00	0.93	0.86	0.79	0.74	0.68
Present Value		4,320,000	4,110,222	3,881,877	3,666,217	3,462,538	44,147,360
Net Present Value							63,600,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 63,600,000.00

Sixty-Three Million Six Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 2-tog

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit











Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a logistic project located in Al Masani district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 13,544.45 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 11,980 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 4 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by warehouses, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as moderate due to its location near Al Haeer Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	13,544.45 Sqm
District	Al Masani	Plot No.	2788 to 2801
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	910106051847	Layout No.	3085
T.D Date	21/11/1438	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	Pathway	East Side	20 meters Street
South Side	25 meters Street	West Side	20 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	Renewal		
Property Type	Warehouse		
Construction Permit No.	1426/740		
Construction Permit Date	06/02/1432		

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Ground Floor	28	11,970	Warehouse
Electricity Room	0	10	Electricity Room
Fences	0	75	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		11,980.00	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

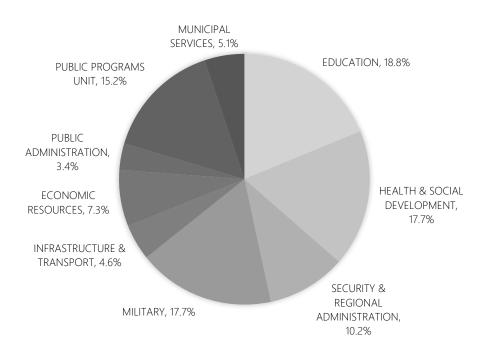
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Projections	
Economic mulcator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00	bn bn bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





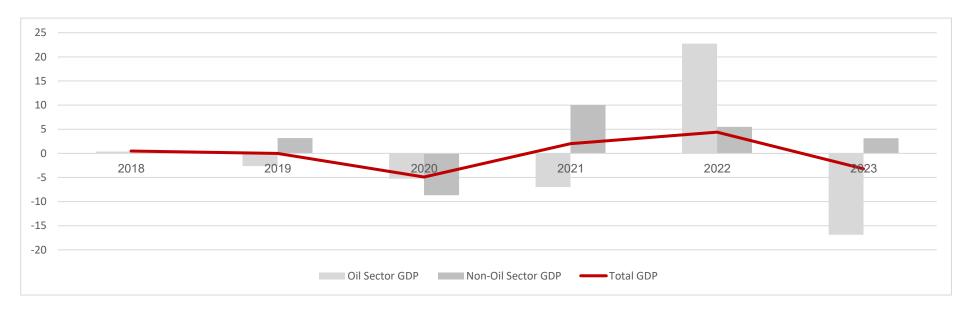
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



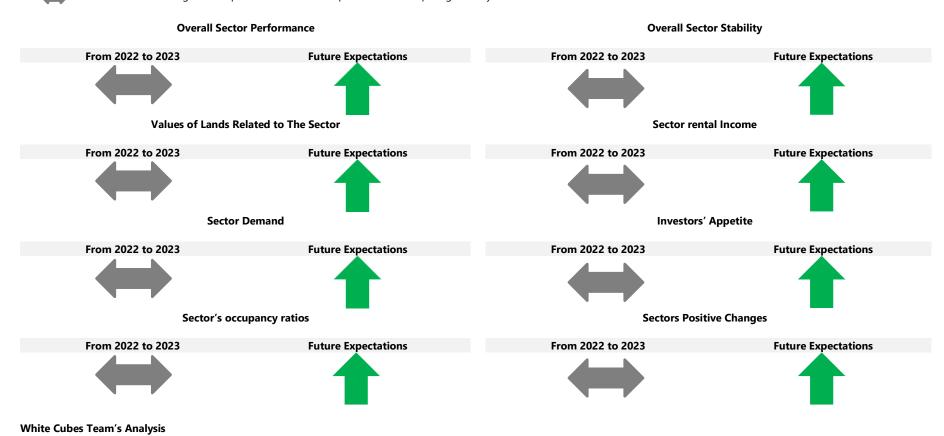


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year





2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		~			
Occupancy Rates			*		
Supply Rate			*		
Demand Rate			*		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

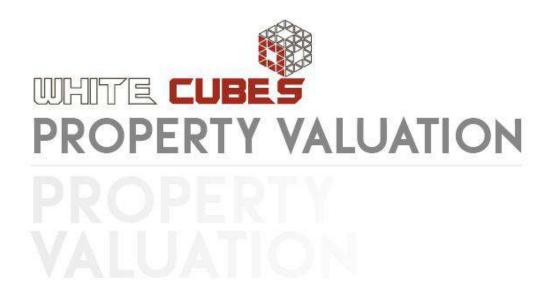
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			*		
Location			~		
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities			~		
Total Risk	0	0	12	0	0

Risk Category 12 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			*		
Management Skills			~		
Overall Condition			~		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach					
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method		
Land								
Buildings								
Property			✓					

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 5.5%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 20,500,000.00	SAR 1,900,000.00	SAR 7,000,000.00
NOI	SAR 1,640,000.00	SAR 152,000.00	SAR 560,000.00
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		
Rounded	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%2.00		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%1.50		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%1.00	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	10.00%				



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Expected Revenues							
Warehouse	Sqm	12,300	12,300	12,300	12,300	12,300	12,300
Rate (SAR)	SAR	160	160	163	166	170	173
Total	SAR	1,878,598	1,968,000	2,007,360	2,047,507	2,088,457	2,130,226
Overall Revenues		1,878,598	1,968,000	2,007,360	2,047,507	2,088,457	2,130,226
Vacancy and Credit Loss							
Warehouse	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		1,878,598	1,968,000	2,007,360	2,047,507	2,088,457	2,130,226
Expenses							
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	5.5%	102,946	107,846	110,003	112,203	114,447	116,736
Overall Expenses		102,946	107,846	110,003	112,203	114,447	116,736
NOI		1,775,651	1,860,154	1,897,357	1,935,305	1,974,011	2,013,491
Terminal Value	8.0%						25,168,637
Discount Rate	10.0%	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75	0.68	0.62
Present Value		1,775,651	1,691,049	1,568,064	1,454,023	1,348,276	16,877,963
Net Present Value							24,700,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 24,700,000.00

Twenty-Four Million Seven Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO Farah E. Al Husaini Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit



Martin Berger Martin M						
وراه الفلهي البلدي البلدي المساعة الم	-5	بطالعراني أنتألكان	دارة لطمة التفت	, E	الإ العاملية العاملية الإ	الأسمانا
المنافع المنا		TETT	117414	ارام فنوست ساست .		
	. /4		TT-TIT	arginities.		
الرفران المنافر المنا			itifin it ii	MI INTERNA	بانة منطلقة ا	a!
المسلو المسالية و الم		ج ښاومستودع	دخميا		إدارة رغص البثاء	
المنافع المنا	77			غاد عبداو		
رق م السحان المراكا ا	1947					
المساحد المنافعة الانطباعية عند المنافعة الانطباعية عند المنافعة الانطباعية عند المنافعة الانطباعية المنافعة ا			(*1-1*	1-11114)		
الت الرق العدار الت الرق المنطق المن			74.1	JOY VA A CH		_
Common Property Common				34.		
الجهد الخروق : ١٠ ١٩٧١ من الإيلاد الإركباد الإيلاد الإركباد الإرك				- N B		
الجهد الحدود الإبعاد العدود المعادة الإبعاد المعادة ا					. (
شيال مرسالة الم المراقع المرا	راءم / طالفطاق العسمسواني: مرطة ا	محيط الأسوار	۲۲	iroto,io	احسة الأرض :	
عبول التراكية المسلم : الماحة الإستخدام المسلم الم		الإرتساد				الجهة
المنافع المنا		-,				شمال
جذوب الترجيع المناف الإستخدام المناف الإستخدام المناف الإستخدام المناف الإستخدام المناف الإستخدام المناف الإستخدام المناف المنا		- 1	424.4		تنازع عربش ۲۰م	
الكتب الصمع: الاله المساحة الإستخدام المواجعة الإستخدام المواجعة		,	94,11		تنازع خرطن ۲۰ ام	
الوحداث البناء عند الساحة الإستخدام الإستخدام الموحداث المحددة المحدد ا		1	- 1XF.X		تسرح عرض ۲۹	
ور الرابعة في المرابعة المستودي المستو			2 1 1			
الكتب المسمع : الاله المسلوح		الإستحضام			دومات! ليشاء	CA 1
المحال ا		nut.				-1
المؤتر المستمع : معن والمستمع : والمستمع			-			
المكتب المسمع : محدث المسلم : محدث المسلم : محدث المسلم : محدث ا					P4.5	
رغام كالا الروح الذي المساع : سعود المساع : المساع		CEATZ	Ψ0,			ابنوو
رغام كالا الروح الذي المساع : سعود المساع : المساع				NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		Office 2
رغام كالا الروح الذي المساع : سعود المساع : المساع						
رياس كال الروح الأراس المساع : سعود المساع						
رغام كالا الروح الذي المساع : سعود المساع : من النظام : من النظام : من المباع				-		
رغام كالا الروح الذي المساع : سعود المساع : من النظام : من النظام : من المباع	1					
رغام كالا الروح الذي المساع : سعود المساع : من النظام : من النظام : من المباع	إصرفت فيلاة إنهام البضاء					
الكتب التسمع: بحون الشروع ومن النظام: مناسب الشوارع المحيد الأمان المراجع المحار الأمان المحار المح		-				_
الكتب الصحيح : بعون المشروع : وما النظام : مناسب الشوارع الحيية الأخياث المساور المساور الماري وبلكية الأخياث المساورة		-				
الكتب الصحيح : بعون المشروع : وما النظام : مناسب الشوارع الحيية الأخياث المساور المساور الماري وبلكية الأخياث المساورة	Die Be de Be die E					
المكتب المسمى : الحال	77.					
المكتب المسمى : الحال	(القامع الفرني ببلنية الشين)					<u>.</u>
رقم الترخيس:						
رقم الشرطيسين : المستاخ وقد من المشروع : وهر الشطاع : مناسبيب الشوارع الحيوطة : المستوي المستوية المستوية : الشوارع الحيوطة : المستوي السياح وقد و المستوية					الصيميح : بنون	المكتب
سند الرسوم ميشاع والدوه : *** وذال بموجيب الإيمسال ولمم ، **** وتاريخ . *** ا ١٠٣٠			الشروع:	رقورا		
ملا مطالت: ملا ملا ملا ملا ملا الملا ملا ملا ملا مل			ديال.	4501		
من المستورية الله المستورية الله المستورة (المستورة الله المستورة المستورة الله المستورة المستورة الله المستورة المستورة المستورة الله المستورة	* -17	3 1885-1	T will also the			
ر درون الآلاي الساحة بين الآلاي المنافق المنا	. 14-4-1111هـ (يُشَافَةُ - فَرَقَةُ النَّهِ بِالرِ بِالسِاسَةُ عَالَ.	م ۱۹۲۵ - ۱۹۱۹ ما بازریم	يال بالإيمال رقم	ود میلغ ۱۸ ن	من شده	إملاحظ
مرف الموادي المراقبة الموادية	- ١١٣١ هـ الصائر من يلاية الشاء الله عبة	11771 (William P. 1	عادي پرفو(۱۹۹	ب التقرير الس	١. يعرج	1
ا الحال المواقع على المفاقع المؤتفين الموريين الخال في المؤتف المهادي إلى المؤتف المدارة المدارة المدارة المؤتفين المؤت			بالرفاحي	شهلات إنماء	مرف	_
تحول من التناوي ول تلاو فريانه حين المراب على التاكنية الالما وليستان المراب على التاكنية المراب على المراب المرا	كة الكهرياء رقم (١١١٣/ ١١٨٠ - ١٠) وكاريخ ١١٠٢٠ - ١٢٢٠ هـ على ان	تهرياه يعوجب قطلب شو	四祖五祖祖.	Je škitudi .	الداعط	
ر والمراكبية الرخص عديد المارية عمل عديد من الطباط العدم المراكبية الرخص عديد المراكبية الرخص المراكبية ا	٣٠٠٠) وظنى ان تكون الارض الشاء رالا اردود عواقق على الخيمة كاكباء الأملية المسحاب الطائق	عرد: « فت نظامیة بابعا: ﴿ ؛ كهرياه بما بازركب كان. (ا	صمن المينى او يـ *) ناتذم شركة الك	محطة مطافيا . دون الكانيا عا	نگون دُخالہ	
را عدالة فن محد بلدلس را على من أكما القرول ، السلكا الداهد المحل الأراد ال		~		-	-	
را عدلة بن محد بلدنس را على بن كما الدّرى واستعالداهم المحل الأرداع المالية المواقد				a		
را عدلة بن محد بلدنس را على بن كما الدّرى واستعالداهم المحل الأرداع المالية المواقد	The second secon		(-		1
را عدلة بن محد بلدنس را على بن كما الدّرى واستعالداهم المحل الأرداع المالية المواقد	and the second	/ 9	-	-	10-ill 1	
LONG LAME LA CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	مدير عام العصليط العبر أم			7-6-67		
	11 1140 1	إكتاف الذرازي	دِا علي بن	٠	بدالله قن محمد بانبراه	م/ عب
ي كشداه شطب يلغي هذه الرخصة . يجم الإلتزام بالشروط الموضوعة خلف الرخصية .			1			
	Control of the Contro		٧.			
WHILE WE SELECT STATE OF THE SELECT STATE OF T						







Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a logistic project located in Al Sulay district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 54,075 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 46,158 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 3 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of Al Kitab Street from the east side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by warehouses, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location near the Second Ring Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	54,075 Sqm
District	Al Sulay	Plot No.	27
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	310108046400	Layout No.	1351
T.D Date	23/11/1438	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	شركة بيتك الحفظ للعقارات	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Riyadh Notary		
North Side	Private property	East Side	36 meters Street
South Side	36 meters Street	West Side	Private property

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New Permit
Property Type	Project
Construction Permit No.	121/3/4/27
Construction Permit Date	04/12/1413

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Ground Floor	0	46,158	Warehouse
Total BUA (sqm)		46,158	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

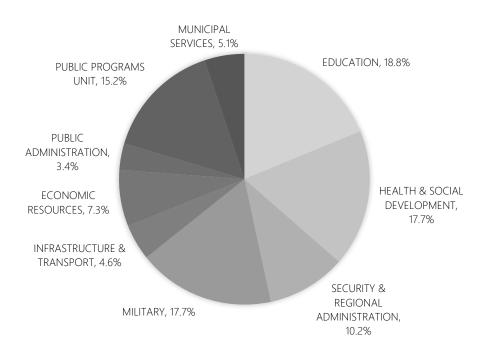
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	2025 1,227 1,300 -73 1176 5.70% 4,494 2.10%	ctions
Economic mulcator	2022	2023	2024		2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00	bn bn bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





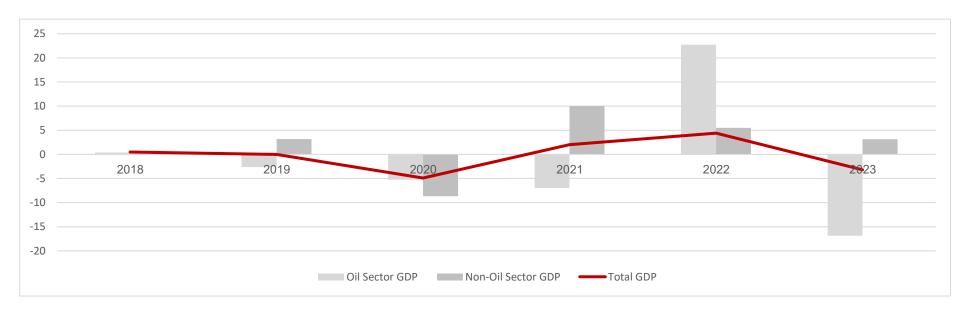
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



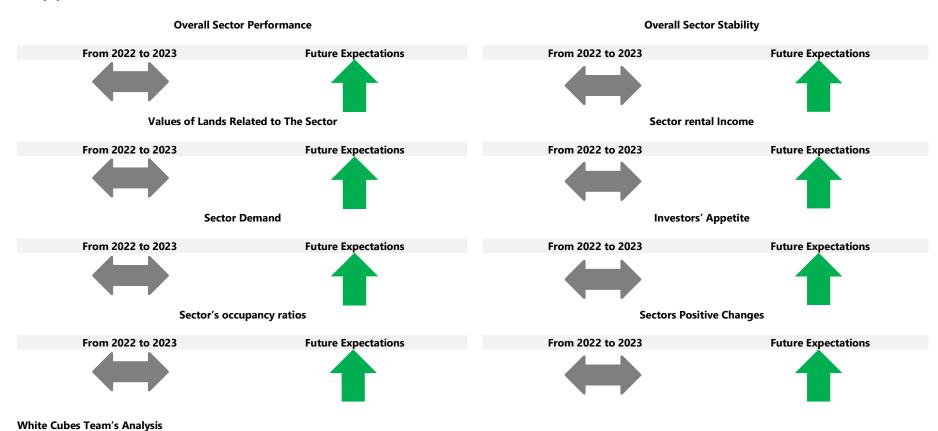


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year





2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			~		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		*			
Occupancy Rates			*		
Supply Rate			*		
Demand Rate			*		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

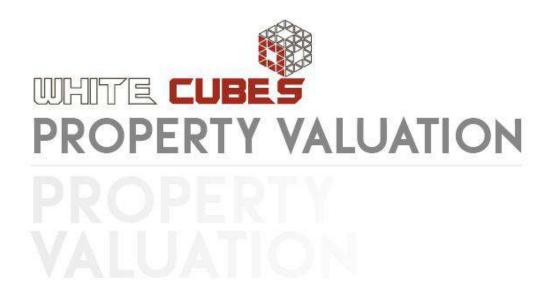
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location			~		
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities			~		
Total Risk	0	0	12	0	0

Risk Category 12 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			~		
Management Skills			*		
Overall Condition			✓		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach				
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method	
Land							
Buildings							
Property			✓				

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 5.7%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 20,500,000.00	SAR 1,900,000.00	SAR 7,000,000.00
NOI	SAR 1,640,000.00	SAR 152,000.00	SAR 560,000.00
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		
Rounded	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

	Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)	
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50	SAMA
Inflation Rate%	%2.00	GASTAT
Market Risk Premium%	%1.50	Trading Economics
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%1.00 Source	ce Team's experience.
Discount Rate%	10.00%	



Code Ele		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5
Inflation		0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	5.0%
Expected Revenues							
Warehouse	Sqm	38,390	38,390	38,390	38,390	38,390	38,390
Rate (SAR)	SAR	110	116	116	121	121	127
Total	SAR	3,963,922	4,434,045	4,434,045	4,655,747	4,655,747	4,888,535
Overall Revenues		3,963,922	4,434,045	4,434,045	4,655,747	4,655,747	4,888,535
Vacancy and Credit Loss							
Warehouse	1%	39,639	0	0	0	0	0
Total		39,639	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		3,924,283	4,434,045	4,434,045	4,655,747	4,655,747	4,888,535
Expenses							
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	5.7%	225,589	88,681	88,681	93,115	93,115	97,771
Overall Expenses		225,589	88,681	88,681	93,115	93,115	97,771
NOI		3,698,694	4,345,364	4,345,364	4,562,632	4,562,632	4,790,764
Terminal Value	8.0%						59,884,549
Discount Rate	10.0%	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75	0.68	0.62
Present Value		3,698,694	3,950,331	3,591,210	3,427,973	3,116,339	40,158,281
Net Present Value							57,900,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 57,900,000.00

Fifty-Seven Million Nine Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO Farah E. Al Husaini Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.

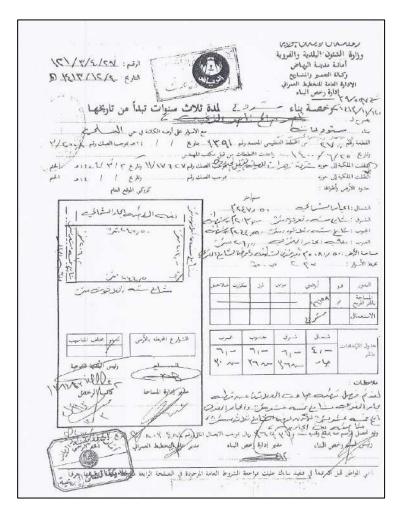




Documents Received

4.1 Title deeds and Construction Permit











Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a mix-use building located in Al Quds district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 895.50 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 1,257.84 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 2 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of King Abdullah Road from the north side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

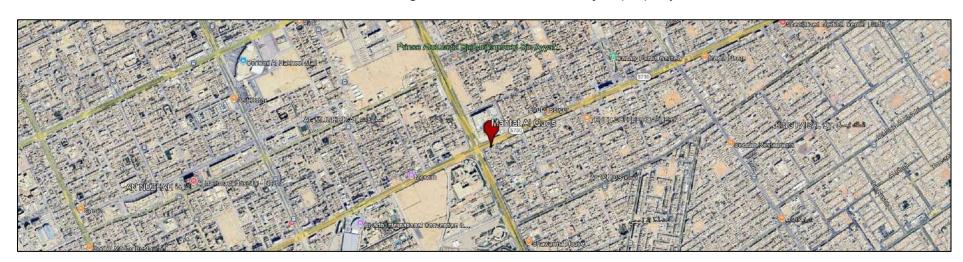
The subject property is primarily surrounded by commercial and mixed-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on King Abdullah Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	895.5 Sqm
District	Al Quds	Plot No.	1473
T.D Type	-	Block No.	-
T.D Number	16/868	Layout No.	2304
T.D Date	30/03/1404	Ownership Type	-
Owner	-	Limitation of Document	-
Issued From	-		
North Side	60 meters Street	East Side	Private property
South Side	Private property	West Side	15 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New permit
Property Type	Commercial Offices
Construction Permit No.	1433/5390
Construction Permit Date	15/03/1433

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Mezzanine	0	446.84	Commercial
ground Floor	4	535	Commercial
Annexes	3	276	Offices
Fences	1	60	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		1,257.84	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

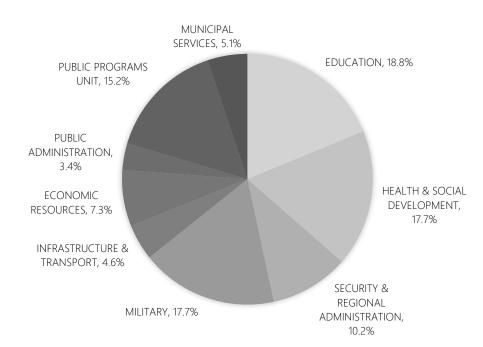
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00	bn bn
Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 112.00	bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





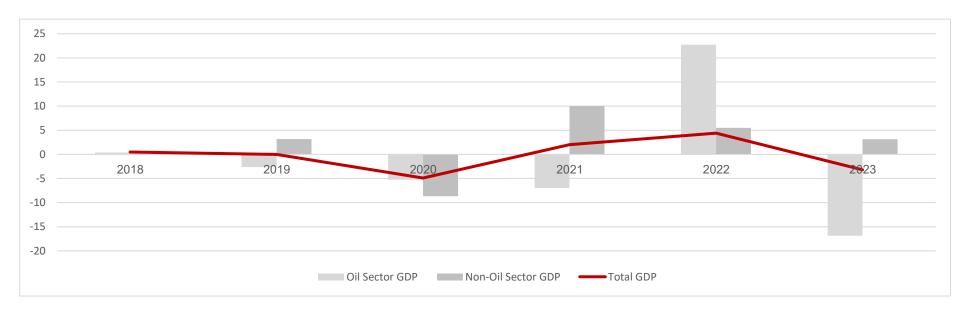
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



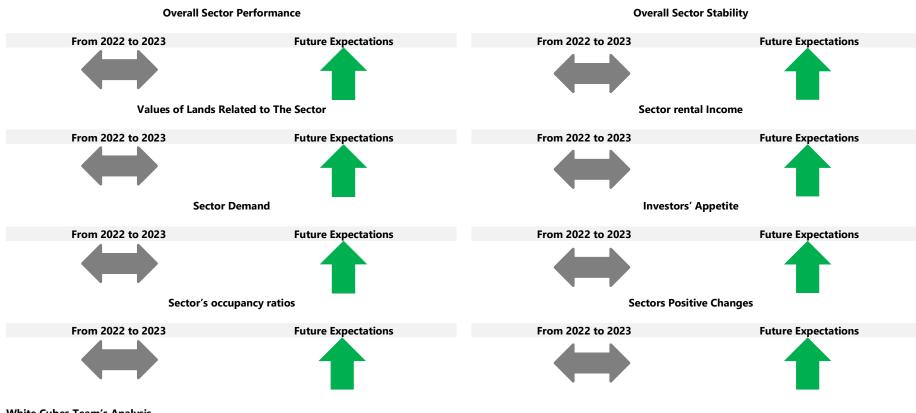


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		✓			
Occupancy Rates			✓		
Supply Rate			✓		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

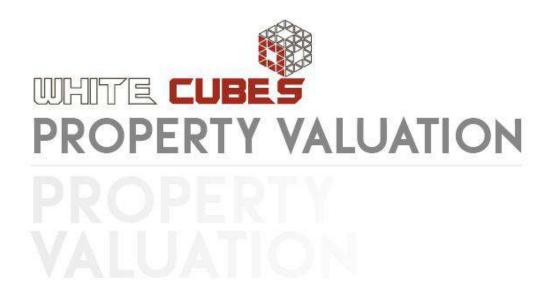
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access		✓			
Location		✓			
Land Shape		✓			
Surrounding Area facilities		✓			
Total Risk	0	8	0	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			✓		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition		✓			
Total Risk	0	2	6	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

We have been informed by the client that there are no operational expenses for the project, only the land rent amounting to SAR 275,000.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

Since the project is based on a usufruct right, there is no terminal value for the project.

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50	SAMA			
Inflation Rate%	%2.00	GASTAT			
Market Risk Premium%	%1.50	Trading Economics			
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%1.00 Source	te Team's experience.			
Discount Rate%	10.00%				



Cook Floor		2024	2025	2026	2027
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues					
Commercial	Sqm	822	820	820	820
Rate (SAR)	SAR	550.0	550.0	550.0	550.0
Total	SAR	452,100	451,000	451,000	177,667
Offices	Sqm	274	276	276	276
Rate (SAR)	SAR	680.0	680.0	680.0	133.3
Total	SAR	186,320	187,680	187,680	36,800
Overall Revenues		638,420	638,680	638,680	214,467
Vacancy and Credit Loss					
Commercial	0.0%	0	0	0	0
Offices	0.0%	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		638,420	638,680	638,680	214,467
Expenses					
OPEX	0.0%	0	0	0	0
Rent	SAR	275,000	275,000	275,000	77,602
Overall Expenses		275,000	275,000	275,000	77,602
NOI		363,420	363,680	363,680	136,865
Terminal Value	0.0%	505,120	303,000	303,000	150,003
Discount Rate	10.0%	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75
Present Value	. 5.576	363,420	330,618	300,562	102,828
Net Present Value		555,5	333,3.3	333/332	1,100,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 1,100,000.00

One Million One Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 enty

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

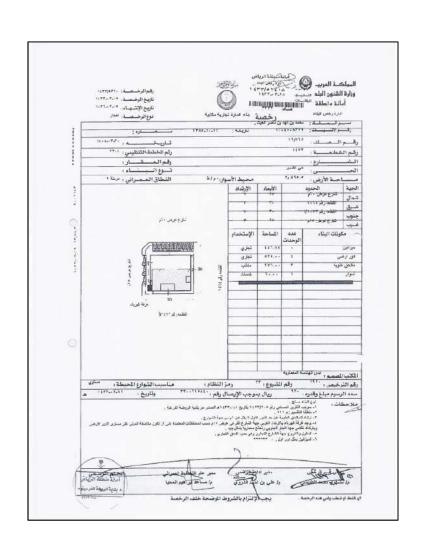
It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Construction Permit









Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a mix-use building located in Dhahrat Laban district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 895.50 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 1,645.1 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 2 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of Najd Street Road from the South side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mixed-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as moderate due to its location on Al Najd Street.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	895.5 Sqm
District	Dhahrat Laban	Plot No.	7984
T.D Type	-	Block No.	-
T.D Number	17/91	Layout No.	2351
T.D Date	10/02/1404	Ownership Type	-
Owner	-	Limitation of Document	-
Issued From	-		
North Side	Plot# 7946	East Side	20 meters Street
South Side	60 meters Street	West Side	Plot# 7949

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New Permit
Property Type	Residential Commercial
Construction Permit No.	1433/11244
Construction Permit Date	14/06/1433

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Mezzanine	0	261.99	Commercial
ground Floor	4	524.94	Commercial
First Floor	4	573.28	Residential
Annexes	2	284.89	Residential
Fences	1	50	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		1,645.1	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

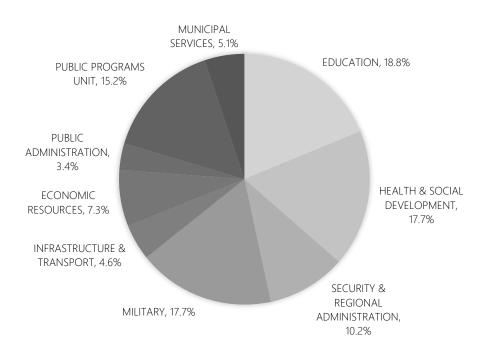
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00	bn bn bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





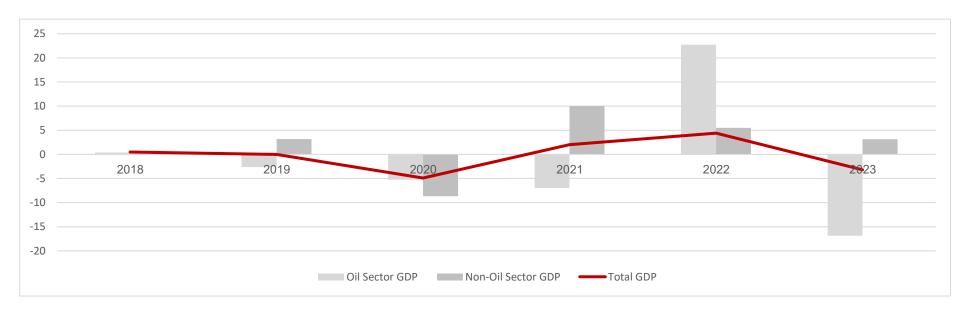
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



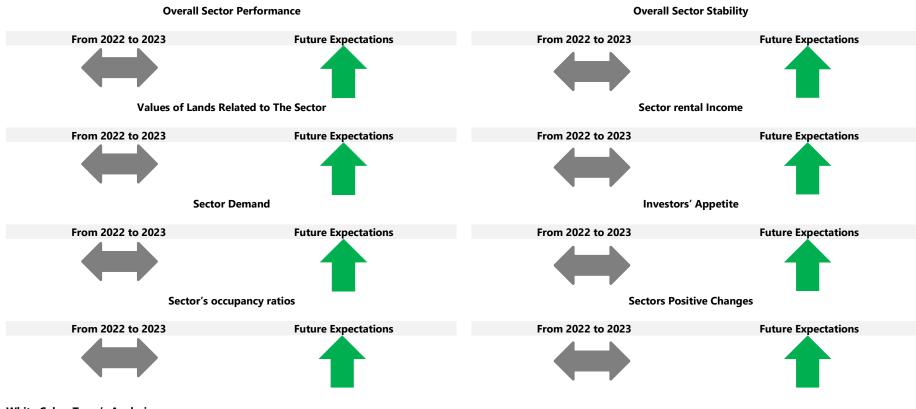


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		✓			
Occupancy Rates			✓		
Supply Rate			✓		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

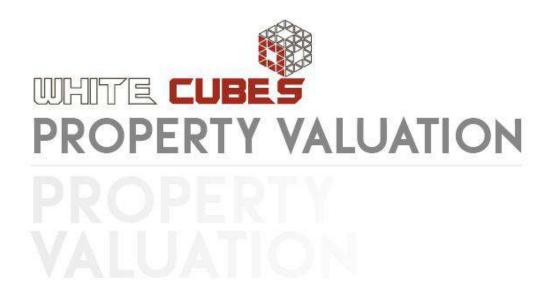
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access		~			
Location		✓			
Land Shape		✓			
Surrounding Area facilities		✓			
Total Risk	0	8	0	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			✓		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition		✓			
Total Risk	0	2	6	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

We have been informed by the client that there are no operational expenses for the project, only the land rent amounting to SAR 200,000.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

Since the project is based on a usufruct right, there is no terminal value for the project.

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%2.00		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%1.50		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%1.00	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	10.00%				



Cook Floor		2024	2025	2026	2027
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues					
Commercial	Sqm	1,420	1,420	1,420	1,420
Rate (SAR)	SAR	325.0	325.0	325.0	325.0
Total	SAR	461,500	461,500	461,500	461,500
Overall Revenues		461,500	461,500	461,500	461,500
Vacancy and Credit Loss					
Commercial	0.0%	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		461,500	461,500	461,500	461,500
Expenses					
OPEX	2.5%	11,342	11,342	11,342	11,342
Rent	SAR	200,000	200,000	200,000	19,726
Overall Expenses		211,342	211,342	211,342	31,068
NOI		250,158	250,158	250,158	430,432
Terminal Value	0.0%				
Discount Rate	10.0%	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75
Present Value		250,158	227,417	206,742	323,390
Net Present Value					1,000,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 1,000,000.00

One Million Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini
President

Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Construction Permit









Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a mix-use building located in Al Murabba district of Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 781.94 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 3,080.48 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 2 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of Prince Abdulaziz Bin Musaid Bin Jalawi Street from the east side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by commercial and mixed-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on Prince Abdulaziz Bin Musaid Bin Jalawi Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	781.94 Sqm
District	Al Murabba	Plot No.	-
T.D Type	-	Block No.	-
T.D Number	1/512	Layout No.	-
T.D Date	01/05/1393	Ownership Type	-
Owner	-	Limitation of Document	-
Issued From	-		
North Side	30 meters Street	East Side	30 meters Street
South Side	Private property	West Side	Private property

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	Layout modification		
Property Type	Commercial Offices		
Construction Permit No.	1432/13056		
Construction Permit Date	11/07/1432		

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	0	781.94	Parking
ground Floor	4	318.7	Commercial
First Floor	3	326.64	Offices
Second Floor	3	326.64	Offices
Third Floor	3	326.64	Offices
Electricity Room	0	20	Electricity Room
Fourth Floor	3	326.64	Offices
Fifth Floor	3	326.64	Offices
Sixth Floor	3	326.64	Offices
Fences	1	54.40	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		3,080.48	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

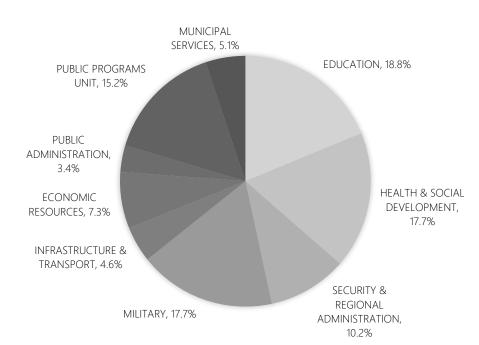
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector Municipal Services Sector Education Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00 SAR 81.00 SAR 195.00	bn bn bn bn
Health and Social Development Sector Economic Resources Sector Infrastructure and Transportation Sector General Items	SAR 214.00 SAR 84.00 SAR 38.00 SAR 216.00	bn bn bn bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





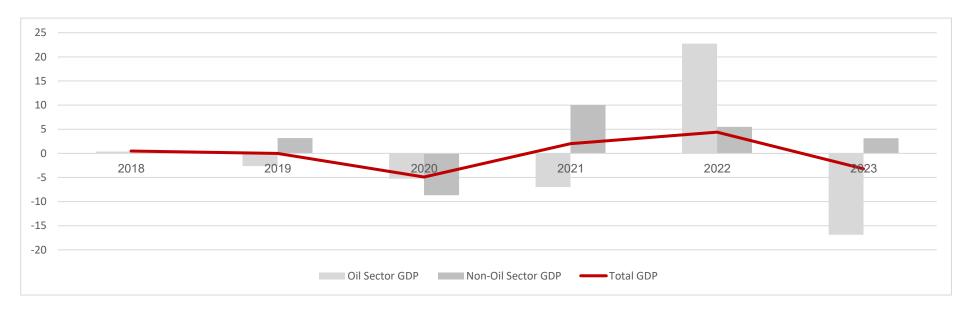
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



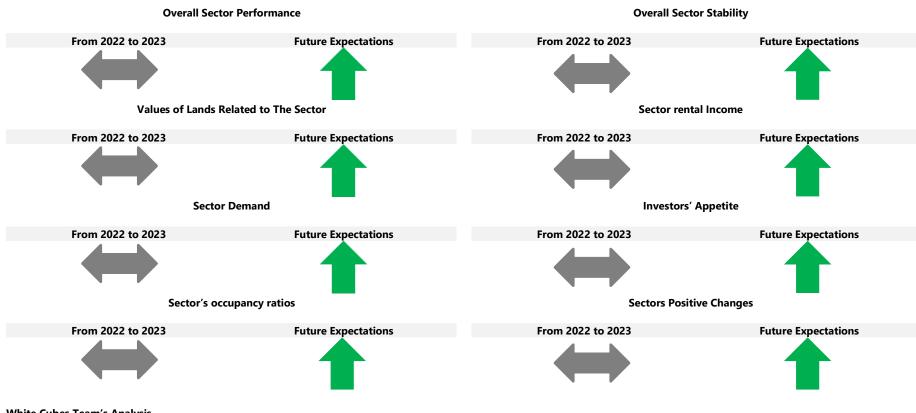


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		✓			
Occupancy Rates			✓		
Supply Rate			✓		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

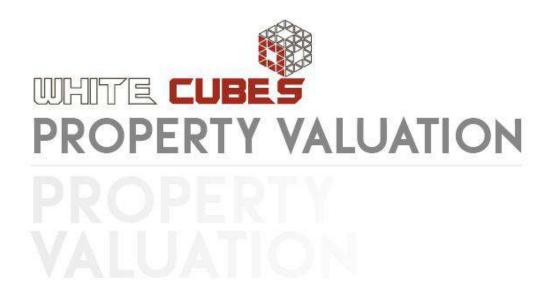
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location		✓			
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities		✓			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 10 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			✓		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition			✓		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach				
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method	
Land							
Buildings							
Property			✓				

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses5% to 7%Operating and maintenance expenses5% to 6%General service bills expenses3% to 4%Other incidental expenses2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

We have been informed by the client that there are no operational expenses for the project, only the land rent amounting to SAR 350,000.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

Since the project is based on a usufruct right, there is no terminal value for the project.

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)							
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50	SAMA					
Inflation Rate%	%2.00	GASTAT					
Market Risk Premium%	%1.50	Trading Economics					
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%1.00 Source	te Team's experience.					
Discount Rate%	10.00%						



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Casii i iow		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Inflation		0.0%	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues									
Commercial	Sqm	262	262	262	262	262	262	262	262
Rate (SAR)	SAR	725	740	740	740	754	754	754	754
Total	SAR	189,769	193,564	193,564	193,564	197,435	197,435	197,435	197,435
Offices	Sqm	1,483	1,483	1,483	1,483	1,483	1,483	1,483	1,483
Rate (SAR)	SAR	429	437	437	437	446	446	446	446
Total	SAR	635,573	648,284	648,284	648,284	661,250	661,250	661,250	661,250
Overall Revenues		825,341	841,848	841,848	841,848	858,685	858,685	858,685	858,685
Vacancy and Credit Loss									
Commercial	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offices	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		825,341	841,848	841,848	841,848	858,685	858,685	858,685	858,685
	_								
Expenses									
OPEX	6.9%	56,542	21,046	21,046	21,046	21,467	21,467	21,467	21,467
Rent	SAR	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000
Overall Expenses		406,542	371,046	371,046	371,046	371,467	371,467	371,467	371,467
NOI		418,799	470,802	470,802	470,802	487,218	487,218	487,218	487,218
Terminal Value	0.0%								
Discount Rate	10.0%	1.00	0.91	0.83	0.75	0.68	0.62	0.56	0.51
Present Value		418,799	428,002	389,093	353,721	332,776	302,524	275,022	250,020
Net Present Value									2,700,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 2,700,000.00

Two Million Seven Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

4.1 Construction Permit









Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a Hospitality project (Towlan Suites Hotel) located in Al-Aqrabiyah district of Al Khobar city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 1,750.00 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 6,526.51 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 2 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of on Street# 21 from the south side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mixed-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location near King Saud Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Al Khobar	Land Area	1,750 Sqm
District	Al-Aqrabiyah	Plot No.	54, 56
T.D Type	Digital	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	314003007390	Layout No.	2/349
T.D Date	17/06/1443	Ownership Type	Restricted.
Owner	Baitek Al Hefdh Real-estate Co.	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi Bank.
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
North Side	Plot# 53, 55	East Side	Pathway
South Side	30 meters Street	West Side	Plot# 58

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New permit
Property Type	Residential Building
Construction Permit No.	Not Clear
Construction Permit Date	18/04/1432

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Ground Floor	64	1,136.7	Parking Area
Ground Floor	-	27.50	Electricity Room
Ground Floor	14	1,136.07	Residential
First Floor	14	1,136.07	Residential
Second Floor	14	1,136.07	Residential
Third Floor	14	1,136.07	Residential
Fourth Floor	-	568.03	Addendum
Barrier	-	250.00	-
Fences	-	114.50	-
Total BUA (sqm)		6,526.51	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

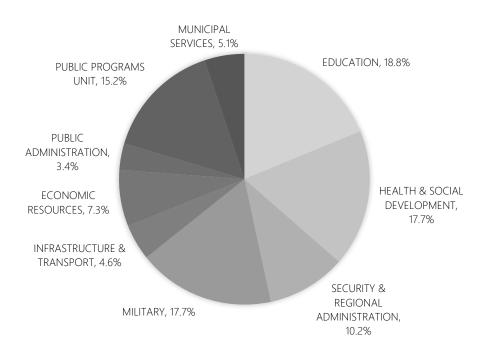
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Projections	
Economic mulcator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00	bn bn bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





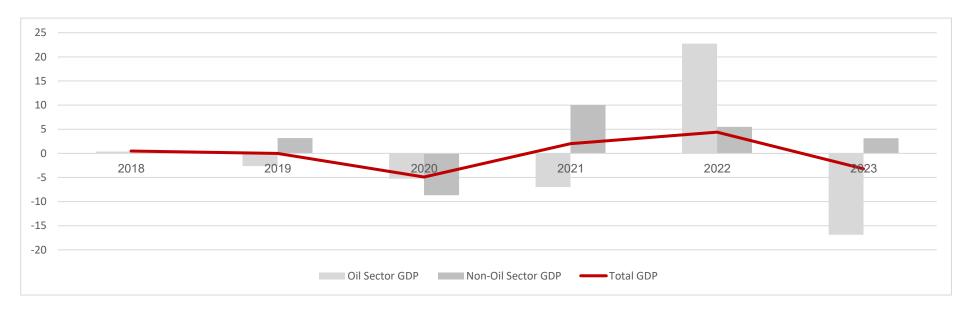
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



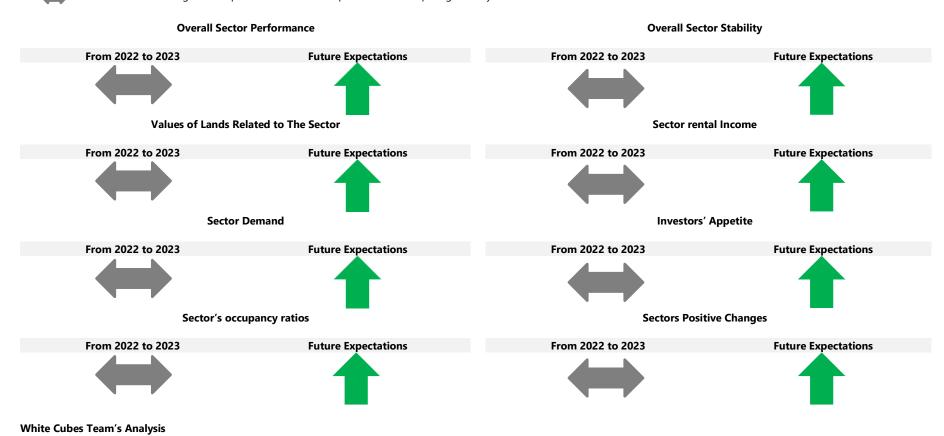


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year





2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		✓			
Occupancy Rates			✓		
Supply Rate			✓		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

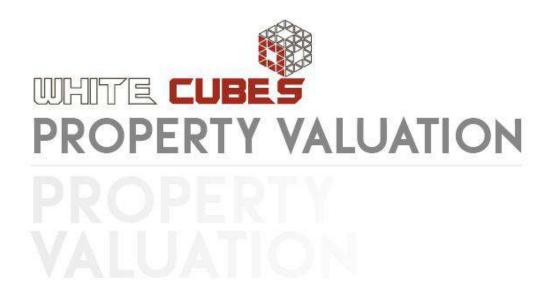
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			~		
Location		✓			
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities		✓			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 10 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			✓		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	9	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 0%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 22,000,000.00	SAR 52,000,000.00	SAR 26,000,000.00
NOI	SAR 1,760,000.00	SAR 4,160,000.00	SAR 2,080,000.00
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		
Rounded	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%2.00		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%1.00		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	9.00%				



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5
Inflation		0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	3.0%
Expected Revenues							
Studio	Unit	28	28	28	28	28	28
Rate (SAR)	SAR	22,123	22,787	22,787	23,470	23,470	24,174
Total	SAR	619,444	638,027	638,027	657,168	657,168	676,883
2 Bedrooms	Unit	24	24	24	24	24	24
Rate (SAR)	SAR	24,854	25,600	25,600	26,368	26,368	27,159
Total	SAR	596,496	614,391	614,391	632,823	632,823	651,807
Suites 3 Bedrooms	Unit	4	4	4	4	4	4
Rate (SAR)	SAR	218,750	225,313	225,313	232,072	232,072	239,034
Total	SAR	875,000	901,250	901,250	928,288	928,288	956,136
Overall Revenues		2,090,940	2,153,668	2,153,668	2,218,278	2,218,278	2,284,827
Vacancy and Credit Loss							
Studio	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bedrooms	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suites 3 Bedrooms	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		2,090,940	2,153,668	2,153,668	2,218,278	2,218,278	2,284,827
Expenses							
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
ОрЕх	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		0	0	0	0	0	0
NOI		2,090,940	2,153,668	2,153,668	2,218,278	2,218,278	2,284,827
Terminal Value	8.0%						28,560,332
Discount Rate	9.0%	1.00	0.92	0.84	0.77	0.71	0.65
Present Value		2,090,940	1,975,842	1,812,699	1,712,918	1,571,484	20,047,237
Net Present Value							29,200,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 29,200,000.00

Twenty-Nine Million Two Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President

Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO Farah E. Al Husaini Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer WHITECUBES Stamp

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.

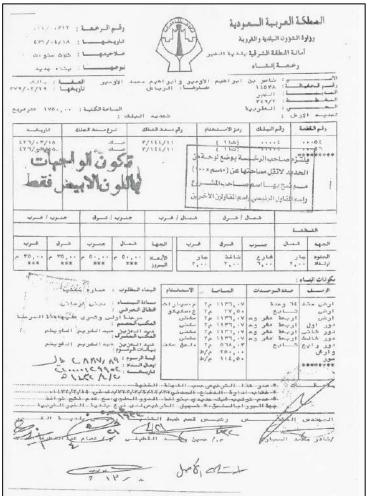




Documents Received

5 Title deed and Construction Permit











Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is an educational facility located in Al Fahad district of Unayzah city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 6,694 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 10,522.17 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 2 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view 2 internal Streets from the south and west side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mixed-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location near Sheikh Mohammad Bin Othaimin Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Unayzah	Land Area	1,798 Sqm
District	Al Fahad	Plot No.	1029
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	914003007410	Layout No.	ق/245/1
T.D Date	23/06/1443	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	Baitek Al Hefdh Real-estate Co.	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
North Side	Plot# 1028	East Side	Private property
South Side	20 meters Street	West Side	Plot# 1031
City	Unayzah	Land Area	1,798 Sqm
District	Al Fahad	Plot No.	1031
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	514003007411	Layout No.	ق/245/1
T.D Date	23/06/1443	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	Baitek Al Hefdh Real-estate Co.	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
			DI : # 4000
North Side	Plot# 1030	East Side	Plot# 1029



City	Unayzah	Land Area	1,373 Sqm
District	Al Fahad	Plot No.	1034
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	814003007412	Layout No.	ق/245/1
T.D Date	23/06/1443	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	Baitek Al Hefdh Real-estate Co.	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
North Side	Plot# 1033	East Side	Plot# 1031
South Side	Plot# 1035, 1036	West Side	20 meters Street

City	Unayzah	Land Area	800 Sqm
District	Al Fahad	Plot No.	1035
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	814003007409	Layout No.	ق/245/1
T.D Date	23/06/1443	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	Baitek Al Hefdh Real-estate Co.	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
North Side	Plot# 1034	East Side	Plot# 1031
South Side	20 meters Street	West Side	Plot# 1036



City	Unayzah	Land Area	925 Sqm
District	Al Fahad	Plot No.	1036
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	314003007389	Layout No.	ق/1/245
T.D Date	17/06/1443	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	Baitek Al Hefdh Real-estate Co.	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
North Side	Plot# 1034	East Side	Plot# 1035
South Side	20 meters Street	West Side	20 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	New permit
Property Type	Educational facility
Construction Permit No.	150958
Construction Permit Date	24/09/1433

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	0	735.18	-
Ground Floor	0	3,320.49	-
First Floor	0	3,233.25	-
Second Floor	0	3,233.25	-
Total BUA (sqm)		10,522.17	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

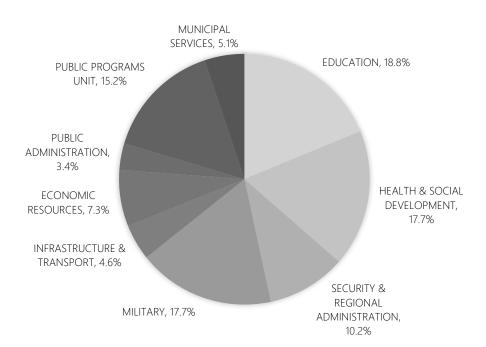
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector Municipal Services Sector Education Sector Health and Social Development Sector Economic Resources Sector Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00 SAR 81.00 SAR 195.00 SAR 214.00 SAR 84.00 SAR 38.00	bn bn bn bn bn bn bn bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





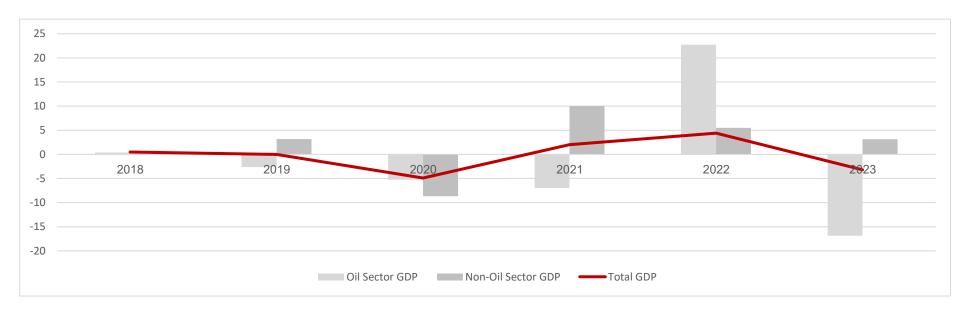
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



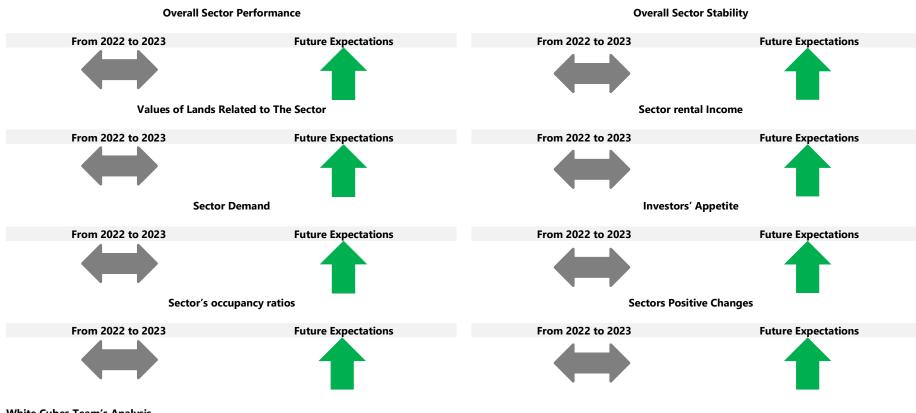


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		~			
Occupancy Rates			*		
Supply Rate			*		
Demand Rate			*		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

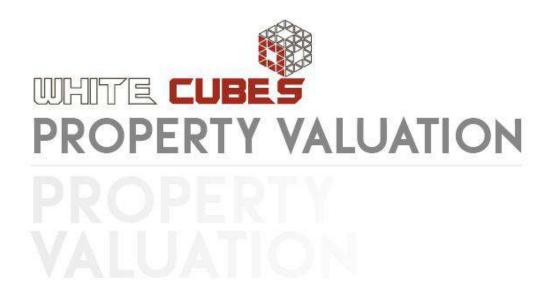
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			*		
Location			~		
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities			~		
Total Risk	0	0	12	0	0

Risk Category 12 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			*		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition			*		
Total Risk	0	0	9	0	0

Risk Category 9 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach		Income	Approach	
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 0%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 190,596,000.00	SAR 65,240,000.00	SAR 726,455,000.00
NOI	SAR 14,294,700.00	SAR 4,893,000.00	SAR 54,484,125.00
Cap Rate	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Average Cap Rate	7.50%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)					
Free-Risk rate%	%5.50		SAMA		
Inflation Rate%	%2.00		GASTAT		
Market Risk Premium%	%0.50		Trading Economics		
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50	Source	Team's experience.		
Discount Rate%	8.50%				



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues						
Educational building	Sqm	10,522	10,522	10,522	10,522	10,522
Rate (SAR)	SAR	250	250	250	250	250
Total	SAR	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543
Overall Revenues		2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543
Vacancy and Credit Loss						
Educational building	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543
Expenses						
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		0	0	0	0	0
·						
NOI		2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543	2,630,543
Terminal Value	7.5%					35,073,900
Discount Rate	8.5%	1.00	0.92	0.85	0.78	0.72
Present Value		2,630,543	2,424,463	2,234,528	2,059,473	27,206,556
Net Present Value						36,600,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 36,600,000.00

Thirty-Six Million Six Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

5 Title deeds and Construction Permit













ر قر الرخصية. ١٥٠١٥١	Annal I	الملكة المريد
11TT/+ 4/T2 - 14 - 1 - 12 - 13		وزارة الشوون ال
كاريخ التهديد ١٩٩١ (١٩٩١)	ة عنيزة	بادية مدافظ
ترح الاصدان سيد		ادارة الخدما
E367.	رخصة بناء	
هر از بي طبقا لكود البلاء السعوديّ	ن توصل الخدمة الكهريائية في حال عدم تلفيذ العزالَ ا	- ikabe
Approximate the same of the sa	المترخصة وشوكة المعارف الايدأمية التعايمية الترمي	
عروكس المدعة الإراس	ر الحفيظة : ١١٦٨٠١٠٦٢٧ .	
me en ele	A ()	
	خ السك : ١٤٢٥/٠١/٠٢	
	كالية عمل طيزة _ رقم الجوال (١٩١٨-١٠٥٠)	مستر السك
/3/ 3	Vicin 07-1117-11711 29-21-1	رقم قطعة
/1/	3710 Sta	
/:	حي ويد /د - ا	
	ة عن : تعليمي بالإسائيات ماديكم المؤرِّد والأدار المادة	المبتي عبار
WID P	ف اللغاء : حجمع العليمي بثلث وزياض اطفال م اللح	-43
درومد ٠٠٠ ا	كروكي الموقع عام	
ودوالأبعاد والارتدادات والبروز الستكرر	THE THREE PROPERTY.	2000
	25	
15.1	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	333
EST-2002-0888	CONTRACTOR CO.	77.03
	A STATE OF THE STA	
Y 1 ESSECUTIVE STATE	# ~ / _	. 4
رة المانك التعديد الى الكهرباء بعد النسام ١٧٤٠ من الطاء	- 9 / /	
ره: پستنگ تنفیم اس انتهریاه بعد اسام ۱۳۰۰ من اساد انقطعهٔ علی الطبیعة من آبان مکتب		1
المسلمة حتى المسيمة عن الهلا محمية البيانيان		
الساسان	بلدسى اركاف بريده	المكاب ال
W-1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	المقابيس و الإشتراطات	
وم المستمقة على الرخصة ١٩٢٨		إساحة الإر
عط إثمانية الاف واربعمانة وتسلية وعشرون رياله -		عدد الانوار
لمداد بموجب الإيصنال رائم إ		عند الرجداد
ل البيانات : عبدالله سليمان مسلح الجبيلان	, case	مسلحة للنو
التوقيع: ﴿	ه بالتور الأرضي ٢٢٢٠.١٦ ملم ه بالتور المنكور ١ د٢٢٢.١٥	
ــوس	اه بالدور المنكور ۱۰ ۲۳۲۲،۲۵ (۲۳۲۲،۲۵)	
الأوة الخدمة الشاملة :	a page of the page of	المال سا
	به طبور مر طبقي ۱۰٬۲۷۴۰۰۱۹۲ الاس	
		100







Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is an educational facility located in Al Salam district, Riyadh city, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 10,000 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 18,349.1 square meters. During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 3 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of Al Siraj Street from the south side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mixed-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as moderate due to its location near Abdulrahman Bin Awf Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Riyadh	Land Area	10,000 Sqm
District	Al Salam	Plot No.	112, 113, 114
T.D Type	Digital	Block No.	N/A
T.D Number	310146000228	Layout No.	2207
T.D Date	22/06/1443	Ownership Type	Restricted.
Owner	Baitek Al Hefdh Real-estate Co.	Limitation of Document	Mortgaged to Al Rajhi Bank.
Issued From	Ministry of Justice		
North Side	20 meters Street	East Side	15 meters Street
South Side	Parking and 15 meters street.	West Side	15 meters Street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	Layout Modification
Property Type	Educational facility
Construction Permit No.	1441/3433
Construction Permit Date	26/01/1441

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	0	5,139.16	Parking
Ground Floor	1	4,218.51	Educational
First Floor	1	4,471.51	Educational
Second Floor	1	4,407.75	Educational
Electricity Room	0	37.5	Electricity Room
Annexes	0	74.67	Services
Fences	1	285	Fences
Total BUA (sqm)		18,349.1	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

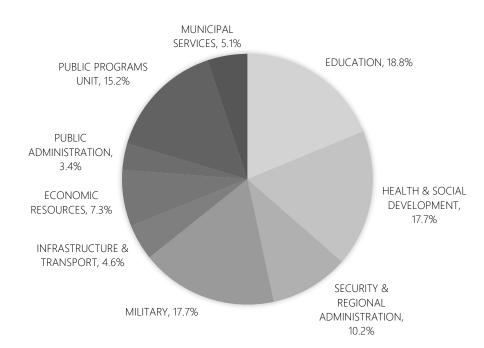
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual		Budget	Proje	ctions
Economic mulcator	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00	bn bn
Security and Regional Administration Sector	SAR 112.00	bn
Municipal Services Sector	SAR 81.00	bn
Education Sector	SAR 195.00	bn
Health and Social Development Sector	SAR 214.00	bn
Economic Resources Sector	SAR 84.00	bn
Infrastructure and Transportation Sector	SAR 38.00	bn
General Items	SAR 216.00	bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





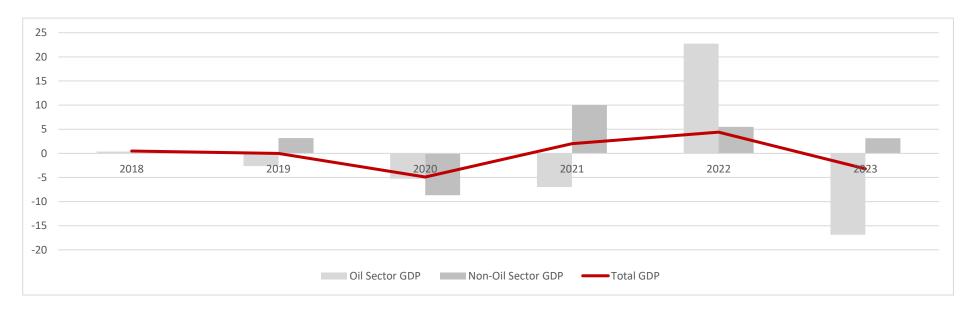
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



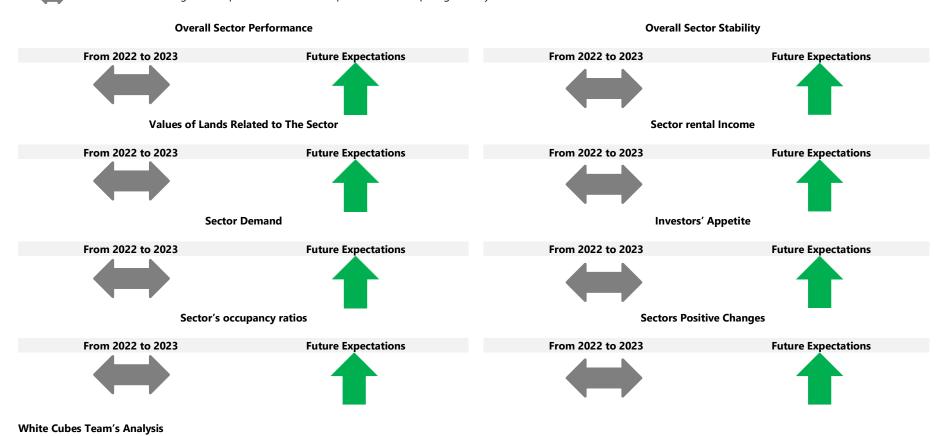


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year





2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		✓			
Occupancy Rates			✓		
Supply Rate			✓		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

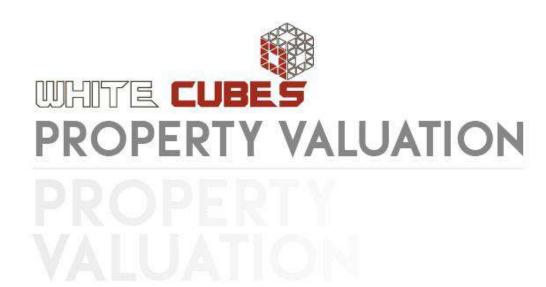
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location		✓			
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities		✓			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			✓		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	9	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach			
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method
Land						
Buildings						
Property			✓			

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses5% to 7%Operating and maintenance expenses5% to 6%General service bills expenses3% to 4%Other incidental expenses2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 0.5%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 50,500,000.00	SAR 23,000,000.00	SAR 45,000,000.00
NOI	SAR 4,040,000.00	SAR 1,840,000.00	SAR 3,600,000.00
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		
Rounded	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)								
Free-Risk rate%	%5.00	SAMA						
Inflation Rate%	%2.50	GASTAT						
Market Risk Premium%	%0.50	Trading Economics						
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50 Source	Team's experience.						
Discount Rate%	8.50%							



Cash Flow		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	12.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues									
Educational building	Unit	18,634	18,634	18,634	18,634	18,634	18,634	18,634	18,634
Rate (SAR)	SAR	195	195	231	231	231	231	231	231
Total	SAR	3,296,726	3,633,630	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678
Overall Revenues		3,296,726	3,633,630	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678
Vacancy and Credit Loss									
Educational building	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		3,296,726	3,633,630	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678	4,295,678
	_								
Expenses									
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	0.6%	20,000	22,044	26,060	26,060	26,060	26,060	26,060	26,060
Overall Expenses		20,000	22,044	26,060	26,060	26,060	26,060	26,060	26,060
NOI		3,276,726	3,611,586	4,269,617	4,269,617	4,269,617	4,269,617	4,269,617	4,269,617
Terminal Value	8.0%								53,370,218
Discount Rate	8.5%	1.00	0.92	0.85	0.78	0.72	0.67	0.61	0.56
Present Value		3,276,726	3,328,651	3,626,849	3,342,718	3,080,846	2,839,490	2,617,041	32,562,262
Net Present Value									54,700,000



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Property Value: SAR 54,700,000.00

Fifty-Four Million Seven Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini President Nabeel M. Al Husaini CEO **Farah E. Al Husaini** Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer **WHITECUBES Stamp**

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Contract of the contract of th

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210002782 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

5 Title deed and Construction Permit











Property and Location Description

1.1 Property Description

The subject property is a medical facility located in Al Fayha district, Sharjah city, UAE. The property's title deed and construction permit documents confirm a total land area of 6,033.2 square meters and a total built-up area (BUA) of 16,757.87 square meters.

During our site inspection conducted for the purpose of valuation, it was observed that the property is open on 4 sides, allowing ample natural light and ventilation. Notably, the property offers a direct view of on Al Kuwait Street from the north side, enhancing its desirability and potential accessibility.

1.2 Surrounding Area

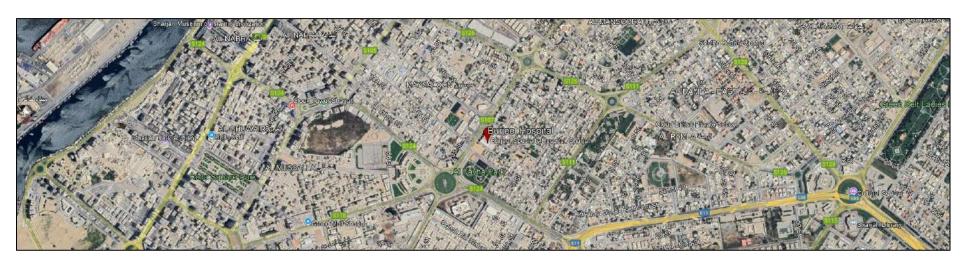
The subject property is primarily surrounded by residential and mixed-use buildings, adding to its appeal and potential opportunities.

1.3 Ease of Access

The access level of the subject property is classified as high due to its location on Al Kuwait Road.

1.4 Infrastructure

All the infrastructural facilities are available in the surroundings and connected to the subject property.





1.5 Title Deed and Ownership

The client has provided us with a copy of the title deeds pertaining to the subject property, which is jointly owned by one title deeds. Here are the details of the subject property:

City	Sharjah	Land Area	6,033.2 Sqm
District	Al Faihaa- Al Sharq	Plot No.	853
T.D Type	Electronic	Block No.	5
T.D Number	2936	Layout No.	N/A
T.D Date	03/02/2022	Ownership Type	Freehold.
Owner	Roken Al Maather Limited Co.	Limitation of Document	N/A
Issued From	Real Estate Registration Directorate		
North Side	12.2 meters street	East Side	12.2 meters street
South Side	12.2 meters street	West Side	36.6 meters street

Note: The client has provided us with a copy of the Title Deed which was assumed to be correct and authentic. It is not in our scope to run legal diagnosis on any legal document.



1.6 Construction and Buildings

The building permit indicates the maximum permissible BUA approved by the city municipality. However, the actual area may differ from the area mentioned in the building permit. Therefore, the Client has provided us with a copy of the Construction Permit with the below details:

Construction Permit Type	Addition
Property Type	Medical Facility
Construction Permit No.	381/2013
Construction Permit Date	17/11/2016

Description	No. of Units	Area (sqm)	Use
Basement	-	5,555.89	-
Ground Floor	-	5,517.02	-
First Floor	_	5,464.05	-
Annexes	-	220.91	-
Total BUA (sqm)		16,757.87	



1.7 Photographs of the Subject Property

















Market Indicators

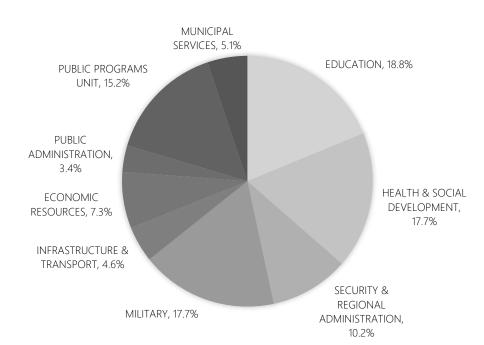
2.1 Saudi Arabia Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	Actual	Budget	Budget	Projections	
Economic indicator	2022	2023	2024	2025 1,227 1,300 -73 1176 5.70% 4,494 2.10%	2026
Total Revenue	1,268	1,130	1,172	1,227	1,259
Total Expenses	1,164	1,114	1,251	1,300	1,368
Budget Surplus	104	16	-79	-73	-109
Debt	990	951	1103	1176	1285
GDP growth	8.70%	0.03%	4.40%	5.70%	5.10%
Nominal GDP	4,157	4,136	4,261	4,494	4,774
Inflation	2.50%	2.60%	2.20%	2.10%	1.90%

2.2 Budget Allocation for 2023

Public Administration Sector Military Sector Security and Regional Administration Sector Municipal Services Sector Education Sector	SAR 43.00 SAR 269.00 SAR 112.00 SAR 81.00 SAR 195.00	bn bn bn bn
Health and Social Development Sector Economic Resources Sector Infrastructure and Transportation Sector General Items	SAR 214.00 SAR 84.00 SAR 38.00 SAR 216.00	bn bn bn bn

Source: Ministry of Finance





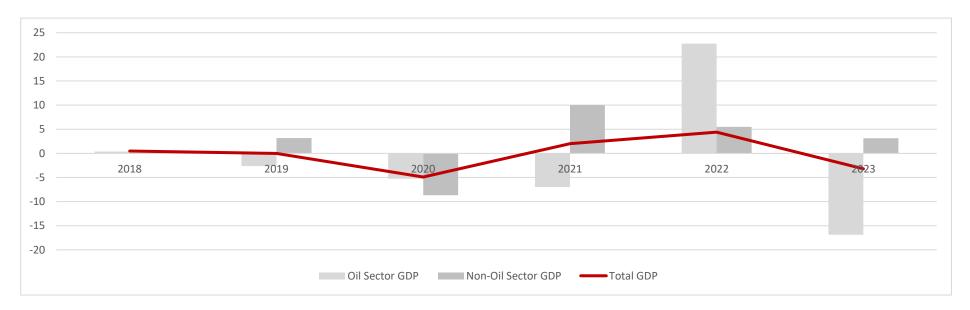
2.3 Real Estate Market Overview 2023

Macroeconomic Overview

- Saudi Arabia s GDP growth for 2023 has been downgraded to 0.4%, down from the previous forecast of 1.1%.
- Initial data for GDP growth in the year to Q3 2023 indicates that headline GDP has decreased by 4.5%, underpinned by a 17.3% decrease in oil-GDP, whereas non-oil grew by 3.6%.
- Saudi Arabia s unemployment rate dropped to 4.9% as at Q2 2023.

Saudi Arabia s GDP is projected to grow by 0.4% in 2023, where oil GDP expected to drop by 5.6%. Whilst the downgrades in growth forecasts have been underpinned by a weaker oil sector, Saudi Arabia s non-oil and government sector are expected to support headline growth with forecasts indicating growth rates of 5.1% and 2.6% in 2023 respectively.

In September 2023, Saudi Arabia s Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) rebounded from two consecutive months of softer growth to record a reading of 57.2. This has been achieved through increased business activity, new orders and output, higher purchasing levels and improvements in delivery times by suppliers. On the downside, higher wages and material prices are leading to increased input costs.



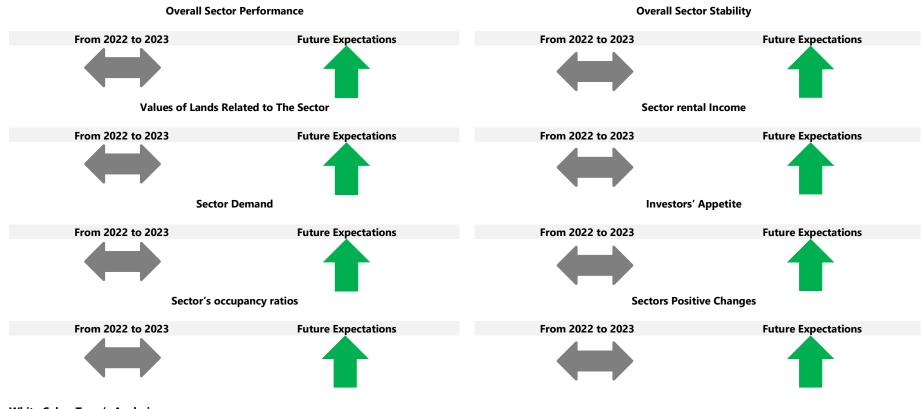


2.4 Sector Brief

In the following we will insert general information about the real estate sector related to the property subject of our valuation and which is intended to give an initial indication of the sector. These information and indicators are estimated based on our experience, the current sector performance and some other historical data collected from our side, In addition to some current economic changes in general.



Indicator showing a decrease in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing an increase in the current performance comparing to last year Indicator showing a stable position in the current performance comparing to last year



White Cubes Team's Analysis



2.5 Risk Analysis

- Sector Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-6	Minimal Risk (2) 8-12	Medium Risk (3) 13-18	Elevated Risk (4) 19-24	Very High Risk (5) 25-30
Overall, Economy			✓		
Sector Current Performance			✓		
Sector Future Performance		✓			
Occupancy Rates			✓		
Supply Rate			✓		
Demand Rate			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	15	0	0

Risk Category 17 Risk Points - Medium Risk

-Land Analysis

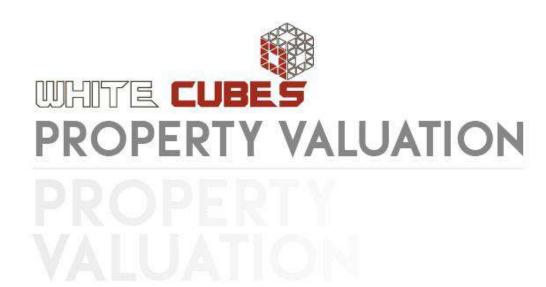
Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-5	Minimal Risk (2) 6-10	Medium Risk (3) 11-15	Elevated Risk (4) 16-20	Very High Risk (5) 21-25
Access			✓		
Location		✓			
Land Shape			✓		
Surrounding Area facilities		✓			
Total Risk	0	4	6	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points – Minimal Risk

-Property Analysis

Risk Factor	Very Low Risk (1) 1-3	Minimal Risk (2) 4-6	Medium Risk (3) 7-9	Elevated Risk (4) 10-12	Very High Risk (5) 13-15
Facilities & Amenities			✓		
Management Skills			✓		
Overall Condition			✓		
Total Risk	0	2	9	0	0

Risk Category 8 Risk Points - Medium Risk





Property Valuation

3.1 Valuation Methods

With reference to the valuation purpose, taking into consideration the nature of the subject property, we will use the following ticked methods to estimate the fair value of the subject property:

	Market Approach	Cost Approach	Income Approach					
	Comparable method	DRC method	DCF method	Invest. method	Cap. Rate method	RLV method		
Land								
Buildings								
Property			✓					

Discounted Cash Flows

It is a financial method for estimating the value of a financial or real asset. The value indicator is derived by calculating the present value of future cash flows. This method has long been used by accountants and financial institutions as well as for real estate appraisal purposes. With the increasing overlapping of the tasks of the different professionals working in the management and evaluation of investments, this method has gradually become recognized as a deliberate method of real estate evaluation since the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. According to the International Valuation Standards, the discounted cash flow method falls under the income method.

The valuation method based on discounted cash flows depends on anticipating the future income of the subject asset. The steps of the discounted cash flow method can be summarized as follows:

- Estimating the future cash flows resulting from the income of the subject asset.
- Determine the discount rate or the required rate of return.
- Determine the period of holding the asset and the final value.
- Calculating the present value of the expected income of the subject asset to arrive at the capital value of the property (after considering the time value of money).



3.2 Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF)

Analysis of Operating and Maintenance Expenses

The operating expenses of comparable properties reached between 15% to 20% of the total expected income for the property. These ratios depend on the condition and quality of the property and the type of services and public facilities available in the property itself. These ratios are divided into several main categories as follows:

Management expenses 5% to 7%
Operating and maintenance expenses 5% to 6%
General service bills expenses 3% to 4%
Other incidental expenses 2% to 3%

Property Operation and Maintenance Expenses

The client has provided us with detailed information regarding the maintenance and operational costs of the project. Based on the provided data, we will utilize an OPEX (operating expenses) rate of 0%, which will be calculated based on the total revenues of the property. This rate has been determined by considering factors such as the condition and quality of the property, as well as the type of services and public facilities available within the property itself.

Market Capitalization Rate Analysis

Based on recent transactions of real estate properties and funds, the average capitalization rate of acquiring such property falls in the range of 7% to 8%. This average is mainly driven by several factors such as the quality of the building, finishing materials, the general location, ease of access, actual age of the property, size of the project, and the extent of income stability in it. In addition to the above, the capitalization rates are also affected directly by the supply and demand rates for the same type of real estate.



The Capitalization Rate Used for the Valuation

The capitalization rate used in the valuation was determined based on market research, which revealed a range of 7% to 9%. Considering the specific characteristics of the property and after evaluating comparable properties, a capitalization rate of 8.0% was deemed reasonable. This rate represents the expected return the property is anticipated to generate at the end of the period. It will be applied to the net operating income of the property during the valuation process.

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Sale Price	SAR 90,000,000.00	SAR 85,000,000.00	SAR 110,000,000.00
NOI	SAR 7,200,000.00	SAR 6,800,000.00	SAR 8,800,000.00
Cap Rate	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Average Cap Rate	8.00%		
Rounded	8.00%		

Estimated the Discount Rate of Cash Flows

In order to estimate the discount rate employed in the cash flow method, we will utilize The Build-Up Model. This model involves calculating various risk factors associated with the real estate industry to determine the present value of future cash flows. The estimation of the applicable risk rates takes into account the latest developments in the real estate market.

	Discount Rate% (The Build-Up Model)	
Free-Risk rate%	%5.00	SAMA
Inflation Rate%	%2.00	GASTAT
Market Risk Premium%	%0.50	Trading Economics
Company-specific Risk Premium %	%0.50 So	urce Team's experience.
Discount Rate%	8.00%	



		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Cash Flow		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%
Expected Revenues										
Total	SAR	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	9,180,000
Overall Revenues		8,160,000	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	9,180,000
Vacancy and Credit Loss										
#REF!	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		8,160,000	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	9,180,000
	•									
Expenses										
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NOI		8,160,000	8,160,000	8,160,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	8,670,000	9,180,000
Terminal Value	8.0%									
Discount Rate	8.0%	1.00	0.93	0.86	0.79	0.74	0.68	0.63	0.58	0.54
Present Value		8,160,000	7,555,556	6,995,885	6,882,526	6,372,709	5,900,656	5,463,571	5,058,862	4,959,668
Net Present Value	SAR									
Net Present Value	AED									



Cash Flow		2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041
		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Inflation		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expected Revenues										
Total	SAR	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000
Overall Revenues		9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000
	•									
Vacancy and Credit Loss										
#REF!	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effective Rental Income		9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000
	_									
Expenses										
CapEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OpEx	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overall Expenses		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NOI		9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,180,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000	9,690,000
Terminal Value	8.0%									121,125,000
Discount Rate	8.0%	0.50	0.46	0.43	0.40	0.37	0.34	0.32	0.29	0.27
Present Value		4,592,286	4,252,116	3,937,145	3,645,504	3,562,993	3,299,067	3,054,692	2,828,419	35,355,233
Net Present Value	SAR									121,900,000
Net Present Value	AED									119,137,207



3.3 Subject Property Value

Based on our analysis utilizing the discounted cash flow (DCF) method and considering the intended purpose of valuation, we have reached the conclusion that the total fair value of the subject property is as follows:

Value in AED: AED 119,100,000.00 SAR 121,900,000.00

Property Value:
One Hundred Twenty-One Million Nine Hundred Thousand Saudi Riyals.

3.4 Accredited Valuers

Essam M. Al Husaini
President

Nabeel M. Al Husaini

Farah E. Al Husaini Valuation Manager Mohammed I. Al Assem Valuer

em WHITECUBES Stamp

A

Fellow Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210000474 Member of (RE Valuation)

License No. 1210002782

Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210001964 Member of (RE Valuation) License No. 1210003754



3.5 Conclusion

In conclusion, this evaluation report offers a comprehensive assessment of the subject property's value, considering pertinent factors and adhering to established valuation standards. The information contained in this report is confidential and intended exclusively for the client's review and consideration. Reproduction or distribution of this report necessitates written consent from the valuer.

It is important to note that the value presented in this report is based on the available information and professional expertise. However, it is subject to limitations and external factors that may influence the property's value.





Documents Received

5 Title deed and Construction Permit





5.1 Real Estate Valuation License



